

Sparksee

6.0.2

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1 Module Index

1.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

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2 Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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3 Class Index

3.1 Class List

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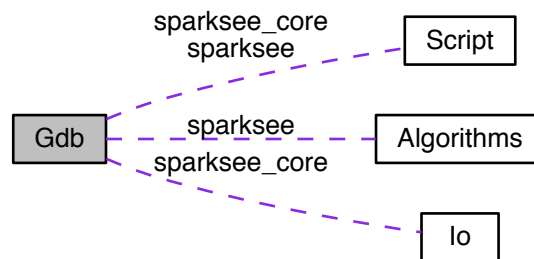
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4 Module Documentation

4.1 Gdb

Collaboration diagram for Gdb:



Files

- file [common.h](#)
It contains common includes and definitions as well as set basic data types and enumerations.
- file [Database.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Database](#) class as well as some other related classes.
- file [Exception.h](#)
It contains a hierarchy of exceptions.
- file [Export.h](#)
It contains the declaration of [ExportManager](#) interface and [GraphExport](#), [NodeExport](#), etc classes.
- file [Graph.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Graph](#) class.
- file [Graph_data.h](#)
It contains the definition of some [Graph](#)-related classes.
- file [Handler.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Handler](#) class.
- file [Values.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Values](#) class.
- file [Objects.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Object](#) class.
- file [ObjectsIterator.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ObjectsIterator](#) class.
- file [Query.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Query](#) class.
- file [QueryContext.h](#)
It contains the definition of [QueryContext](#) class.
- file [ResultSet.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ResultSet](#) class.
- file [Session.h](#)

- It contains the definition of [Session](#) class.*
- file [Sparksee.h](#)
It contains the declaration of [Sparksee](#) class.
- file [SparkseeConfig.h](#)
It contains the declaration of [SparkseeProperties](#) and [SparkseeConfig](#) classes.
- file [Stream.h](#)
It contains the definition of stream classes.
- file [Value.h](#)
It contains the definitio of [Value](#) class.
- file [ValueArray.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ValueArray](#) classes.
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It contains the definition of [Values](#) class.
- file [ValuesIterator.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ValuesIterator](#) class.

Classes

- class [PlatformStatistics](#)
[Platform](#) data and statistics.
- class [Platform](#)
[Platform](#) class.
- class [DatabaseStatistics](#)
[Database](#) statistics.
- class [Database](#)
[Database](#) class.
- class [Exception](#)
[Exception](#) class.
- class [IOException](#)
[IO](#) exception class.
- class [FileNotFoundException](#)
[File not found](#) exception class.
- class [NoSuchElementException](#)
[No such element](#) exception class.
- class [Error](#)
[Error](#) class.
- class [SystemError](#)
[System](#) error class.
- class [AppError](#)
[Application](#) error class.
- class [WrongArgumentError](#)
[Wrong argument](#) error class.
- class [IOError](#)
[IO](#) error class.
- class [LicenseError](#)
[License](#) error class.
- class [UnsupportedOperationError](#)
[Unsupported operation](#) error class.
- class [QueryException](#)
[Query](#) exception class.

- class [EncryptionError](#)
Wrong encryption arguments error class.
- class [GraphExport](#)
Stores the graph exporting values.
- class [NodeExport](#)
Stores the node exporting values.
- class [EdgeExport](#)
Stores edge exporting values.
- class [ExportManager](#)
Defines how to export a graph to an external format.
- class [DefaultExport](#)
Default implementation for [ExportManager](#) class.
- class [Graph](#)
[Graph](#) class.
- class [Type](#)
[Type](#) data class.
- class [TypeList](#)
[Sparksee](#) type identifier list.
- class [TypeListIterator](#)
[TypeList](#) iterator class.
- class [Attribute](#)
[Attribute](#) data class.
- class [AttributeList](#)
[Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.
- class [AttributeListIterator](#)
[AttributeList](#) iterator class.
- class [OIDList](#)
[Sparksee](#) object identifier list.
- class [OIDListIterator](#)
[OIDList](#) iterator class.
- class [AttributeStatistics](#)
[Attribute](#) statistics class.
- class [EdgeData](#)
Edge data class.
- class [StringList](#)
String list.
- class [StringListIterator](#)
[StringList](#) iterator class.
- class [BooleanList](#)
Boolean list.
- class [BooleanListIterator](#)
[BooleanList](#) iterator class.
- class [Int32List](#)
[Sparksee](#) 32-bit signed integer list.
- class [Int32ListIterator](#)
[Int32List](#) iterator class.
- class [Handler< T >](#)
Handles a reference.
- class [KeyValue](#)
- class [KeyValues](#)
[Value](#) set class.

- class [Objects](#)
Object identifier set class.
- class [ObjectsIterator](#)
ObjectsIterator class.
- class [QueryStream](#)
Query stream interface.
- class [Query](#)
Query class.
- class [QueryContext](#)
Query context interface.
- class [ResultSet](#)
ResultSet class.
- class [ResultSetList](#)
ResultSet list.
- class [ResultSetListIterator](#)
ResultSetList iterator class.
- class [Session](#)
Session class.
- class [Sparksee](#)
Sparksee class.
- class [SparkseeProperties](#)
Sparksee properties file.
- class [SparkseeConfig](#)
Sparksee configuration class.
- class [TextStream](#)
TextStream class.
- class [Value](#)
Value class.
- class [ValueList](#)
Value list.
- class [ValueListIterator](#)
ValueList iterator class.
- class [ValueArray](#)
ValueArray class.
- class [Values](#)
Value set class.
- class [ValuesIterator](#)
Values iterator class.

Macros

- `#define BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE namespace sparksee {`
Beginning macro for the sparksee namespace.
- `#define END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE }`
Ending macro for the sparksee namespace.
- `#define BEGIN_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE namespace gdb {`
Beginning macro for the sparksee::gdb namespace.
- `#define END_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE }`
Ending macro for the sparksee::gdb namespace.
- `#define BEGIN_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE namespace io {`

- Beginning macro for the sparksee::io namespace.*

 - #define `END_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` }

Ending macro for the sparksee::io namespace.
- #define `BEGIN_SPARKSEE_SCRIPT_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` namespace script {

Beginning macro for the sparksee::script namespace.

 - #define `END_SPARKSEE_SCRIPT_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` }

Ending macro for the sparksee::script namespace.
- #define `BEGIN_SPARKSEE_ALGORITHMS_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` namespace algorithms {

Beginning macro for the sparksee::algorithms namespace.

 - #define `END_SPARKSEE_ALGORITHMS_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` }

Ending macro for the sparksee::algorithms namespace.
- #define `BEGIN_SPARKSEE_TEST_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` namespace test {

Beginning macro for the sparksee::test namespace.

 - #define `END_SPARKSEE_TEST_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` }

Ending macro for the sparksee::test namespace.
- #define `BEGIN_SPARKSEE_QUERY_STREAMS_NAMESPACE BEGIN_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` namespace query_streams {

Beginning macro for the sparksee::algorithms namespace.

 - #define `END_SPARKSEE_QUERY_STREAMS_NAMESPACE END_SPARKSEE_NAMESPACE` }

Ending macro for the sparksee::query_streams namespace.

Typedefs

- typedef bool `bool_t`
Boolean type.
- typedef char `char_t`
Character type.
- typedef wchar_t `uchar_t`
Unicode character type.
- typedef signed int `int32_t`
32-bit signed integer type.
- typedef signed long long `int64_t`
64-bit signed integer type.
- typedef double `double64_t`
64-bit double type.
- typedef `int32_t` `type_t`
Graph node or edge type type.
- typedef `int32_t` `attr_t`
Graph attribute type.
- typedef `int64_t` `oid_t`
Graph OID type.
- typedef `int32_t` `ColorRGB`
Color codified as RGB 32-bit int.
- typedef void(* `SPARKSEE_UNRECOVERABLE_ERR_CALLBACK`) (`UnrecoverableError` error)
Signature of callback functions to call after UnrecoverableErrors are triggered.

Enumerations

Functions

- `std::wostream & operator<<` (`std::wostream &wostrm`, `const enum DataType &dt`)
Easy STL printing operator redefinition.
- `std::wostream & operator<<` (`std::wostream &wostrm`, `const enum AttributeKind &ak`)
Easy STL printing operator redefinition.

Variables

- `BEGIN_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE` typedef unsigned char `byte_t`
Byte type.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

4.1.2 Typedef Documentation

4.1.2.1 typedef int32_t ColorRGB

Color codified as RGB 32-bit int.

Bits 24-31 are alpha, 16-23 are red, 8-15 are green, 0-7 are blue.

4.1.2.2 typedef void(* SPARKSEE_UNRECOVERABLE_ERR_CALLBACK) (UnrecoverableError error)

Signature of callback functions to call after UnrecoverableErrors are triggered.

Parameters

<i>The</i>	type of UnrecoverableError that triggered the callback
------------	--

4.1.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

4.1.3.1 enum AttributeKind

`Attribute` kind enumeration.

It determines the indexing-capabilities of an attribute.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Basic Basic attribute (non indexed attribute).

Indexed Indexed attribute.

Unique Unique attribute (indexed + unique restriction). Unique restriction sets two objects cannot have the same value for an attribute but NULL.

4.1.3.2 enum Condition

Condition operators enumeration.

It is mainly used in the attribute-based graph select operations.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Equal Equal condition (==). Null values can be used together with this condition to retrieve all objects having a null value for an attribute.

GreaterEqual Greater or equal condition (>=). Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

GreaterThan Greater than condition (>). Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

LessEqual Less or equal condition (<=). Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

LessThan Less than condition (<). Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

NotEqual Not equal condition (!=). Null values can be used together with this condition to retrieve all objects having a non-null value for an attribute.

Like Substring condition. Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

This condition can just be used together with String values. It allows for searching substrings (case sensitive). Ex:

```
'AAABBBCCCD' Like 'BBB'    returns TRUE
'AAABBBCCCD' Like 'bbb'    returns FALSE
'AAABBBCCCD' Like 'E'     returns FALSE
```

LikeNoCase Substring (no case sensitive) condition. Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

This condition can just be used together with String values. It allows for searching substrings (no case sensitive). Ex:

```
'AAABBBCCCD' LikeNoCase 'BBB'    returns TRUE
'AAABBBCCCD' LikeNoCase 'bbb'    returns TRUE
'AAABBBCCCD' LikeNoCase 'E'     returns FALSE
```

Between In range operator condition ([x,y]). Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

RegExp Regular expression condition. Null values cannot be used together with this condition.

This condition can just be used together with String values.

Regular expression format conforms most of the POSIX Extended Regular Expressions so it is case sensitive.

See the 'Regular expressions' section in the 'SPARKSEE User Manual' for details.

4.1.3.3 enum DataType

Data type (domain) enumeration.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Boolean Boolean data type.

Integer 32-bit signed integer data type.

Long 64-bit signed integer data type.

Double 64-bit signed double data type.

Timestamp Distance from Epoch (UTC) time in milliseconds precision. It just works properly with timestamps in the range ['1970-01-01 00:00:01' UTC, '2038-01-19 03:14:07' UTC].

String Unicode string data type. 2048 characters maximum length.

Text Large unicode character object (CLOB) data type.

See also

[TextStream](#)

OID Object identifier (OID) data type.

4.1.3.4 enum EdgesDirection

Edges direction enumeration.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Ingoing In-going edges.

Outgoing Out-going edges.

Any In-going or out-going edges.

4.1.3.5 enum ExportType

Export type.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Graphviz Export to Graphviz format. Graphviz home page: <http://www.graphviz.org>

GraphML Export to GraphML format. GraphML home page: <http://graphml.graphdrawing.org/>

YGraphML Export to YGRAPHML format. It is an GraphML format extended with a set of yWorks ("http://www.yworks.com") extensions. Thus, it allows for the visualization of the exported graph with the public yEd visualization tool ("http://www.yworks.com/products/yed").

4.1.3.6 enum LogLevel

Log level enumeration.

Log level priority order is as follows, from minimum to maximum log information: Off (log is disabled), Severe, Warning, Info, Config, Fine, Debug.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Off Disable log.

Severe Severe log level. This is the lower log level, just errors are shown.

Warning Warning log level. Errors and warnings are shown.

Info Info log level. Errors, warnings and information messages are shown.

Config Config log level. Errors, warnings, information messages and configuration details of the different components are shown.

Fine Fine log level. This is the higher and finest public log level, everything is dumped to the log.

Debug Debug log level. This is for [Sparksee](#) development purposes and just works with debug versions of the library.

4.1.3.7 enum MissingEndpoint

The policy to follow whenever and edge endpoint is missing during a loading.

Enumerator

IsError Throw an error.

Create Create the endpoint.

Ignore Ignore the edge.

4.1.3.8 enum NodeShape

Node shape.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Box Box shape.

Round Round shape.

4.1.3.9 enum ObjectType

Object type enumeration.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Node Node object type.

Edge Edge object type.

4.1.3.10 enum Order

Order enumeration.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

Enumerator

Ascendent From lower to higher.

Descendent From higher to lower.

4.1.3.11 enum QueryLanguage

The supported query languages.

Enumerator

SparkseeAlgebra The internal [Sparksee](#) Algebra.

SparkseeCypher The [Sparksee](#) Cypher Language inspired by the OpenCypher [Query](#) Language.

4.1.3.12 enum UnrecoverableError

Enum representing unrecoverable errors.

Enumerator

SystemCallError [Error](#) triggered due to an unrecoverable error detected during a system call in the [Sparksee](#) core.

InvalidChecksum [Error](#) triggered after detecting an invalid checksum during reading data from an I/O device.

4.1.4 Function Documentation

4.1.4.1 std::wostream& operator<< (std::wostream & wostrm, const enum DataType & dt)

Easy STL printing operator redefinition.

It allows to do: ... << sparksee::gdb::String << ...

Parameters

<i>wostrm</i>	A widechar oputput stream
<i>dt</i>	[in] An DataType.

Returns

Returns the widechar output stream with the DataType written.

4.1.4.2 std::wostream& operator<< (std::wostream & wostrm, const enum AttributeKind & ak)

Easy STL printing operator redefinition.

It allows to do: ... << sparksee::gdb::Basic << ...

Parameters

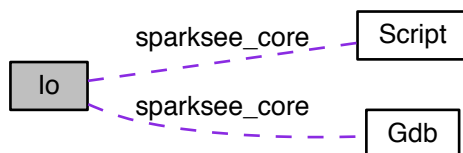
<i>wostrm</i>	A widechar oputput stream
<i>ak</i>	[in] An attribute kind.

Returns

Returns the widechar output stream with the AttributeKind written.

4.2 Io

Collaboration diagram for Io:



Files

- file [TypeLoader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [TypeLoader](#) classes.
- file [CSVReader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [CSVReader](#) class.
- file [CSVWriter.h](#)
It contains the definition of [CSVWriter](#) class.
- file [EdgeTypeExporter.h](#)
It contains the definition of [EdgeTypeExporter](#) class.
- file [EdgeTypeLoader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [EdgeTypeLoader](#) class.
- file [NodeTypeExporter.h](#)
It contains the definition of [NodeTypeExporter](#) class.
- file [NodeTypeLoader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [NodeTypeLoader](#) class.
- file [RowReader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [RowReader](#) interface.
- file [RowWriter.h](#)
It contains the definition of [RowWriter](#) interface.
- file [TypeExporter.h](#)
It contains the definition of [TypeExporter](#) classes.
- file [TypeLoader.h](#)
It contains the definition of [TypeLoader](#) classes.

Classes

- class [BulkLoader](#)
Base [TypeLoader](#) class.
- class [CSVReader](#)
[CSVReader](#) interface.
- class [CSVWriter](#)
[CSVWriter](#) interface.
- class [EdgeTypeExporter](#)

- *EdgeTypeExporter* class.
- class `EdgeTypeLoader`
EdgeTypeLoader class.
- class `NodeTypeExporter`
NodeTypeExporter class.
- class `NodeTypeLoader`
NodeTypeLoader class.
- class `RowReader`
RowReader interface.
- class `RowWriter`
RowWriter interface.
- class `TypeExporterEvent`
Provides information about the progress of an TypeExproter instance.
- class `TypeExporterListener`
Interface to be implemented to receive TypeExporterEvent events from a TypeExporter.
- class `TypeExporter`
Base TypeExporter class.
- class `TypeLoaderEvent`
Provides information about the progress of a TypeLoader instance.
- class `TypeLoaderListener`
Interface to be implemented to receive TypeLoaderEvent events from a TypeLoader.
- class `TypeLoader`
Base TypeLoader class.

Functions

- `std::wostream & operator<<` (`std::wostream &wostrm`, `const TypeExporterEvent &ev`)
Easy STL printing operator redefinition.
- `std::wostream & operator<<` (`std::wostream &wostrm`, `const TypeLoaderEvent &ev`)
Output Stream TypeLoaderEvent operator definition.
- `sparksee::gdb::type_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTypeId` () const
Gets the type identifier.
- `sparksee::gdb::int64_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetCount` () const
Gets the current number of objects created.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetPhase` () const
Gets the current phase.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPhases` () const
Gets the total number of phases.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetPartition` () const
Gets the current partition.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPartitions` () const
Gets the total number of partitions.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPartitionSteps` () const
Gets the total number of steps in the current partition.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeLoaderEvent::IsLast` () const
Gets if this is the last event or not.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 `sparksee::gdb::int64_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetCount () const [inline]`

Gets the current number of objects created.

Returns

The current number of objects created.

4.2.2.2 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetPartition () const [inline]`

Gets the current partition.

Returns

The current partition.

4.2.2.3 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetPhase () const [inline]`

Gets the current phase.

Returns

The current phase.

4.2.2.4 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPartitions () const [inline]`

Gets the total number of partitions.

Returns

The total number of partitions.

4.2.2.5 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPartitionSteps () const [inline]`

Gets the total number of steps in the current partition.

Returns

The total number steps in the current partition.

4.2.2.6 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTotalPhases () const [inline]`

Gets the total number of phases.

Returns

The total number of phases.

4.2.2.7 `sparksee::gdb::type_t TypeLoaderEvent::GetTypeId () const` [inline]

Gets the type identifier.

Returns

The type identifier.

4.2.2.8 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeLoaderEvent::IsLast () const` [inline]

Gets if this is the last event or not.

Returns

TRUE if this is the last event, FALSE otherwise.

References `END_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE`.

4.2.2.9 `std::wostream& operator<< (std::wostream & wostrm, const TypeLoaderEvent & ev)`

Output Stream [TypeLoaderEvent](#) operator definition.

Parameters

<i>wostrm</i>	The stream to print to
<i>ev</i>	The TypeLoaderEvent to print

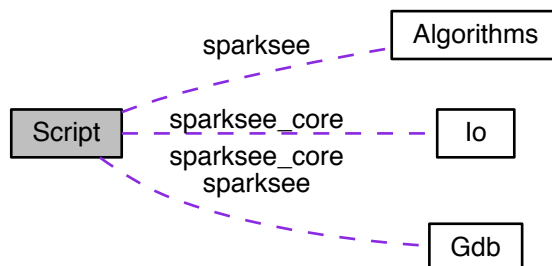
Returns

A reference to the stream

Referenced by `TypeLoaderEvent::~~TypeLoaderEvent()`.

4.3 Script

Collaboration diagram for Script:



Files

- file [ScriptParser.h](#)
It contains the declaration of [ScriptParser](#) class.

Classes

- class [ScriptParser](#)
[ScriptParser](#).

Functions

- `std::wostream & operator<< (std::wostream &wostrm, const enum ScriptParserState &state)`
Easy STL printing operator redefinition.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

4.3.2 Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 `std::wostream& operator<< (std::wostream & wostrm, const enum ScriptParserState & state)`

Easy STL printing operator redefinition.

It allows to do: ... << sparksee::script::SyntaxError << ...

Parameters

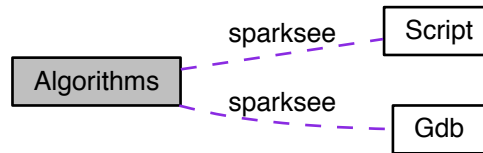
<i>wostrm</i>	A widechar oputput stream
<i>state</i>	[in] A ScriptParserState.

Returns

Returns the widechar output stream with the ScriptParserState written.

4.4 Algorithms

Collaboration diagram for Algorithms:



Files

- file [CommunitiesSCD.h](#)
It contains the definition of [CommunitiesSCD](#) class.
- file [CommunityDetection.h](#)
It contains the definition of [CommunityDetection](#) class.
- file [ConnectedComponents.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ConnectedComponents](#) class.
- file [Connectivity.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Connectivity](#) class.
- file [Context.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Context](#) class.
- file [DisjointCommunities.h](#)
It contains the definition of [DisjointCommunities](#) class.
- file [DisjointCommunityDetection.h](#)
It contains the definition of [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) class.
- file [KOpt.h](#)
It contains the definition of [KOpt](#) class.
- file [PageRank.h](#)
It contains the definition of [PageRank](#) class.
- file [RandomWalk.h](#)
It contains the definition of [RandomWalk](#) class.
- file [ShortestPath.h](#)
It contains the definition of [ShortestPath](#) class.
- file [SinglePairShortestPath.h](#)
It contains the definition of [SinglePairShortestPath](#) class.
- file [SinglePairShortestPathBFS.h](#)
It contains the definition of [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#) class.
- file [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra.h](#)
It contains the definition of [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#) class.
- file [StrongConnectivity.h](#)
It contains the definition of [StrongConnectivity](#) class.
- file [StrongConnectivityGabow.h](#)
It contains the definition of [StrongConnectivityGabow](#) class.

- file [Traversal.h](#)
It contains the definition of [Traversal](#) class.
- file [TraversalBFS.h](#)
It contains the definition of [TraversalBFS](#) class.
- file [TraversalDFS.h](#)
It contains the definition of [TraversalDFS](#) class.
- file [WeakConnectivity.h](#)
It contains the definition of [WeakConnectivity](#) class.
- file [WeakConnectivityDFS.h](#)
It contains the definition of [WeakConnectivityDFS](#) class.

Classes

- class [CommunitiesSCD](#)
[CommunitiesSCD](#) class.
- class [CommunityDetection](#)
[CommunityDetection](#) class.
- class [ConnectedComponents](#)
[ConnectedComponents](#) class.
- class [Connectivity](#)
[Connectivity](#) class.
- class [Context](#)
[Context](#) class.
- class [DisjointCommunities](#)
[DisjointCommunities](#) class.
- class [DisjointCommunityDetection](#)
[DisjointCommunityDetection](#) class.
- class [KOpt](#)
[KOpt](#) class.
- class [PageRank](#)
[PageRank](#) class.
- class [RandomWalk](#)
[RandomWalk](#) class.
- class [ShortestPath](#)
[ShortestPath](#) class.
- class [SinglePairShortestPath](#)
[SinglePairShortestPath](#) class.
- class [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#)
[SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#) class.
- class [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstraDynamicCost](#)
Defines how to calculate an edge weight.
- class [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#)
[SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#) class.
- class [StrongConnectivity](#)
[StrongConnectivity](#) class.
- class [StrongConnectivityGabow](#)
*This class can be used to solve the problem of finding strongly connected components in a **directed** graph.*
- class [Traversal](#)
[Traversal](#) class.
- class [TraversalBFS](#)

- *Breadth-First Search implementation of [Traversal](#).*
- class [TraversalDFS](#)
Depth-First Search (DFS) implementation of [Traversal](#).
- class [WeakConnectivity](#)
[WeakConnectivity](#) class.
- class [WeakConnectivityDFS](#)
[WeakConnectivityDFS](#) class.

Functions

- [KOpt::KOpt](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session)
Creates a new instance.
- [KOpt::KOpt](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, sparksee::gdb::OIDList &tour)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [KOpt::~KOpt](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [KOpt::AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- void [KOpt::AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- void [KOpt::AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- void [KOpt::AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- void [KOpt::SetEdgeWeightAttributeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.
- double [KOpt::GetCurrentCost](#) () const
Returns tour cost.
- sparksee::gdb::OIDList * [KOpt::GetCurrentTour](#) ()
Returns tour as a list of nodes.
- void [KOpt::SetCurrentTour](#) (sparksee::gdb::OIDList &tour)
Sets current tour as a list of nodes.
- void [KOpt::SetMaxIterations](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t maxIterations)
Sets maximum number of iterations.
- void [KOpt::SetTimeLimit](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t maxTime)
Limits execution time.
- void [KOpt::RunTwoOpt](#) ()
Runs 2-Opt local search.
- void [KOpt::RunThreeOpt](#) ()
Runs 3-Opt local search.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

4.4.2 Function Documentation

4.4.2.1 void [KOpt::AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

4.4.2.2 void KOpt::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection *dir*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

If the edge type was already added, the existing direction is overwritten

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

4.4.2.3 void KOpt::AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Node type.
-------------	-----------------

Exceptions

sparksee::gdb::Error	
----------------------	--

4.4.2.4 KOpt::KOpt (sparksee::gdb::Session & *session*) [explicit]

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform algorithm.
----------------	---

4.4.2.5 KOpt::KOpt (sparksee::gdb::Session & *session*, sparksee::gdb::OIDList & *tour*)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform algorithm.
<i>tour</i>	[in] Initial tour that needs to be improved.

4.4.2.6 void KOpt::SetCurrentTour (sparksee::gdb::OIDList & *tour*)

Sets current tour as a list of nodes.

Parameters

<i>tour</i>	[in] Initial tour that needs to be improved.
-------------	--

4.4.2.7 void KOpt::SetEdgeWeightAttributeType (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.

If the multiple edge are set for traversal, this attribute must be of type GLOBAL_TYPE or EDGES_TYPE. Additionally, the attribute must be of type Double.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] The attribute type to use as a weight. Default: InvalidAttribute
-------------	---

Exceptions

<i>sparksee::gdb::Error</i>	
-----------------------------	--

4.4.2.8 void KOpt::SetMaxIterations (sparksee::gdb::int64_t *maxIterations*)

Sets maximum number of iterations.

By default the algorithm will run until no improvement can be made in the current tour.

Parameters

<i>maxIterations</i>	[in] Maximum number of iterations
----------------------	-----------------------------------

4.4.2.9 void KOpt::SetTimeLimit (sparksee::gdb::int64_t *maxTime*)

Limits execution time.

Parameters

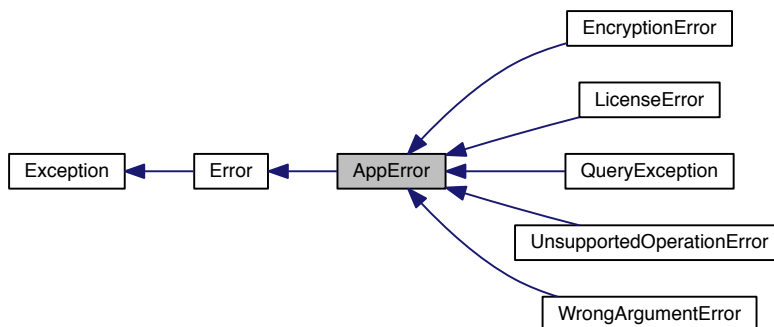
<i>maxTime</i>	[in] Time limit in milliseconds
----------------	---------------------------------

5 Class Documentation

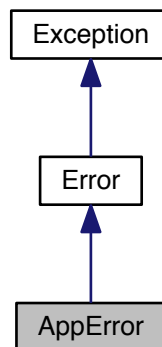
5.1 AppError Class Reference

Application error class.

Inheritance diagram for AppError:



Collaboration diagram for AppError:



Public Member Functions

- [AppError \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- [AppError \(const std::string &mess\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~AppError \(\)](#)

Destructor.

- `const std::string & Message () const`
Gets the message of the exception.
- `void SetMessage (const std::string &mess)`
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- `static void ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)`
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a `sparksee_core` error code.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string message`
Message of the exception.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Application error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 `AppError::AppError (const std::string & mess)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called `GetMessage` but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.1.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)` [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<code>mess</code>	[in] Message.
-------------------	---------------

5.1.3.3 `static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode) [static],[inherited]`

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<code>coreErrorCode</code>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.2 Attribute Class Reference

[Attribute](#) data class.

Public Member Functions

- [~Attribute](#) ()
Destructor.
- [attr_t GetId](#) () const
Gets the [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.
- [type_t GetTypeId](#) () const
Gets the [Sparksee](#) type identifier.
- const std::wstring & [GetName](#) () const
Gets the unique attribute name.
- [DataType GetDataType](#) () const
Gets the data type.
- [int64_t GetSize](#) () const
Gets the number of different values.
- [int64_t GetCount](#) () const
Gets the number of non-NULL values.
- [AttributeKind GetKind](#) () const
Gets the attribute kind.
- [bool_t IsSessionAttribute](#) () const
Check if it's a session attribute or a persistent one.
- [bool_t IsArrayAttribute](#) () const
Check if it's an array attribute.
- [int32_t GetArraySize](#) () const
Gets the number of elements in the array.

Static Public Attributes

- static const [attr_t InvalidAttribute](#)
Invalid attribute identifier constant.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.2.1 Detailed Description

[Attribute](#) data class.

It contains information about an attribute.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.2.2 Member Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 `int32_t Attribute::GetArraySize () const [inline]`

Gets the number of elements in the array.

Returns

The size of the array

5.2.2.2 `int64_t Attribute::GetCount () const [inline]`

Gets the number of non-NULL values.

Returns

The number of non-NULL values.

5.2.2.3 `DataType Attribute::GetDataType () const [inline]`

Gets the data type.

Returns

The `DataType`.

5.2.2.4 `attr_t Attribute::GetId () const [inline]`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.2.2.5 `AttributeKind Attribute::GetKind () const [inline]`

Gets the attribute kind.

Returns

The `AttributeKind`.

5.2.2.6 `const std::wstring& Attribute::GetName () const [inline]`

Gets the unique attribute name.

Returns

The unique attribute name.

5.2.2.7 `int64_t Attribute::GetSize () const [inline]`

Gets the number of different values.

Returns

The number of different values.

5.2.2.8 `type_t Attribute::GetTypeId () const [inline]`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.2.2.9 `bool_t Attribute::IsArrayAttribute () const [inline]`

Check if it's an array attribute.

Returns

True if it's an array attribute, or false otherwise.

5.2.2.10 `bool_t Attribute::IsSessionAttribute () const [inline]`

Check if it's a session attribute or a persistent one.

Returns

True if it's a session attribute, or false otherwise.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.3 AttributeList Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.

Public Member Functions

- `int32_t Count () const`
Number of elements in the list.
- `AttributeListIterator * Iterator ()`
Gets a new [AttributeListIterator](#).
- `AttributeList ()`
Constructor.
- `AttributeList (const std::vector< attr_t > &v)`
Constructor.
- `void Add (attr_t attr)`
Adds a [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier at the end of the list.
- `void Clear ()`
Clears the list.
- `~AttributeList ()`
Destructor.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

[Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.

It stores a [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.

Use [AttributeListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 `AttributeList::AttributeList ()`

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.3.2.2 `AttributeList::AttributeList (const std::vector< attr_t > & v)`

Constructor.

Parameters

v	[in] Vector.
---	--------------

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 void AttributeList::Add (attr_t attr) [inline]

Adds a [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier at the end of the list.

Parameters

attr	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
------	---

5.3.3.2 int32_t AttributeList::Count () const [inline]

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.3.3.3 AttributeListIterator* AttributeList::Iterator ()

Gets a new [AttributeListIterator](#).

Returns

[AttributeListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.4 AttributeListIterator Class Reference

[AttributeList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~AttributeListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [attr_t Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **AttributeList**

5.4.1 Detailed Description

[AttributeList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier into a [AttributeList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.4.2 Member Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 `bool_t AttributeListIterator::HasNext () [inline]`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.4.2.2 `attr_t AttributeListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.5 AttributeStatistics Class Reference

[Attribute](#) statistics class.

Public Member Functions

- `~AttributeStatistics ()`
Destructor.
- `int64_t GetTotal () const`
Gets the number of objects with a non-NULL Value (BASIC statistic).
- `int64_t GetNull () const`
Gets the number of objects NULL a Value (BASIC statistics).
- `int64_t GetDistinct () const`
Gets the number of distinct values (BASIC statistics).
- `const Value & GetMin () const`
Gets the minimum existing value (BASIC statistics).
- `const Value & GetMax () const`
Gets the maximum existing value (BASIC statistics).
- `int32_t GetMaxLengthString () const`
Gets the maximum length.
- `int32_t GetMinLengthString () const`
Gets the minimum length.
- `double64_t GetAvgLengthString () const`
Gets the average length.
- `const Value & GetMode () const`
Gets the mode.
- `int64_t GetModeCount () const`
Gets the number of objects with a Value equal to the mode.
- `double64_t GetMean () const`
Gets the mean or average.
- `double64_t GetVariance () const`
Gets the variance.
- `double64_t GetMedian () const`
Gets the median.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.5.1 Detailed Description

[Attribute](#) statistics class.

It contains statistic data about an attribute.

Some fields are valid just for numerical attributes and others just for string attributes. Also, some statistics are considered BASIC because computing them do not require to traverse all the different values of the attribute. For each getter method the documentation tells if the statistic is BASIC or not. See the [Graph](#) class method `getAttributeStatistics` or check out the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.5.2 Member Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 `double64_t AttributeStatistics::GetAvgLengthString () const [inline]`

Gets the average length.

If the attribute is not a string attribute, it just returns 0.

Returns

The average length.

5.5.2.2 `int64_t AttributeStatistics::GetDistinct () const [inline]`

Gets the number of distinct values (BASIC statistics).

Returns

The number of distinct values.

5.5.2.3 `const Value& AttributeStatistics::GetMax () const [inline]`

Gets the maximum existing value (BASIC statistics).

Returns

The maximum existing value.

5.5.2.4 `int32_t AttributeStatistics::GetMaxLengthString () const [inline]`

Gets the maximum length.

If the attribute is not a string attribute, it just returns 0.

Returns

The maximum length.

5.5.2.5 `double64_t AttributeStatistics::GetMean () const [inline]`

Gets the mean or average.

Mean or average: Sum of all [Values](#) divided by the number of observations.

It is computed just for numerical attributes.

Returns

The mean.

5.5.2.6 `double64_t AttributeStatistics::GetMedian () const [inline]`

Gets the median.

Median: Middle value that separates the higher half from the lower.

If $a < b < c$, then the median of the list {a, b, c} is b, and if $a < b < c < d$, then the median of the list {a, b, c, d} is the mean of b and c, i.e. it is $(b + c)/2$

It is computed just for numerical attributes.

Returns

The median.

5.5.2.7 `const Value& AttributeStatistics::GetMin () const [inline]`

Gets the minimum existing value (BASIC statistics).

Returns

The minimum existing value.

5.5.2.8 `int32_t AttributeStatistics::GetMinLengthString () const [inline]`

Gets the minimum length.

If the attribute is not a string attribute, it just returns 0.

Returns

The minimum length.

5.5.2.9 `const Value& AttributeStatistics::GetMode () const [inline]`

Gets the mode.

Mode: Most frequent [Value](#).

Returns

The mode.

5.5.2.10 `int64_t AttributeStatistics::GetModeCount () const [inline]`

Gets the number of objects with a [Value](#) equal to the mode.

Returns

The number of objects with a [Value](#) equal to the mode.

5.5.2.11 `int64_t AttributeStatistics::GetNull () const [inline]`

Gets the number of objects NULL a [Value](#) (BASIC statistics).

Returns

The number of objects NULL a [Value](#).

5.5.2.12 `int64_t AttributeStatistics::GetTotal () const [inline]`

Gets the number of objects with a non-NULL [Value](#) (BASIC statistic).

Returns

The number of objects with a non-NULL [Value](#).

5.5.2.13 `double64_t AttributeStatistics::GetVariance () const [inline]`

Gets the variance.

It is computed just for numerical attributes.

Returns

The variance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.6 BooleanList Class Reference

Boolean list.

Public Member Functions

- `int32_t Count () const`
Number of elements in the list.
- `BooleanListIterator * Iterator ()`
Gets a new [BooleanListIterator](#).
- `BooleanList ()`
Constructor.
- `BooleanList (const std::vector< bool_t > &v)`
Constructor.
- `~BooleanList ()`
Destructor.
- `void Add (sparksee::gdb::bool_t value)`
Adds a Boolean at the end of the list.
- `void Clear ()`
Clears the list.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Boolean list.

It stores a Boolean list.

Use [BooleanListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.2.1 BooleanList::BooleanList ()

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.6.2.2 BooleanList::BooleanList (const std::vector< bool_t > & v)

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>v</i>	[in] Vector.
----------	--------------

5.6.3 Member Function Documentation

5.6.3.1 void BooleanList::Add (sparksee::gdb::bool_t value) [inline]

Adds a Boolean at the end of the list.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] Boolean.
--------------	---------------

5.6.3.2 int32_t BooleanList::Count () const [inline]

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.6.3.3 BooleanListIterator* BooleanList::Iterator ()

Gets a new [BooleanListIterator](#).

Returns

[BooleanListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.7 BooleanListIterator Class Reference

[BooleanList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~BooleanListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **BooleanList**

5.7.1 Detailed Description

[BooleanList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the strings into a [BooleanList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.7.2 Member Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 [bool_t BooleanListIterator::HasNext](#) () [inline]

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.7.2.2 sparksee::gdb::bool_t BooleanListIterator::Next() [inline]

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

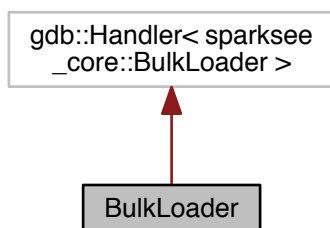
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

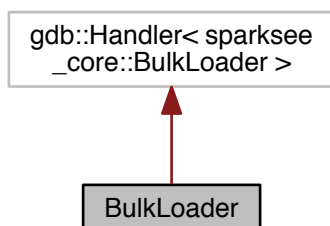
5.8 BulkLoader Class Reference

Base [TypeLoader](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for BulkLoader:



Collaboration diagram for BulkLoader:



Public Member Functions

- void [SetLogError](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Sets a log error file.
- virtual [~BulkLoader](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual void [Run](#) () throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Run the loader.
- void [SetFilename](#) (const std::wstring &filename)
Sets the input data source.
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.
- void [SetType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Sets the type to be loaded.
- void [SetAttributes](#) (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
Sets the list of Attributes.
- void [SetAttributePositions](#) (sparksee::gdb::Int32List &attrsPos)
Sets the list of attribute positions.
- void [SetTimestampFormat](#) (const std::wstring ×tampFormat)
Sets a specific timestamp format.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Base [TypeLoader](#) class.

Base class to load a node or edge type from a graph using a [RowReader](#).

[TypeLoaderListener](#) can be registered to receive information about the progress of the load process by means of [TypeLoaderEvent](#). The default frequency of notification to listeners is 100000.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.8.2 Member Function Documentation

5.8.2.1 void BulkLoader::SetAttributePositions (sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos)

Sets the list of attribute positions.

Parameters

<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index >=0).
-----------------	--

5.8.2.2 void BulkLoader::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded
--------------	---

5.8.2.3 void BulkLoader::SetFilename (const std::wstring & *filename*)

Sets the input data source.

Parameters

<i>rr</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
-----------	--

5.8.2.4 void BulkLoader::SetLocale (const std::wstring & *localeStr*)

Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.

It should match the locale used in the rowreader.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the read data. See CSVReader .
------------------	---

5.8.2.5 void BulkLoader::SetLogError (const std::wstring & *path*) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException)

Sets a log error file.

By default errors are thrown as a exception and the load process ends. If a log file is set, errors are logged there and the load process does not stop.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] The path to the error log file.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.8.2.6 void BulkLoader::SetTimestampFormat (const std::wstring & *timestampFormat*)

Sets a specific timestamp format.

Parameters

<i>timestampFormat</i>	[in] A string with the timestamp format definition.
------------------------	---

5.8.2.7 void BulkLoader::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)

Sets the type to be loaded.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	---------------------------------------

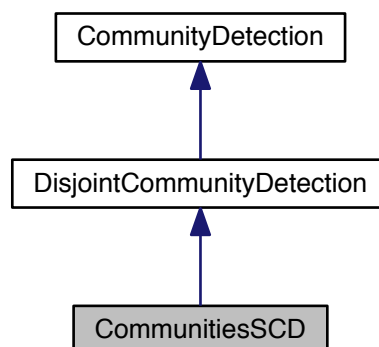
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BulkLoader.h

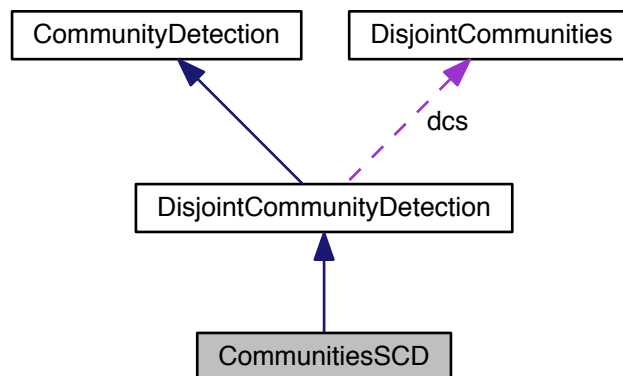
5.9 CommunitiesSCD Class Reference

[CommunitiesSCD](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for CommunitiesSCD:



Collaboration diagram for CommunitiesSCD:



Public Member Functions

- [CommunitiesSCD](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session)
Creates a new instance of [CommunitiesSCD](#).
- virtual [~CommunitiesSCD](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [SetLookAhead](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t lookahead)
Sets the size of the lookahead iterations to look (5 by default).
- void [Run](#) ()
Executes the algorithm.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- [DisjointCommunities](#) * [GetCommunities](#) ()
Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
- void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the disjoint communities found while executing this algorithm.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void [IncludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set additional nodes that can be used.
- virtual void [IncludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set additional edges that can be used.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) direction)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) direction)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [SetCommunity](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) idNode)
Assigns the current community to the given node.
- void [AssertNotCommunityAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Set a new persistent global attribute to store the disjoint communities information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()
Set a new temporary global attribute to store the disjoint communities information.
- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
Removes the global attribute where the disjoint communities information is stored.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the communities had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsEdgeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edgeId)
Check if the given edge has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)
Check if the given node is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsEdgeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edgeId)
Check if the given edge is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsEdgeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeIncluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Check if the given node is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsEdgeIncluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)
Check if the given edge is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t attrCommunity](#)
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- `std::wstring` [attrCommunityName](#)
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t actualCommunity](#)
Current community identifier.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t matResults](#)
Materialized results.
- [DisjointCommunities](#) * [dcs](#)
The calculated communities information.
- `sparksee::gdb::Session` * [sess](#)
Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph` * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t](#) [edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t >` [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * [nodesNotVisited](#)
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [computed](#)
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * [includedNodes](#)
The set of explicitly included nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * [includedEdges](#)
The set of explicitly included edges.

5.9.1 Detailed Description

[CommunitiesSCD](#) class.

Implementation of the community detection algorithm "Scalable Community Detection" based on the paper "High quality, scalable and parallel community detection for large real graphs" by Arnau Prat-Perez, David Dominguez-Sal, Josep-Lluís Larriba-Pey - WWW 2014.

The purpose of this algorithm is to find disjoint communities in an **undirected** graph or in a directed graph which will be considered as an undirected one.

It is possible to set some restrictions after constructing a new instance of this class and before running it in order to limit the results.

After the execution, we can retrieve the results stored in an instance of the [DisjointCommunities](#) class using the `getCommunities` method.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.9.2.1 CommunitiesSCD::CommunitiesSCD (sparksee::gdb::Session & *session*)

Creates a new instance of [CommunitiesSCD](#).

After creating this instance is required to indicate the set of edge types and the set of node types which will be navigated through while traversing the graph in order to find the communities.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the communities
----------------	--

5.9.3 Member Function Documentation

5.9.3.1 virtual void DisjointCommunityDetection::AddAllEdgeTypes () [virtual],[inherited]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

The edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

5.9.3.2 void CommunityDetection::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection *direction*) [protected],[inherited]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.
----------	----------------------

5.9.3.3 virtual void DisjointCommunityDetection::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*) [virtual],[inherited]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

The edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
-------------	-----------------

5.9.3.4 void CommunityDetection::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection *direction*) [protected],[inherited]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.9.3.5 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual], [inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.9.3.6 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual], [inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.9.3.7 `DisjointCommunities* DisjointCommunityDetection::GetCommunities () [inherited]`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the disjoint communities found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [DisjointCommunities](#) which contain information related to the disjoint communities found.

5.9.3.8 `virtual void CommunityDetection::IncludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual], [inherited]`

Set additional edges that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include edges. Using this optional method adds valid edges to the edges of any edge type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of edges because it's less efficient than just using an edge type. For any edge to be used, both nodes must be also valid.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.9.3.9 virtual void `CommunityDetection::IncludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual], [inherited]

Set additional nodes that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include nodes. Using this optional method adds valid nodes to the nodes of any node type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of nodes because it's less efficient than just using a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.9.3.10 void `CommunitiesSCD::SetLookAhead (sparksee::gdb::int32_t lookahead)`

Sets the size of the lookahead iterations to look (5 by default).

Parameters

<i>lookahead</i>	[in] Number of iterations. It must be positive or zero.
------------------	---

5.9.3.11 void `DisjointCommunityDetection::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & attributeName)` [inherited]

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the disjoint communities found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [DisjointCommunities](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the disjoint communities found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.9.3.12 void `CommunityDetection::SetNodesNotVisited ()` [protected], [inherited]

Set all the selected nodes in `nodesNotVisited`.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

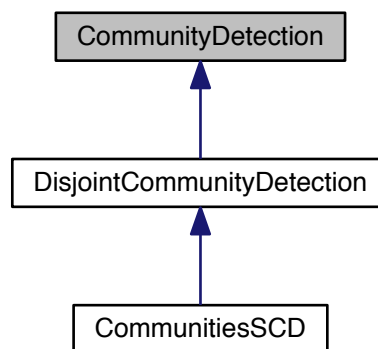
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- CommunitiesSCD.h

5.10 CommunityDetection Class Reference

[CommunityDetection](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for CommunityDetection:



Public Member Functions

- virtual [~CommunityDetection](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void [IncludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set additional nodes that can be used.
- virtual void [IncludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set additional edges that can be used.
- virtual void [Run](#) ()=0
Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- [CommunityDetection](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s)
Creates a new instance of [CommunityDetection](#).
- void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the communities had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edgeId)
Check if the given edge has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edgeId)
Check if the given edge is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeIncluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeIncluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
Session.
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [nodesNotVisited](#)

- Identifiers of the nodes not visited.*

 - `sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed`

True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedNodes`

The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedEdges`

The set of excluded edges.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * includedNodes`

The set of explicitly included nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * includedEdges`

The set of explicitly included edges.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

`CommunityDetection` class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to solve a problem related to graph connectivity as finding the strongly connected components, finding the weakly connected components.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.10.2.1 `CommunityDetection::CommunityDetection (sparksee::gdb::Session & s)` [protected]

Creates a new instance of `CommunityDetection`.

Parameters

<code>s</code>	[in] <code>Session</code> to get the graph from and calculate the communities
----------------	---

5.10.3 Member Function Documentation

5.10.3.1 `void CommunityDetection::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)` [protected]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<code>d</code>	[in] Edge direction.
----------------	----------------------

5.10.3.2 `void CommunityDetection::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)` [protected]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.10.3.3 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.10.3.4 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.10.3.5 `virtual void CommunityDetection::IncludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual]

Set additional edges that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include edges. Using this optional method adds valid edges to the edges of any edge type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of edges because it's less efficient than just using an edge type. For any edge to be used, both nodes must be also valid.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.10.3.6 `virtual void CommunityDetection::IncludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual]

Set additional nodes that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include nodes. Using this optional method adds valid nodes to the nodes of any node type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of nodes because it's less efficient than just using a node type.

Parameters

<code>nodes</code>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------------	---

5.10.3.7 virtual void CommunityDetection::Run () [pure virtual]

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

This method can be called only once.

Implemented in [DisjointCommunityDetection](#), and [CommunitiesSCD](#).

5.10.3.8 void CommunityDetection::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected]

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [CommunityDetection.h](#)

5.11 ConnectedComponents Class Reference

[ConnectedComponents](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- [ConnectedComponents](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s, const std::wstring &materializedattribute)
Creates a new instance of [ConnectedComponents](#).
- virtual [~ConnectedComponents](#) ()
Destructor.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetConnectedComponent](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)
Returns the connected component where the given node belongs to.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetCount](#) ()
Returns the number of connected components found in the graph.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [GetNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idConnectedComponent)
Returns the collection of nodes contained in the given connected component.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetSize](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idConnectedComponent)
Returns the number of nodes contained in the given connected component.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

[ConnectedComponents](#) class.

This class contains the results processed on a [Connectivity](#) algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found. We must consider that each connected component has a number in order to identify it. These number identifiers are values from 0 to N-1, where N is the number of different connected components found.

When executing any implementation of the [Connectivity](#), it is possible to indicate whether the results of the execution must be stored persistently using the class [Connectivity](#) `setMaterializedAttribute` method. In case the results are set to be materialized, users can retrieve this data whenever they want, even if the graph has been closed and opened again, just by creating a new instance of this class.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.11.2.1 `ConnectedComponents::ConnectedComponents (sparksee::gdb::Session & s, const std::wstring & materializedattribute)`

Creates a new instance of [ConnectedComponents](#).

This constructor method can only be called when a previous execution of any implementation of the [Connectivity](#) class has materialized the results in a common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph. For further information about materializing the results processed on any [Connectivity](#) execution see the documentation of the [Connectivity#SetMaterializedAttribute](#) method.

Parameters

<code>s</code>	[in] Session to get the graph Graph on which the information will be retrieved just by getting the values contained in the given common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph and processing them.
<code>materializedattribute</code>	[in] The common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph where data will be retrieved in order to process the results related to the connected components found in the graph.

5.11.3 Member Function Documentation

5.11.3.1 `sparksee::gdb::int64_t ConnectedComponents::GetConnectedComponent (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)`

Returns the connected component where the given node belongs to.

Parameters

<code>idNode</code>	[in] The node identifier for which the connected component identifier where it belongs will be returned.
---------------------	--

Returns

The connected component identifier where the given node identifier belongs to.

5.11.3.2 sparksee::gdb::int64_t ConnectedComponents::GetCount ()

Returns the number of connected components found in the graph.

Returns

The number of connected components found in the graph.

5.11.3.3 sparksee::gdb::Objects* ConnectedComponents::GetNodes (sparksee::gdb::int64_t *idConnectedComponent*)

Returns the collection of nodes contained in the given connected component.

Parameters

in	<i>idConnectedComponent</i>	The connected component for which the collection of nodes contained in it will be returned.
----	-----------------------------	---

Returns

The collection of node identifiers contained in the given connected component.

5.11.3.4 sparksee::gdb::int64_t ConnectedComponents::GetSize (sparksee::gdb::int64_t *idConnectedComponent*)

Returns the number of nodes contained in the given connected component.

Parameters

in	<i>idConnectedComponent</i>	The connected component for which the number of nodes contained in it will be returned.
----	-----------------------------	---

Returns

The number of nodes contained in the given connected component.

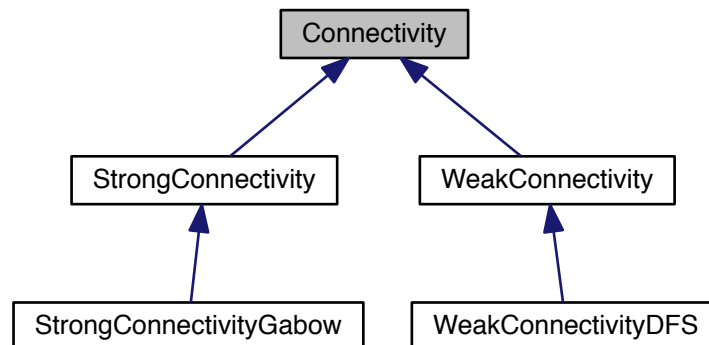
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ConnectedComponents.h

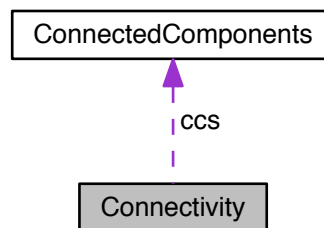
5.12 Connectivity Class Reference

[Connectivity](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Connectivity:



Collaboration diagram for Connectivity:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Connectivity ()`
Destructor.
- virtual void `AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t)`
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void `AddAllNodeTypes ()`
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void `ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)`
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void `ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)`
Set which edges can't be used.
- `ConnectedComponents * GetConnectedComponents ()`
Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
- virtual void `Run ()=0`

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

- void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- [Connectivity](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s)
Creates a new instance of [Connectivity](#).
- void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetConnectedComponent](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)
Assigns the current component to the given node.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertNotComponentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Set a new persistent global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()
Set a new temporary global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
Removes the global attribute where the connectivity information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- `sparksee::gdb::Session` * `sess`
Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph` * `graph`
Graph.
- `EdgeTypes_t` `edgeTypes`
Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t >` `nodeTypes`
Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::attr_t` `attrComponent`
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- `std::wstring` `attrComponentName`
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` `actualComponent`
Current component identifier.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `nodesNotVisited`
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `matResults`
Materialized results.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `computed`
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedNodes`
The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedEdges`
The set of excluded edges.
- `ConnectedComponents` * `ccs`
The calculated connectivity information.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

`Connectivity` class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to solve a problem related to graph connectivity as finding the strongly connected components, finding the weakly connected components.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.12.2.1 `Connectivity::Connectivity (sparksee::gdb::Session & s)` [protected]

Creates a new instance of `Connectivity`.

Parameters

<i>s</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the connectivity
----------	---

5.12.3 Member Function Documentation

5.12.3.1 void Connectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection *d*) [protected]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.
----------	----------------------

5.12.3.2 void Connectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *t*, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection *d*) [protected]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.12.3.3 virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & *edges*) [virtual]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.12.3.4 virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & *nodes*) [virtual]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.12.3.5 **ConnectedComponents*** `Connectivity::GetConnectedComponents ()`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) which contain information related to the connected components found.

5.12.3.6 `virtual void Connectivity::Run () [pure virtual]`

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

This method can be called only once.

Implemented in [WeakConnectivityDFS](#), and [StrongConnectivityGabow](#).

5.12.3.7 `void Connectivity::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & attributeName)`

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the connected components found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.12.3.8 `void Connectivity::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected]`

Set all the selected nodes in `nodesNotVisited`.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Connectivity.h](#)

5.13 Context Class Reference

[Context](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [Compute](#) ()
Gets the resulting collection of nodes.
- void [SetMaximumHops](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) maxhops, [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) include)
Sets the maximum hops restriction.
- virtual [~Context](#) ()
Destructor.
- [Context](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session](#) &session, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Creates a new instance.

Static Public Member Functions

- static [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [Compute](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session](#) &session, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node, [sparksee::gdb::TypeList](#) *nodeTypes, [sparksee::gdb::TypeList](#) *edgeTypes, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir, [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) maxhops, [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) include)
Helper method to easily compute a context from a node.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::Session](#) * [sess](#)
Session.
- [sparksee::gdb::Graph](#) * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) [src](#)
Source node of the traversal.
- [std::map](#)< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- [std::vector](#)< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) [maxHops](#)
Maximum number of hops allowed.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [inclusive](#)
Include those nodes at distance <= maxhops or just those nodes at distance == maxhops.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

[Context](#) class.

It provides a very similar functionality than the [Traversal](#) classes. The main difference is [Context](#) returns a resulting collection whereas [Traversal](#) provides an iterator behaviour.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.13.2.1 `Context::Context (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform operation.
<i>node</i>	[in] Node to start traversal from.

5.13.3 Member Function Documentation

5.13.3.1 `void Context::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.
----------	----------------------

5.13.3.2 `void Context::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.13.3.3 `sparksee::gdb::Objects* Context::Compute ()`

Gets the resulting collection of nodes.

Returns

The resulting collection of nodes.

5.13.3.4 `static sparksee::gdb::Objects* Context::Compute (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node, sparksee::gdb::TypeList * nodeTypes, sparksee::gdb::TypeList * edgeTypes, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir, sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops, sparksee::gdb::bool_t include) [static]`

Helper method to easily compute a context from a node.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform operation.
<i>node</i>	[in] Node to start traversal from.
<i>nodeTypes</i>	[in] Allowed node type list. NULL means all node types are allowed.
<i>edgeTypes</i>	[in] Allowed edge type list. NULL means all edge types are allowed.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Allowed direction for the allowed edge types.
<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
<i>include</i>	[in] If TRUE, the resulting collection will include those nodes at distance less or equal than the given one, otherwise it will just include those nodes at distance equal than the given one. This parameter just makes sense if maxhops is different from 0; in that case it includes all nodes no matters the distance.

Returns

Returns an [Objects](#) with the computed context of a node.

5.13.3.5 `void Context::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.13.3.6 `void Context::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.13.3.7 void Context::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops, sparksee::gdb::bool_t include)

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
<i>include</i>	[in] If TRUE, the resulting collection will include those nodes at distance less or equal than the given one, otherwise it will just include those nodes at distance equal than the given one. This parameter just makes sense if maxhops is different from 0; in that case it includes all nodes no matters the distance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Context.h

5.14 CSVLoader Class Reference

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [LoadNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph, const std::wstring &fileName, const std::wstring &nodeType, const std::wstring &separator=std::wstring(L","), sparksee::gdb::bool_t header=true, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > &columns=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t >(), const std::vector< std::wstring > &attrNames=std::vector< std::wstring >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType > &dataTypes=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind > &attrKinds=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind >())

Loads nodes from a CSV file.

- static void [LoadEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph, const std::wstring &fileName, const std::wstring &edgeType, const std::wstring &tailNodeType, const std::wstring &headNodeType, sparksee::gdb::int32_t tail=0, sparksee::gdb::int32_t head=1, const std::wstring &separator=std::wstring(L","), sparksee::gdb::bool_t directed=true, sparksee::gdb::bool_t header=true, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint onMissingTail=gdb::IsError, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint onMissingHead=gdb::IsError, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > &columns=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t >(), const std::vector< std::wstring > &attrNames=std::vector< std::wstring >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType > &dataTypes=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind > &attrKinds=std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind >())

Loads edges from a CSV file.

5.14.1 Member Function Documentation

- 5.14.1.1 static void CSVLoader::LoadEdges (sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph, const std::wstring & fileName, const std::wstring & edgeType, const std::wstring & tailNodeType, const std::wstring & headNodeType, sparksee::gdb::int32_t tail = 0, sparksee::gdb::int32_t head = 1, const std::wstring & separator = std::wstring(L", "), sparksee::gdb::bool_t directed = true, sparksee::gdb::bool_t header = true, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint onMissingTail = gdb::IsError, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint onMissingHead = gdb::IsError, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & columns = std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t >(), const std::vector< std::wstring > & attrNames = std::vector< std::wstring >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType > & dataTypes = std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType >(), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind > & attrKinds = std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind >()) [static]

Loads edges from a CSV file.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] The graph to load the edges into
<i>fileName</i>	[in] The name of the file
<i>nodeType</i>	[in] The type of the edge to load. If it does not exist, it creates it
<i>tailNodeType</i>	[in] The type of the tail nodes. If it does not exist and <code>onMissingTail</code> is set to "Create", it creates it. Otherwise, an exception is thrown
<i>headNodeType</i>	[in] The type of the head nodes. If it does not exist and <code>onMissingHead</code> is set to "Create", it creates it. Otherwise, an exception is thrown
<i>tail</i>	[in] The tail column index. Default: 0
<i>head</i>	[in] The head column index. Default: 1
<i>separator</i>	[in] The column separator. Default: ","
<i>directed</i>	[in] True if this edge is directed or not. False otherwise. Default: True
<i>header</i>	[in] True if the CSV contains a header. False otherwise. Default: True
<i>onMissingTail</i>	[in] The policy to follow when a tail is missing. Default: "IsError"
<i>onMissingHead</i>	[in] The policy to follow when a head is missing. Default: "IsError"
<i>columns</i>	[in] The list of columns to load. tail and head columns must be in this list if this list is specified. If the list is empty, all columns are loaded. Default: empty
<i>attrNames</i>	[in] The attribute names. If this list is empty and <code>hasHeader</code> is set to true, the header values are used as attribute names. Default: empty
<i>dataTypes</i>	[in] The dataTypes of the attributes if this do not already exist. If this list is empty, the method tries to infer the data type from the first non-header row. Default: empty
<i>attrKinds</i>	[in] The attributeKinds of the attributes if these do not already exist. If this list is empty, the attributeKind of the created attributes are set to Basic. Default: empty

```
5.14.1.2 static void CSVLoader::LoadNodes ( sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph, const std::wstring & fileName,
const std::wstring & nodeType, const std::wstring & separator = std::wstring(L", "),
sparksee::gdb::bool_t header = true, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & columns =
std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > (), const std::vector< std::wstring > & attrNames =
std::vector< std::wstring > (), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType > & dataTypes
= std::vector< sparksee::gdb::DataType > (), const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind
> & attrKinds = std::vector< sparksee::gdb::AttributeKind > () ) [static]
```

Loads nodes from a CSV file.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] The graph to load the nodes into
<i>fileName</i>	[in] The name of the file
<i>nodeType</i>	[in] The type of the node to load. If it does not exist, it creates it
<i>separator</i>	[in] The separator of the CSV file. Default: ","
<i>header</i>	[in] True if the CSV contains a header. False otherwise. Default: True
<i>columns</i>	[in] The list of columns to load. tail and head columns must be in this list if this list is specified. Default: all columns
<i>attrNames</i>	[in] The attribute names. If this list is empty and <code>hasHeader</code> is set to true, the header values are used as attribute names. Default: empty
<i>dataTypes</i>	[in] The dataTypes of the attributes if this do not already exist. Default: empty If this list is empty, the method tries to infer the data type from the first non-header row
<i>attrKinds</i>	[in] The attributeKinds of the attributes if these do not already exist. Default: empty If this list is empty, the attributeKind of the created attributes are set to Basic. Default: empty

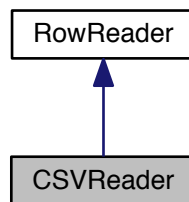
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- CSVLoader.h

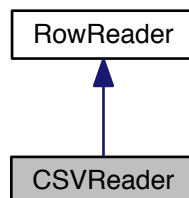
5.15 CSVReader Class Reference

[CSVReader](#) interface.

Inheritance diagram for CSVReader:



Collaboration diagram for CSVReader:



Public Member Functions

- [CSVReader](#) ()
Constructs [CSVReader](#).
- void [SetSeparator](#) (const std::wstring &sep) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Sets the character used to separate fields in the file.
- void [SetQuotes](#) (const std::wstring "es) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Sets the character used to quote fields.
- void [SetMultilines](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t numExtralines)
Allows the use of fields with more than one line.
- void [SetSingleLine](#) ()

- Only allows single line fields.*
- void [SetStartLine](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) startLine)
Sets the number of lines to be skipped from the beginning.
- void [SetNumLines](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) numLines)
Used to limit the number of lines that will be read.
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
Sets the locale that will be used to read the file.
- void [Open](#) (const std::wstring &filePath) throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
Opens the source file path.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [Reset](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
Moves the reader to the beginning.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [Read](#) ([sparksee::gdb::StringList](#) &row) throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
Reads the next row as a string array.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) [GetRow](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
The row number for the current row.
- void [Close](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
Closes the reader.
- virtual [~CSVReader](#) ()
Destructor.

5.15.1 Detailed Description

[CSVReader](#) interface.

A very simple CSV reader.

It works as any other [RowReader](#), but `open` must be called once before the first read operation.

Using the format [RFC 4180](#).

Except: leading and trailing spaces, adjacent to CSV separator character, are trimmed.

You can use your own separators and quote characters. By default the separator is the comma (,) and the quote character is the double quotes (").

Fields with multiple lines can be allowed (and the maximum lines specified), but the default is a single line.

The locale string can be used to set the language, country and the file encoding. The format must be "[language←_territory][.codeset]". But only the file encoding is being used in the current version.

The languages supported are: "en_US", "es_ES" and "ca_ES".

The file encodings supported are: "utf8" and "iso88591".

For example:

To don't change the default locales, use an empty string: "".

To read a file in utf8 with the default language settings use ".utf8".

To read a file in iso88591 with English language use: "en_US.iso88591".

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.15.2 Member Function Documentation

5.15.2.1 void CSVReader::Close () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException [virtual]

Closes the reader.

Exceptions

IOException	If the close fails.
-----------------------------	---------------------

Implements [RowReader](#).

5.15.2.2 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t CSVReader::GetRow () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [virtual]

The row number for the current row.

Returns

The current row number; 0 if there is no current row.

Exceptions

IOException	If it fails.
-----------------------------	--------------

Implements [RowReader](#).

5.15.2.3 `void CSVReader::Open (const std::wstring & filePath) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException`

Opens the source file path.

File can be optionally compressed in GZIP format.

Parameters

<i>filePath</i>	[in] CSV file path.
-----------------	---------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.15.2.4 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t CSVReader::Read (sparksee::gdb::StringList & row) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [virtual]

Reads the next row as a string array.

Parameters

<i>row</i>	[out] A string list with each comma-separated element as a separate entry.
------------	--

Returns

Returns true if a row had been read or false otherwise.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the read.
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------

Implements [RowReader](#).

5.15.2.5 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t CSVReader::Reset () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [virtual]

Moves the reader to the beginning.

Restarts the reader.

Returns

`true` if the reader can be restarted, `false` otherwise.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the restart.
-----------------------------	--

Implements [RowReader](#).

5.15.2.6 `void CSVReader::SetLocale (const std::wstring & localeStr)`

Sets the locale that will be used to read the file.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the file encoding.
------------------	---

5.15.2.7 `void CSVReader::SetMultilines (sparksee::gdb::int32_t numExtralines)`

Allows the use of fields with more than one line.

Parameters

<i>numExtralines</i>	[in] Maximum number of extra lines for each column (0==unlimited, N==N+1 total rows).
----------------------	---

5.15.2.8 `void CSVReader::SetNumLines (sparksee::gdb::int32_t numLines)`

Used to limit the number of lines that will be read.

Parameters

<i>numLines</i>	[in] The maximum number of lines to read (0 == unlimited)
-----------------	---

5.15.2.9 void CSVReader::SetQuotes (const std::wstring & *quotes*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the character used to quote fields.

Parameters

<i>quotes</i>	[in] Quote character.
---------------	-----------------------

5.15.2.10 void CSVReader::SetSeparator (const std::wstring & *sep*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the character used to separate fields in the file.

Parameters

<i>sep</i>	[in] Separator character.
------------	---------------------------

5.15.2.11 void CSVReader::SetStartLine (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *startLine*)

Sets the number of lines to be skipped from the beginning.

Parameters

<i>startLine</i>	[in] The line number to skip for start reading
------------------	--

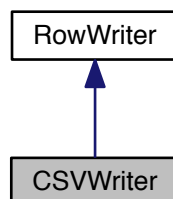
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- CSVReader.h

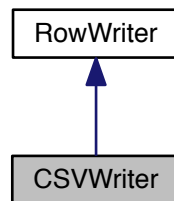
5.16 CSVWriter Class Reference

[CSVWriter](#) interface.

Inheritance diagram for CSVWriter:



Collaboration diagram for CSVWriter:



Public Member Functions

- [CSVWriter](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- void [SetSeparator](#) (const std::wstring &sep) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Sets the character used to separate fields in the file.
- void [SetQuotes](#) (const std::wstring "es) throw (sparksee::gdb::Error)
Sets the character used to quote fields.
- void [SetAutoQuotes](#) (sparksee::gdb::bool_t autoquotes)
Sets on/off the automatic quote mode.
- void [SetForcedQuotes](#) (sparksee::gdb::BooleanList &forcequotes)
Disables the automatic quote mode and forces to be quoted those positions set to TRUE in the given vector.
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
Sets the locale that will be used to write the file.
- void [Open](#) (const std::wstring &f) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Opens the output file path.
- void [Write](#) (sparksee::gdb::StringList &row) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Writes the next row.
- void [Close](#) () throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Closes the writer.
- virtual [~CSVWriter](#) ()
Destructor.

5.16.1 Detailed Description

[CSVWriter](#) interface.

A very simple CSV writer implementing [RowWriter](#).

It works as any other [RowWriter](#), but open must be called once before the first write operation.

It uses the format RFC 4180: <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4180>

You can use your own separators and quote characters. By default the separator is the comma (,) and the quote character is the double quotes (") and autoquote is enabled.

See the [CSVReader](#) locale documentation or the SPARKSEE User Manual.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.16.2 Member Function Documentation

5.16.2.1 void CSVWriter::Close () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error) [virtual]

Closes the writer.

Exceptions

IOException	If the close fails.
-----------------------------	---------------------

Implements [RowWriter](#).

5.16.2.2 void CSVWriter::Open (const std::wstring & f) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException)

Opens the output file path.

Parameters

<i>f</i>	[in] Output file path.
----------	------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.16.2.3 void CSVWriter::SetAutoQuotes (sparksee::gdb::bool_t autoquotes)

Sets on/off the automatic quote mode.

If there are forced quotes, setting autoquotes on will clear them. If the autoquotes is set to off and no forced quotes are provided, there will not be any quote.

Parameters

<i>autoquotes</i>	[in] If TRUE it enables the automatic quote mode, if FALSE it disables it.
-------------------	--

5.16.2.4 void CSVWriter::SetForcedQuotes (sparksee::gdb::BooleanList & forcequotes)

Disables the automatic quote mode and forces to be quoted those positions set to TRUE in the given vector.

Parameters

<i>forcequotes</i>	[in] A booleanList with the position for each column that must be quoted set to true.
--------------------	---

5.16.2.5 void CSVWriter::SetLocale (const std::wstring & localeStr)

Sets the locale that will be used to write the file.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the file encoding.
------------------	---

5.16.2.6 void CSVWriter::SetQuotes (const std::wstring & *quotes*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the character used to quote fields.

Parameters

<i>quotes</i>	[in] Quote character.
---------------	-----------------------

5.16.2.7 void CSVWriter::SetSeparator (const std::wstring & *sep*) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the character used to separate fields in the file.

Parameters

<i>sep</i>	[in] Separator character.
------------	---------------------------

5.16.2.8 void CSVWriter::Write (sparksee::gdb::StringList & *row*) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
[virtual]

Writes the next row.

Parameters

<i>row</i>	[in] Row of data.
------------	-------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the write.
-----------------------------	--

Implements [RowWriter](#).

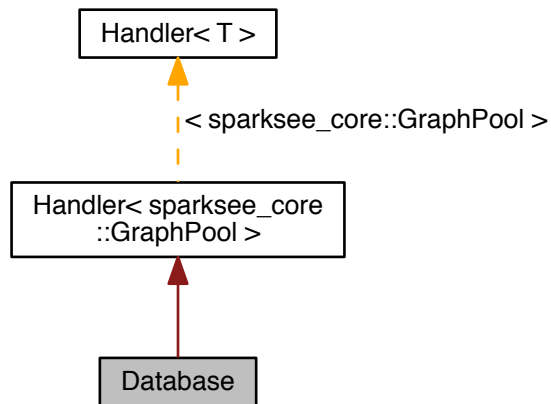
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- CSVWriter.h

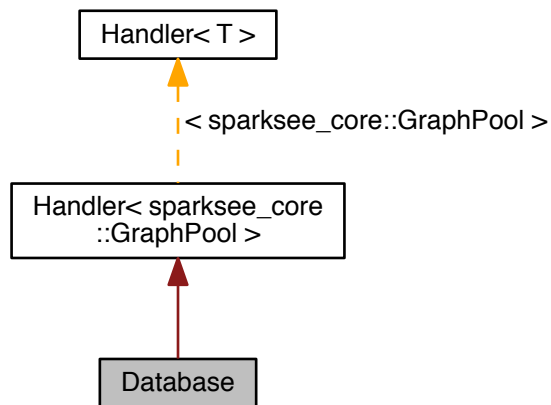
5.17 Database Class Reference

[Database](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Database:



Collaboration diagram for Database:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Database ()`
Destructor.
- const `std::wstring & GetAlias () const`
Gets the alias of the Database.
- const `std::wstring & GetPath () const`
Gets the path of the Database.
- `Session * NewSession ()`

- Creates a new [Session](#).*

 - void [EnableRollback](#) ()
 - Enables the rollback mechanism.*
 - void [DisableRollback](#) ()
 - Disables the rollback mechanism.*
 - void [GetStatistics](#) ([DatabaseStatistics](#) &stats)
 - Gets [Database](#) statistics.*
 - [int32_t](#) [GetCacheMaxSize](#) ()
 - Gets the cache maximum size (in MB).*
 - void [SetCacheMaxSize](#) ([int32_t](#) megaBytes)
 - Sets the cache maximum size (in MB).*
 - void [FixCurrentCacheMaxSize](#) ()
 - Sets the cache maximum size to the current cache size in use.*
 - void [DumpSchema](#) (const std::wstring &filePath)
 - Dump the database schema to the given file using the [Sparksee](#) scripting format.*
 - void [RedoPrecommitted](#) ([int64_t](#) txId)
 - Redo a pending precommitted transaction recovered.*

Private Member Functions

- [sparksee_core::GraphPool](#) * [GetHandler](#) ()
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- const [sparksee_core::GraphPool](#) * [GetHandler](#) () const
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- void [SetHandler](#) ([sparksee_core::GraphPool](#) *h)
 - Sets the handled reference.*
- void [FreeHandler](#) ()
 - Frees (deletes) the handled reference.*
- [bool_t](#) [IsNull](#) () const
 - Gets if the handler is NULL.*

Friends

- class **Sparksee**
- class **Graph**

5.17.1 Detailed Description

[Database](#) class.

All the data of the [Database](#) is stored into a persistent file which just can be created or open through a [Sparksee](#) instance.

Also, all the manipulation of a [Database](#) must be done by means of a [Session](#) which can be initiated from a [Database](#) instance.

Multiple Databases do not share the memory, that is there is no negotiation among them. In those cases, memory must be prefixed for each [Database](#). To do that, use the SPARKSEConfig.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.17.2 Member Function Documentation

5.17.2.1 `const std::wstring& Database::GetAlias () const` `[inline]`

Gets the alias of the [Database](#).

Returns

The alias of the [Database](#).

5.17.2.2 `int32_t Database::GetCacheMaxSize ()`

Gets the cache maximum size (in MB).

Returns

Returns the current cache max size.

5.17.2.3 `const std::wstring& Database::GetPath () const` `[inline]`

Gets the path of the [Database](#).

Returns

The path of the [Database](#).

References `END_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE`.

5.17.2.4 `void Database::GetStatistics (DatabaseStatistics & stats)`

Gets [Database](#) statistics.

Parameters

<i>stats</i>	[out] The DatabaseStatistics instance.
--------------	--

5.17.2.5 `void Database::RedoPrecommitted (int64_t txId)`

Redo a pending precommitted transaction recovered.

YOU SHOULD NOT USE THIS METHOD. This method only exists for a specific service.

5.17.2.6 `void Database::SetCacheMaxSize (int32_t megaBytes)`

Sets the cache maximum size (in MB).

0 means unlimited which is all the physical memory of the computer minus a small margin.

Parameters

<i>megaBytes</i>	[in] The new cache max size.
------------------	------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Database.h

5.18 DatabaseStatistics Class Reference

Database statistics.

Public Member Functions

- [int64_t GetRead](#) () const
Gets total read data in KBytes.
- [int64_t GetWrite](#) () const
Gets total written data in KBytes.
- [int64_t GetData](#) () const
Gets database size in KBytes.
- [int64_t GetCache](#) () const
Gets cache size in KBytes.
- [int64_t GetTemp](#) () const
Gets temporary storage file size in KBytes.
- [int64_t GetSessions](#) () const
Gets the number of sessions.

Friends

- class **Database**

5.18.1 Detailed Description

Database statistics.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.18.2 Member Function Documentation

5.18.2.1 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetCache () const` `[inline]`

Gets cache size in KBytes.

Returns

Cache size in KBytes.

5.18.2.2 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetData () const [inline]`

Gets database size in KBytes.

Returns

`Database` size in KBytes.

5.18.2.3 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetRead () const [inline]`

Gets total read data in KBytes.

Returns

Total read data in KBytes.

5.18.2.4 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetSessions () const [inline]`

Gets the number of sessions.

Returns

The number of sessions.

5.18.2.5 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetTemp () const [inline]`

Gets temporary storage file size in KBytes.

Returns

Temporary storage file size in KBytes.

5.18.2.6 `int64_t DatabaseStatistics::GetWrite () const [inline]`

Gets total written data in KBytes.

Returns

Total read written in KBytes.

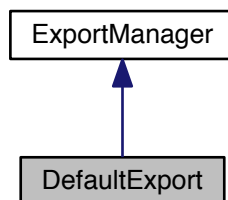
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Database.h

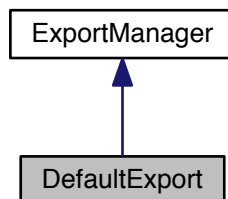
5.19 DefaultExport Class Reference

Default implementation for [ExportManager](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for DefaultExport:



Collaboration diagram for DefaultExport:



Public Member Functions

- [DefaultExport](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~DefaultExport](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Prepare](#) ([Graph](#) *graph)
Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method [Prepare](#).
- void [Release](#) ()
Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method [Release](#).
- [bool_t](#) [GetGraph](#) ([GraphExport](#) &graphExport)
Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method [GetGraph](#).
- [bool_t](#) [GetNodeType](#) ([type_t](#) type, [NodeExport](#) &nodeExport)
Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method [GetNodeType](#).
- [bool_t](#) [GetEdgeType](#) ([type_t](#) type, [EdgeExport](#) &edgeExport)
Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method [GetEdgeType](#).

- `bool_t GetNode (oid_t node, NodeExport &nodeExport)`
Default implementation of the `ExportManager` class method `GetNode`.
- `bool_t GetEdge (oid_t edge, EdgeExport &edgeExport)`
Default implementation of the `ExportManager` class method `GetEdge`.
- `bool_t EnableType (type_t type)`
Default implementation of the `ExportManager` class method `EnableType`.

5.19.1 Detailed Description

Default implementation for `ExportManager` class.

It uses the default values from `GraphExport`, `NodeExport` and `EdgeExport` to export all node and edge types.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.19.2 Member Function Documentation

5.19.2.1 `bool_t DefaultExport::EnableType (type_t type) [virtual]`

Default implementation of the `ExportManager` class method `EnableType`.

This enables all node and edge types to be exported.

Parameters

<code>type</code>	[in] The type to enable.
-------------------	--------------------------

Returns

TRUE.

Implements `ExportManager`.

5.19.2.2 `bool_t DefaultExport::GetEdge (oid_t edge, EdgeExport & edgeExport) [virtual]`

Default implementation of the `ExportManager` class method `GetEdge`.

This sets the default `EdgeExport` values and sets the OID as the label. Also, it exports the edge as directed just if the edge is directed.

Parameters

<code>edge</code>	[in] An edge.
<code>edgeExport</code>	[out] The <code>EdgeExport</code> that will store the information.

Returns

TRUE.

Implements [ExportManager](#).**5.19.2.3 bool_t DefaultExport::GetEdgeType (type_t type, EdgeExport & edgeExport) [virtual]**Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method GetEdgeType.This sets de default [EdgeExport](#) values.**Parameters**

<i>type</i>	[in] An edge type.
<i>edgeExport</i>	[out] The EdgeExport that will store the information.

Returns

TRUE.

Implements [ExportManager](#).**5.19.2.4 bool_t DefaultExport::GetGraph (GraphExport & graphExport) [virtual]**Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method GetGraph.This sets the default [GraphExport](#) values and "Graph" as the label.**Parameters**

<i>graphExport</i>	[out] The GraphExport that will store the information.
--------------------	--

Returns

TRUE.

Implements [ExportManager](#).**5.19.2.5 bool_t DefaultExport::GetNode (oid_t node, NodeExport & nodeExport) [virtual]**Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method GetNode.This sets the default [NodeExport](#) values and sets the OID as the label.**Parameters**

<i>node</i>	[in] A node.
<i>nodeExport</i>	[out] The NodeExport that will store the information.

Returns

TRUE.

Implements [ExportManager](#).

5.19.2.6 `bool_t DefaultExport::GetNodeType (type_t type, NodeExport & nodeExport) [virtual]`

Default implementation of the [ExportManager](#) class method `GetNodeType`.

This sets de default [NodeExport](#) values.

Parameters

<code>type</code>	[in] A node type.
<code>nodeExport</code>	[out] The NodeExport that will store the information.

Returns

TRUE.

Implements [ExportManager](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Export.h](#)

5.20 DisjointCommunities Class Reference

[DisjointCommunities](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- [DisjointCommunities](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, const std::wstring &materializedattribute)
Creates a new instance of [DisjointCommunities](#).
- virtual [~DisjointCommunities](#) ()
Destructor.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetCommunity](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)
Returns the disjoint community where the given node belongs to.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetCount](#) ()
Returns the number of communities found in the graph.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * GetNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idCommunity)
Returns the collection of nodes contained in the given community.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetSize](#) (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idCommunity)
Returns the number of nodes contained in the given community.

5.20.1 Detailed Description

[DisjointCommunities](#) class.

This class contains the results processed on a [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) algorithm.

These results contain information related to the communities found. We must consider that each community has a number in order to identify it. These number identifiers are values from 0 to N-1, where N is the number of different communities found.

When executing any implementation of the [DisjointCommunityDetection](#), it is possible to indicate whether the results of the execution must be stored persistently using the class [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) `setMaterializedAttribute` method. In case the results are set to be materialized, users can retrieve this data whenever they want, even if the graph has been closed and opened again, just by creating a new instance of this class.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.20.2.1 `DisjointCommunities::DisjointCommunities (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, const std::wstring & materializedattribute)`

Creates a new instance of [DisjointCommunities](#).

This constructor method can only be called when a previous execution of any implementation of the [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) class has materialized the results in a common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph. For further information about materializing the results processed on any [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) execution see the documentation of the [DisjointCommunityDetection#SetMaterializedAttribute](#) method.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph Graph on which the information will be retrieved just by getting the values contained in the given common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph and processing them.
<i>materializedattribute</i>	[in] The common attribute type for all the nodes in the graph where data will be retrieved in order to process the results related to the communities found in the graph.

5.20.3 Member Function Documentation

5.20.3.1 `sparksee::gdb::int64_t DisjointCommunities::GetCommunity (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)`

Returns the disjoint community where the given node belongs to.

Parameters

<i>idNode</i>	[in] The node identifier for which the disjoint community identifier where it belongs will be returned.
---------------	---

Returns

The disjoint community identifier where the given node identifier belongs to.

5.20.3.2 sparksee::gdb::int64_t DisjointCommunities::GetCount ()

Returns the number of communities found in the graph.

Returns

The number of communities found in the graph.

5.20.3.3 sparksee::gdb::Objects* DisjointCommunities::GetNodes (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idCommunity)

Returns the collection of nodes contained in the given community.

Parameters

in	<i>idCommunity</i>	The community for which the collection of nodes contained in it will be returned.
----	--------------------	---

Returns

The collection of node identifiers contained in the given community.

5.20.3.4 sparksee::gdb::int64_t DisjointCommunities::GetSize (sparksee::gdb::int64_t idCommunity)

Returns the number of nodes contained in the given community.

Parameters

in	<i>idCommunity</i>	The community for which the number of nodes contained in it will be returned.
----	--------------------	---

Returns

The number of nodes contained in the given community.

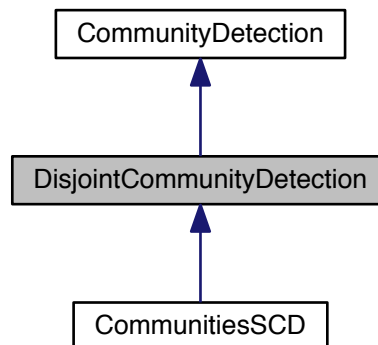
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DisjointCommunities.h

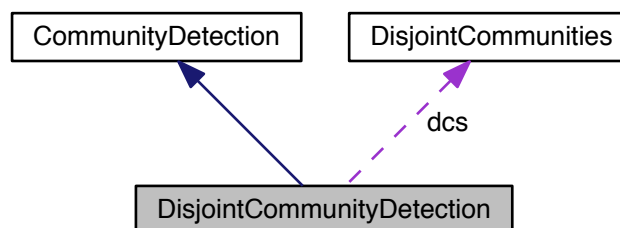
5.21 DisjointCommunityDetection Class Reference

[DisjointCommunityDetection](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for DisjointCommunityDetection:



Collaboration diagram for DisjointCommunityDetection:



Public Member Functions

- virtual [~DisjointCommunityDetection](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- [DisjointCommunities](#) * [GetCommunities](#) ()
Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
- virtual void [Run](#) ()=0
Runs the algorithm in order to find the communities.
- void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the disjoint communities found while executing this algorithm.

- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void [IncludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set additional nodes that can be used.
- virtual void [IncludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set additional edges that can be used.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- [DisjointCommunityDetection](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session](#) &s)
Creates a new instance of [DisjointCommunityDetection](#).
- void [SetCommunity](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) idNode)
Assigns the current community to the given node.
- void [AssertNotCommunityAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Set a new persistent global attribute to store the disjoint communities information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()
Set a new temporary global attribute to store the disjoint communities information.
- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
Removes the global attribute where the disjoint communities information is stored.
- void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) direction)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) direction)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the communities had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)

- Check that the given edge type is valid.*

 - void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)

Check that the given node type is valid.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)

Check if the given node has an allowed type.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edgeId)

Check if the given edge has an allowed type.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)

Check if the given node is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edgeId)

Check if the given edge is allowed (by type or by explicit inclusion).

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)

Check if the given node is forbidden.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)

Check if the given edge is forbidden.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeIncluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)

Check if the given node is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeIncluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)

Check if the given edge is EXPLICITLY allowed using the include set.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t attrCommunity](#)
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [std::wstring attrCommunityName](#)
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t actualCommunity](#)
Current community identifier.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t matResults](#)
Materialized results.
- [DisjointCommunities * dcs](#)
The calculated communities information.
- [sparksee::gdb::Session * sess](#)
Session.
- [sparksee::gdb::Graph * graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- [std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t > nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * nodesNotVisited](#)
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed](#)
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * includedNodes](#)
The set of explicitly included nodes.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * includedEdges](#)
The set of explicitly included edges.

5.21.1 Detailed Description

[DisjointCommunityDetection](#) class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to solve a problem related to graph connectivity as finding the strongly connected components, finding the weakly connected components.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.21.2.1 `DisjointCommunityDetection::DisjointCommunityDetection (sparksee::gdb::Session & s)` [protected]

Creates a new instance of [DisjointCommunityDetection](#).

Parameters

<code>s</code>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the communities
----------------	--

5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

5.21.3.1 `virtual void DisjointCommunityDetection::AddAllEdgeTypes ()` [virtual]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

The edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

5.21.3.2 `void CommunityDetection::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)` [protected], [inherited]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<code>d</code>	[in] Edge direction.
----------------	----------------------

5.21.3.3 `virtual void DisjointCommunityDetection::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)` [virtual]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

The edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
-------------	-----------------

5.21.3.4 `void CommunityDetection::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection direction)` [protected],[inherited]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.21.3.5 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.21.3.6 `virtual void CommunityDetection::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.21.3.7 `DisjointCommunities* DisjointCommunityDetection::GetCommunities ()`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the disjoint communities found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [DisjointCommunities](#) which contain information related to the disjoint communities found.

5.21.3.8 `virtual void CommunityDetection::IncludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual],
[inherited]

Set additional edges that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include edges. Using this optional method adds valid edges to the edges of any edge type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of edges because it's less efficient than just using an edge type. For any edge to be used, both nodes must be also valid.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.21.3.9 `virtual void CommunityDetection::IncludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual],
[inherited]

Set additional nodes that can be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of include nodes. Using this optional method adds valid nodes to the nodes of any node type explicitly set as a valid type. Should only be used to include specific small sets of nodes because it's less efficient than just using a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.21.3.10 `virtual void DisjointCommunityDetection::Run ()` [pure virtual]

Runs the algorithm in order to find the communities.

This method can be called only once.

Implements [CommunityDetection](#).

Implemented in [CommunitiesSCD](#).

5.21.3.11 `void DisjointCommunityDetection::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & attributeName)`

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the disjoint communities found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [DisjointCommunities](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the disjoint communities found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.21.3.12 `void CommunityDetection::SetNodesNotVisited ()` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Set all the selected nodes in `nodesNotVisited`.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `DisjointCommunityDetection.h`

5.22 EdgeData Class Reference

Edge data class.

Public Member Functions

- `~EdgeData ()`
Destructor.
- `oid_t GetEdge () const`
Gets the edge identifier.
- `oid_t GetTail () const`
Gets the tail of the edge.
- `oid_t GetHead () const`
Gets the head of the edge.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.22.1 Detailed Description

Edge data class.

It stores the tail and the head of an edge instance.

In case of undirected edges, the tail and the head are just the two ends of the edge.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.22.2 Member Function Documentation

5.22.2.1 `oid_t EdgeData::GetEdge () const` `[inline]`

Gets the edge identifier.

Returns

The `Sparksee` edge identifier.

5.22.2.2 `oid_t EdgeData::GetHead() const [inline]`

Gets the head of the edge.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) edge identifier of the head of the edge.

5.22.2.3 `oid_t EdgeData::GetTail() const [inline]`

Gets the tail of the edge.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) edge identifier of the tail of the edge.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.23 EdgeExport Class Reference

Stores edge exporting values.

Public Member Functions

- [EdgeExport](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~EdgeExport](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [SetDefaults](#) ()
Sets to default values.
- const std::wstring & [GetLabel](#) () const
Gets the edge label.
- void [SetLabel](#) (const std::wstring &label)
Sets the edge label.
- [bool_t AsDirected](#) () const
Gets if the edge should be managed as directed.
- void [SetAsDirected](#) ([bool_t](#) directed)
Sets if the edge should be managed as directed.
- [ColorRGB GetColorRGB](#) () const
Gets the edge color.
- void [SetColorRGB](#) ([ColorRGB](#) color)
Sets the edge color.
- [ColorRGB GetLabelColorRGB](#) () const
Gets the edge label color.
- void [SetLabelColorRGB](#) ([ColorRGB](#) color)
Sets the edge label color.
- [int32_t GetWidth](#) () const
Gets the edge width.
- void [SetWidth](#) ([int32_t](#) width)
Sets the edge width.
- [int32_t GetFontSize](#) () const
Gets the edge label font size.
- void [SetFontSize](#) ([int32_t](#) size)
Sets the edge label font size.

5.23.1 Detailed Description

Stores edge exporting values.

Some properties may be ignored depending on the exportation type.

Default values are:

Label: "" (empty string).

As directed: TRUE.

Color: 13882323 (0xD3D3D3, Light gray).

Label color: 0 (0x000000, Black).

Width: 5px.

Font size: 10.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.23.2 Member Function Documentation

5.23.2.1 `bool_t EdgeExport::AsDirected () const [inline]`

Gets if the edge should be managed as directed.

TRUE is the default value. If TRUE, use as directed, otherwise use as undirected.

Returns

The edge direction.

5.23.2.2 `ColorRGB EdgeExport::GetColorRGB () const [inline]`

Gets the edge color.

Returns

The edge color.

5.23.2.3 `int32_t EdgeExport::GetFontSize () const [inline]`

Gets the edge label font size.

Returns

The edge label font size.

5.23.2.4 `const std::wstring& EdgeExport::GetLabel () const` [inline]

Gets the edge label.

Returns

The edge label.

5.23.2.5 `ColorRGB EdgeExport::GetLabelColorRGB () const` [inline]

Gets the edge label color.

Returns

The edge label color.

5.23.2.6 `int32_t EdgeExport::GetWidth () const` [inline]

Gets the edge width.

Returns

The edge width.

5.23.2.7 `void EdgeExport::SetAsDirected (bool_t directed)` [inline]

Sets if the edge should be managed as directed.

Parameters

<i>directed</i>	[in] If TRUE, use as directed, otherwise use as undirected.
-----------------	---

5.23.2.8 `void EdgeExport::SetColorRGB (ColorRGB color)` [inline]

Sets the edge color.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	[in] The edge color.
--------------	----------------------

5.23.2.9 `void EdgeExport::SetFontSize (int32_t size)` [inline]

Sets the edge label font size.

Parameters

<i>size</i>	[in] The edge label font size.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.23.2.10 void EdgeExport::SetLabel (const std::wstring & *label*) [inline]

Sets the edge label.

Parameters

<i>label</i>	[in] The edge label.
--------------	----------------------

5.23.2.11 void EdgeExport::SetLabelColorRGB (ColorRGB *color*) [inline]

Sets the edge label color.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	[in] The edge label color.
--------------	----------------------------

5.23.2.12 void EdgeExport::SetWidth (int32_t *width*) [inline]

Sets the edge width.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	[in] The edge width.
--------------	----------------------

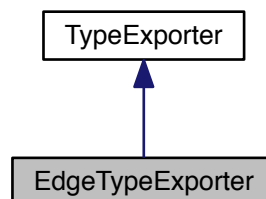
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Export.h

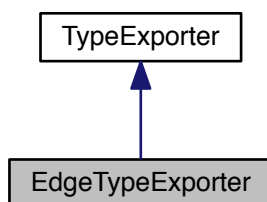
5.24 EdgeTypeExporter Class Reference

[EdgeTypeExporter](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for EdgeTypeExporter:



Collaboration diagram for EdgeTypeExporter:



Public Member Functions

- [EdgeTypeExporter \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- [EdgeTypeExporter \(RowWriter &rowWriter, sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph, sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs, sparksee::gdb::int32_t hPos, sparksee::gdb::int32_t tPos, sparksee::gdb::attr_t hAttr, sparksee::gdb::attr_t tAttr\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~EdgeTypeExporter \(\)](#)
Destructor.
- void [Run \(\)](#) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
See the [TypeExporter](#) class [Run](#) method.
- void [SetHeadAttribute \(sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr\)](#)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.
- void [SetHeadPosition \(sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos\)](#)
Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.
- void [SetTailAttribute \(sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr\)](#)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.
- void [SetTailPosition \(sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos\)](#)
Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.
- void [Register \(TypeExporterListener &tel\)](#)
Registers a new listener.
- void [SetRowWriter \(RowWriter &rw\)](#)
Sets the output data destination.
- void [SetGraph \(sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph\)](#)
Sets the graph that will be exported.
- void [SetType \(sparksee::gdb::type_t type\)](#)
Sets the type to be exported.
- void [SetAttributes \(sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs\)](#)
Sets the list of Attributes.
- void [SetFrequency \(sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq\)](#)
Sets the frequency of listener notification.
- void [SetHeader \(sparksee::gdb::bool_t header\)](#)
Sets the presence of a header row.

Protected Member Functions

- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t CanRun ()`
Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.
- void `NotifyListeners (const TypeExporterEvent &ev)`
Notifies progress to all registered listeners.
- void `RunProcess ()` throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Runs export process.

5.24.1 Detailed Description

`EdgeTypeExporter` class.

Specific `TypeExporter` implementation for edge types.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.24.2.1 `EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter (RowWriter & rowWriter, sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph, sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs, sparksee::gdb::int32_t hPos, sparksee::gdb::int32_t tPos, sparksee::gdb::attr_t hAttr, sparksee::gdb::attr_t tAttr)` `[inline]`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>rowWriter</code>	[in] Output <code>RowWriter</code> .
<code>graph</code>	[in] <code>Graph</code> .
<code>type</code>	[in] <code>Type</code> identifier.
<code>attrs</code>	[in] <code>Attribute</code> identifiers to be exported.
<code>hPos</code>	[in] The position (index column) for the head value.
<code>tPos</code>	[in] The position (index column) for the tail value.
<code>hAttr</code>	[in] The attribute identifier to get the value to be dumped for the head.
<code>tAttr</code>	[in] The attribute identifier to get the value to be dumped for the tail.

References `TypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute()`, `TypeExporter::SetHeadPosition()`, `TypeExporter::SetTailAttribute()`, and `TypeExporter::SetTailPosition()`.

5.24.3 Member Function Documentation

5.24.3.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeExporter::CanRun ()` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.24.3.2 `void TypeExporter::NotifyListeners (const TypeExporterEvent & ev)` [protected],[inherited]

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<i>ev</i>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------	-------------------------------------

5.24.3.3 `void TypeExporter::Register (TypeExporterListener & tel)` [inherited]

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<i>tel</i>	[in] TypeExporterListener to be registered.
------------	---

5.24.3.4 `void TypeExporter::RunProcess () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected],[inherited]

Runs export process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen writing to the RowWriter .
-----------------------------	---

5.24.3.5 `void TypeExporter::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)` [inherited]

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be exported
--------------	---

5.24.3.6 `void TypeExporter::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)` [inherited]

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.24.3.7 void TypeExporter::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & *graph*) [inherited]

Sets the graph that will be exported.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.24.3.8 void EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) [inline]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

References TypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute().

5.24.3.9 void TypeExporter::SetHeader (sparksee::gdb::bool_t *header*) [inherited]

Sets the presence of a header row.

Parameters

<i>header</i>	[in] If TRUE, a header row is dumped with the name of the attributes.
---------------	---

5.24.3.10 void EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *pos*) [inline]

Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

References TypeExporter::SetHeadPosition().

5.24.3.11 void TypeExporter::SetRowWriter (RowWriter & *rw*) [inherited]

Sets the output data destination.

Parameters

<i>rw</i>	[in] Input RowWriter .
-----------	--

5.24.3.12 void EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) [inline]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

References [TypeExporter::SetTailAttribute\(\)](#).

5.24.3.13 void [EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailPosition](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos](#)) [[inline](#)]

Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Tail position
------------	--------------------

References [END_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE](#), and [TypeExporter::SetTailPosition\(\)](#).

5.24.3.14 void [TypeExporter::SetType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t type](#)) [[inherited](#)]

Sets the type to be exported.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	---------------------------------------

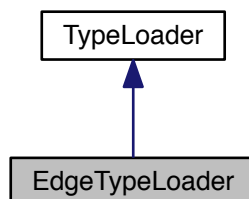
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [EdgeTypeExporter.h](#)

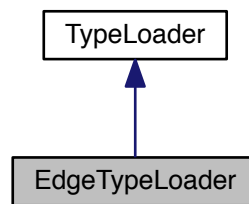
5.25 EdgeTypeLoader Class Reference

[EdgeTypeLoader](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for [EdgeTypeLoader](#):



Collaboration diagram for EdgeTypeLoader:



Public Member Functions

- [EdgeTypeLoader](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [EdgeTypeLoader](#) ([RowReader](#) &rowReader, [sparksee::gdb::Graph](#) &graph, [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::AttributeList](#) &attrs, [sparksee::gdb::Int32List](#) &attrsPos, [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) hPos, [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) tPos, [sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) hAttr, [sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) tAttr, [sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint](#) headMEP, [sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint](#) tailMEP)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~EdgeTypeLoader](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Run](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [Run](#) method.
- void [RunTwoPhases](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [RunTwoPhases](#) method.
- void [RunNPhases](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) partitions) throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [RunNPhases](#) method.
- void [SetHeadAttribute](#) ([sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.
- void [SetHeadPosition](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) pos)
Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.
- void [SetTailAttribute](#) ([sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.
- void [SetTailPosition](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) pos)
Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.
- void [SetTailMEP](#) ([sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint](#) mep)
Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.
- void [SetHeadMEP](#) ([sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint](#) mep)
Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.
- void [SetLogError](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#))
Sets a log error file.
- void [SetLogOff](#) ()
Truns off all the error reporting.
- void [Register](#) ([TypeLoaderListener](#) &tel)
Registers a new listener.

- void [SetRowReader](#) ([RowReader](#) &rr)
Sets the input data source.
- void [SetGraph](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph)
Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.
- void [SetType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Sets the type to be loaded.
- void [SetAttributes](#) (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
Sets the list of Attributes.
- void [SetAttributePositions](#) (sparksee::gdb::Int32List &attrsPos)
Sets the list of attribute positions.
- void [SetTimestampFormat](#) (const std::wstring ×tampFormat)
Sets a specific timestamp format.
- void [SetFrequency](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)
Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Protected Types

Protected Member Functions

- void [Run](#) ([Mode](#) ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Runs load process.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t CanRun](#) ()
Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.
- void [NotifyListeners](#) (const [TypeLoaderEvent](#) &ev)
Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

5.25.1 Detailed Description

[EdgeTypeLoader](#) class.

Specific [TypeLoader](#) implementation for edge types.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.25.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.25.2.1 enum [TypeLoader::Mode](#) [protected], [inherited]

Load can work in different ways.

Enumerator

ONE_PHASE Performs the load in a phases. Load all objects an attributes at the same time.

TWO_PHASES Performs the load in two phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

N_PHASES Performs the load in N phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes. But in this case, attributes are loaded one by one. This way, if there are three attributes, then 4 traverses to the [RowReader](#) are necessary.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

5.25.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.25.3.1 `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader (RowReader & rowReader, sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph, sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs, sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos, sparksee::gdb::int32_t hPos, sparksee::gdb::int32_t tPos, sparksee::gdb::attr_t hAttr, sparksee::gdb::attr_t tAttr, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint headMEP, sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint tailMEP) [inline]`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>rowReader</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded.
<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index ≥ 0). to all listeners.
<i>hPos</i>	[in] The position (index column) for the head value.
<i>tPos</i>	[in] The position (index column) for the tail value.
<i>hAttr</i>	[in] The attribute identifier for the head.
<i>tAttr</i>	[in] The attribute identifier for the tail.
<i>tailMEP</i>	[in] The MissingEndpoint policy for the tail nodes
<i>headMEP</i>	[in] The MissingEndpoint policy for the head nodes

References [TypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute\(\)](#), [TypeLoader::SetHeadMEP\(\)](#), [TypeLoader::SetHeadPosition\(\)](#), [TypeLoader::SetTailAttribute\(\)](#), [TypeLoader::SetTailMEP\(\)](#), and [TypeLoader::SetTailPosition\(\)](#).

5.25.4 Member Function Documentation

5.25.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeLoader::CanRun () [protected], [inherited]`

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.25.4.2 `void TypeLoader::NotifyListeners (const TypeLoaderEvent & ev) [protected], [inherited]`

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<i>ev</i>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------	-------------------------------------

5.25.4.3 `void TypeLoader::Register (TypeLoaderListener & tel) [inherited]`

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>tel</i>	TypeLoaderListener to be registered.
-----------	------------	--

5.25.4.4 void `TypeLoader::Run (Mode ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par)` throw `sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected], [inherited]

Runs load process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen reading from the RowReader .
-----------------------------	---

Parameters

<i>ph</i>	[in] The load mode.
<i>par</i>	[in] Number of horizontal partitions to perform the load.

5.25.4.5 void `TypeLoader::SetAttributePositions (sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos)` [inherited]

Sets the list of attribute positions.

Parameters

<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index ≥ 0).
-----------------	--

5.25.4.6 void `TypeLoader::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)` [inherited]

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded
--------------	---

5.25.4.7 void `TypeLoader::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)` [inherited]

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.25.4.8 void `TypeLoader::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph)` [inherited]

Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.25.4.9 void EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr`) [inline]

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

References `TypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute()`.

5.25.4.10 void EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadMEP (`sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint mep`) [inline]

Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

References `END_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE`, and `TypeLoader::SetHeadMEP()`.

5.25.4.11 void EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadPosition (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos`) [inline]

Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

References `TypeLoader::SetHeadPosition()`.

5.25.4.12 void TypeLoader::SetLocale (`const std::wstring & localeStr`) [inherited]

Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.

It should match the locale used in the rowreader.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the read data. See CSVReader .
------------------	---

5.25.4.13 `void TypeLoader::SetLogError (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` `[inherited]`

Sets a log error file.

By default errors are thrown as a exception and the load process ends. If a log file is set, errors are logged there and the load process does not stop.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] The path to the error log file.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.25.4.14 `void TypeLoader::SetLogOff ()` `[inherited]`

Turns off all the error reporting.

The log file will not be created and no exceptions for invalid data will be thrown. If you just want to turn off the logs, but abort at the first error what you should do is not call this method and not set a logError file.

5.25.4.15 `void TypeLoader::SetRowReader (RowReader & rr)` `[inherited]`

Sets the input data source.

Parameters

<i>rr</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
-----------	--

5.25.4.16 `void EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)` `[inline]`

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

References `TypeLoader::SetTailAttribute()`.

5.25.4.17 `void EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailMEP (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint mep)` `[inline]`

Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

References `TypeLoader::SetTailMEP()`.

5.25.4.18 `void EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos) [inline]`

Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<code>pos</code>	[in] Tail position
------------------	--------------------

References `TypeLoader::SetTailPosition()`.

5.25.4.19 `void TypeLoader::SetTimestampFormat (const std::wstring & timestampFormat) [inherited]`

Sets a specific timestamp format.

Parameters

<code>timestampFormat</code>	[in] A string with the timestamp format definition.
------------------------------	---

5.25.4.20 `void TypeLoader::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) [inherited]`

Sets the type to be loaded.

Parameters

<code>type</code>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------------	---------------------------------------

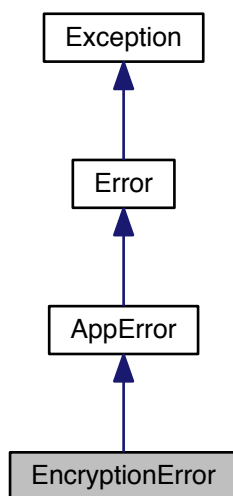
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `EdgeTypeLoader.h`

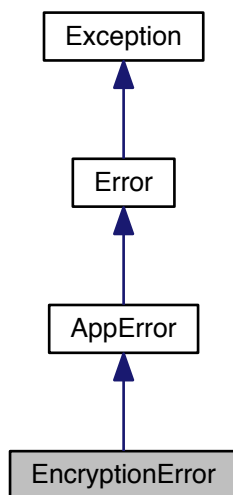
5.26 EncryptionError Class Reference

Wrong encryption arguments error class.

Inheritance diagram for EncryptionError:



Collaboration diagram for EncryptionError:



Public Member Functions

- [EncryptionError \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.

- [EncryptionError](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~EncryptionError](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ThrowError](#) (int32_t coreErrorCode)
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.26.1 Detailed Description

Wrong encryption arguments error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.26.2.1 EncryptionError::EncryptionError (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.26.3 Member Function Documentation

5.26.3.1 const std::string& Exception::Message () const [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.26.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.26.3.3 static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode) [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

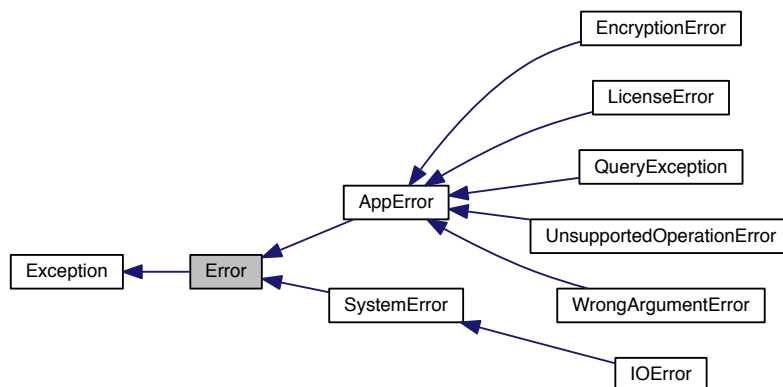
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

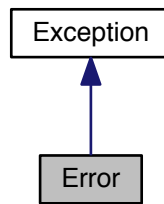
5.27 Error Class Reference

[Error](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Error:



Collaboration diagram for Error:



Public Member Functions

- `Error ()`
Creates a new instance.
- `Error (const std::string &mess)`
Creates a new instance.
- `virtual ~Error ()`
Destructor.
- `const std::string & Message () const`
Gets the message of the exception.
- `void SetMessage (const std::string &mess)`
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- `static void ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)`
Throws a new `Error` instance from a `sparksee_core` error code.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string message`
Message of the exception.

5.27.1 Detailed Description

`Error` class.

An `Error` corresponds to an unexpected and unpredictable exception.

As all methods can throw an `Error` at any moment, it is not expected they declare the `Error` (or subclasses) they may throw.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.27.2.1 `Error::Error (const std::string & mess)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.27.3 Member Function Documentation**5.27.3.1** `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.27.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)` [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.27.3.3 `static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)` [static]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

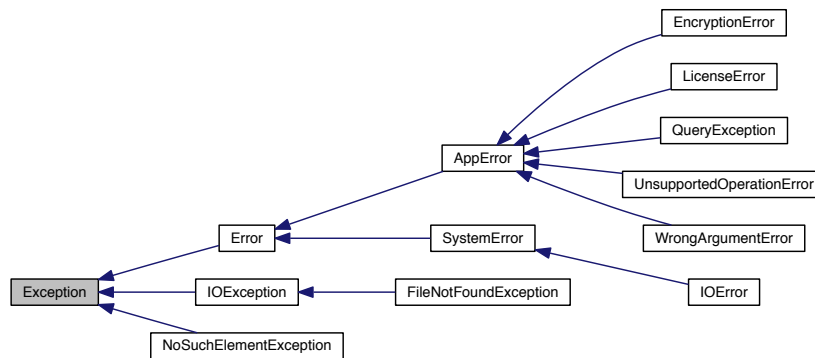
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.28 Exception Class Reference

[Exception](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Exception:



Public Member Functions

- [Exception](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [Exception](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.
- virtual [~Exception](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.28.1 Detailed Description

[Exception](#) class.

This is the superclass of those exceptions that can be thrown during the normal execution of a program.

It is expected all methods declare all [Exception](#) (or subclasses) they throw.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.28.2.1 [Exception::Exception](#) (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.28.3 Member Function Documentation**5.28.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const`**

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.28.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)`

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

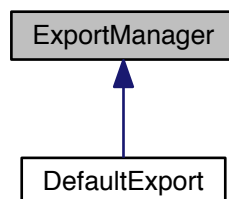
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.29 ExportManager Class Reference

Defines how to export a graph to an external format.

Inheritance diagram for ExportManager:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~ExportManager ()`
Destructor.
- virtual void `Prepare (Graph *graph)=0`
Prepares the graph for the export process.
- virtual void `Release ()=0`
Ends the export process.
- virtual `bool_t GetGraph (GraphExport &graphExport)=0`
Gets the graph export definition.
- virtual `bool_t GetNodeType (type_t type, NodeExport &nodeExport)=0`
Gets the default node export definition for the given node type.
- virtual `bool_t GetEdgeType (type_t type, EdgeExport &edgeExport)=0`
Gets the default node export definition for the given edge type.
- virtual `bool_t GetNode (oid_t node, NodeExport &nodeExport)=0`
Gets the node export definition for the given node.
- virtual `bool_t GetEdge (oid_t edge, EdgeExport &edgeExport)=0`
Gets the edge export definition for the given edge.
- virtual `bool_t EnableType (type_t type)=0`
Gets whether a node or edge type must be exported or not.

5.29.1 Detailed Description

Defines how to export a graph to an external format.

This is an interface which must be implemented by the user. While the export proces, a call for each node or edge type and node or edge object is done to get how to export that element.

It is possible to export a [Graph](#) to a diferent fortformats. Nowadays, available formats are defined in the `ExportType` enum.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.29.2 Member Function Documentation

5.29.2.1 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::EnableType (type_t type)` [pure virtual]

Gets whether a node or edge type must be exported or not.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	Node or edge type identifier.
-------------	-------------------------------

Returns

If TRUE all objects of the given type will be exported, otherwise they will not be exported.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.2 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::GetEdge (oid_t edge, EdgeExport & edgeExport) [pure virtual]`

Gets the edge export definition for the given edge.

Parameters

<i>edge</i>	Edge identifier.
<i>edgeExport</i>	[out] The EdgeExport which defines how to export given edge.

Returns

TRUE if the given [EdgeExport](#) has been updated, otherwise FALSE will be returned and the default [EdgeExport](#) for the type the edge belongs to will be used.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.3 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::GetEdgeType (type_t type, EdgeExport & edgeExport) [pure virtual]`

Gets the default node export definition for the given edge type.

GetEdge has a higher priority than this function. That is, only if GetEdge returns FALSE, the [EdgeExport](#) of this function will be used.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type identifier.
<i>edgeExport</i>	[out] The EdgeExport which defines how to export the edges of the given type.

Returns

TRUE.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.4 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::GetGraph (GraphExport & graphExport) [pure virtual]`

Gets the graph export definition.

Parameters

<i>graphExport</i>	[out] The GraphExport which defines how to export the graph.
--------------------	--

Returns

TRUE.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.5 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::GetNode (oid_t node, NodeExport & nodeExport) [pure virtual]`

Gets the node export definition for the given node.

Parameters

<i>node</i>	Node identifier.
<i>nodeExport</i>	[out] The NodeExport which defines how to export given node.

Returns

TRUE if the given [NodeExport](#) has been updated, otherwise FALSE will be returned and the default [NodeExport](#) for the type the node belongs to will be used.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.6 `virtual bool_t ExportManager::GetNodeType (type_t type, NodeExport & nodeExport) [pure virtual]`

Gets the default node export definition for the given node type.

GetNode has a higher priority than this function. That is, only if GetNode returns FALSE, the [NodeExport](#) of this function will be used.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Node type identifier.
<i>nodeExport</i>	[out] The NodeExport which defines how to export the nodes of the given type.

Returns

TRUE.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.7 `virtual void ExportManager::Prepare (Graph * graph) [pure virtual]`

Prepares the graph for the export process.

It is called once before the export process.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	Graph to be exported.
--------------	---------------------------------------

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

5.29.2.8 `virtual void ExportManager::Release () [pure virtual]`

Ends the export process.

It is called once after the export process.

Implemented in [DefaultExport](#).

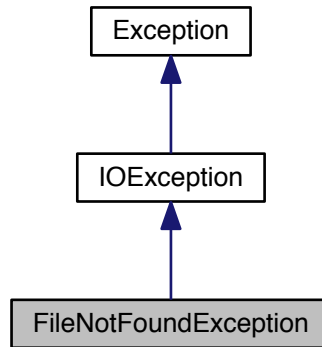
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Export.h](#)

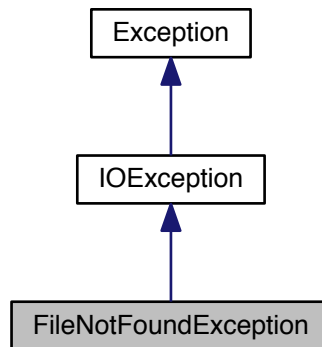
5.30 FileNotFoundException Class Reference

File not found exception class.

Inheritance diagram for FileNotFoundException:



Collaboration diagram for FileNotFoundException:



Public Member Functions

- [FileNotFoundException](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [FileNotFoundException](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~FileNotFoundException](#) ()
Destructor.

- `const std::string & Message () const`
Gets the message of the exception.
- `void SetMessage (const std::string &mess)`
Sets the message of the exception.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string message`
Message of the exception.

5.30.1 Detailed Description

File not found exception class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.30.2.1 FileNotFoundException::FileNotFoundException (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.30.3 Member Function Documentation

5.30.3.1 const std::string& Exception::Message () const [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.30.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

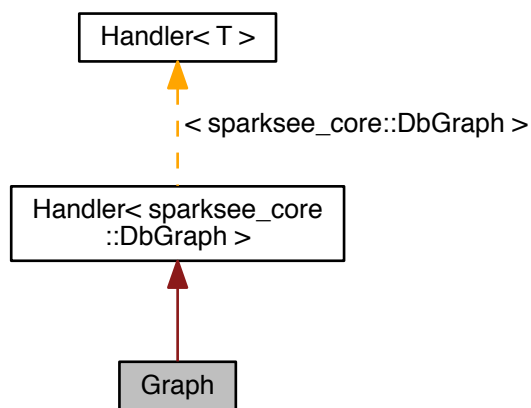
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

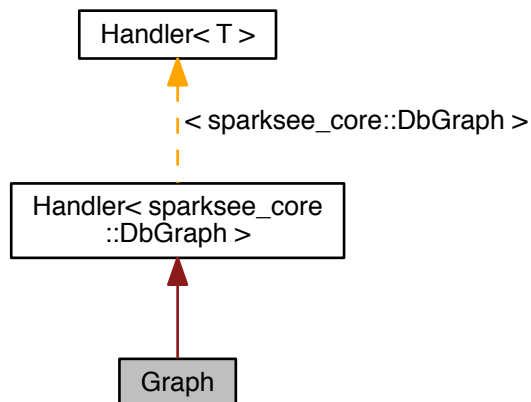
5.31 Graph Class Reference

[Graph](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Graph:



Collaboration diagram for Graph:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Graph ()`
Destructor.
- `type_t NewNodeType (const std::wstring &name)`
Creates a new node type.
- `oid_t NewNode (type_t type)`
Creates a new node instance.
- `type_t NewEdgeType (const std::wstring &name, bool_t directed, bool_t neighbors)`
Creates a new edge type.
- `type_t NewRestrictedEdgeType (const std::wstring &name, type_t tail, type_t head, bool_t neighbors)`
Creates a new restricted edge type.
- void `IndexNeighbors (type_t edgeType, bool_t neighbors)`
Creates or destroys the neighbors index of an edge type.
- `oid_t NewEdge (type_t type, oid_t tail, oid_t head)`
Creates a new edge instance.
- `oid_t NewEdge (type_t type, attr_t tailAttr, Value &tailV, attr_t headAttr, Value &headV)`
Creates a new edge instance.
- `int64_t CountNodes ()`
Gets the number of nodes.
- `int64_t CountEdges ()`
Gets the number of edges.
- `EdgeData * GetEdgeData (oid_t edge)`
Gets information about an edge.
- `oid_t GetEdgePeer (oid_t edge, oid_t node)`
Gets the other end for the given edge.
- void `Drop (oid_t oid)`
Drops the given OID.
- void `Drop (Objects *objs)`
Drops all the OIDs from the given collection.
- `type_t GetObjectType (oid_t oid)`
Gets the Sparksee node or edge type identifier for the given OID.
- `attr_t NewAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring &name, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind)`
Creates a new attribute.
- `attr_t NewAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring &name, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind, Value &default←
Value)`
Creates a new attribute with a default value.
- `attr_t NewSessionAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind)`
Creates a new Session attribute.
- `attr_t NewSessionAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind, Value &defaultValue)`
Creates a new Session attribute with a default value.
- `attr_t NewArrayAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring &name, DataType dt, int32_t size)`
Creates a new array attribute.
- `attr_t NewSessionArrayAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, int32_t size)`
Creates a new Session array attribute.
- void `SetAttributeDefaultValue (attr_t attr, Value &value)`
Sets a default value for an attribute.
- void `IndexAttribute (attr_t attr, AttributeKind kind)`
Updates the index of the given attribute.
- void `GetAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, Value &value)`
Gets the Value for the given attribute and OID.

- **Value * GetAttribute** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)
Gets the Value for the given attribute and OID.
- **TextStream * GetAttributeText** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)
Gets the read-only TextStream for the given text attribute and OID.
- void **SetAttributeText** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, TextStream *tstream)
Sets the writable TextStream for the given text attribute and OID.
- **ValueArray * GetArrayAttribute** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)
Gets the ValueArray for the given array attribute and OID or NULL if it does not exist.
- **ValueArray * SetArrayAttribute** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, const Value &value)
Sets all the elements of the ValueArray for the given array attribute and OID and returns it.
- void **SetArrayAttributeVoid** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, const Value &value)
Sets all the elements of the ValueArray for the given array attribute and OID.
- void **SetArrayAttribute** (attr_t attr, const Value &value)
Sets all the values of the array of the given array attribute for all the objects of the types the attribute applies to.
- void **SetAttribute** (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, Value &value)
Sets the Value for the given attribute and OID.
- **AttributeStatistics * GetAttributeStatistics** (attr_t attr, bool_t basic)
Gets statistics from the given attribute.
- **int64_t GetAttributeIntervalCount** (attr_t attr, Value &lower, bool_t includeLower, Value &higher, bool_t includeHigher)
Gets how many objects have a value into the given range for the given attribute.
- void **SetAttribute** (attr_t attr, Value &value)
Sets the value of the given attribute for all the objects of the types the attribute applies to.
- **type_t FindType** (const std::wstring &name)
Gets the Sparksee type identifier for the given type name.
- **Type * GetType** (type_t type)
Gets information about the given type.
- void **RemoveType** (type_t type)
Removes the given type.
- void **RenameType** (const std::wstring &oldName, const std::wstring &newName)
Renames a type.
- void **RenameType** (type_t type, const std::wstring &newName)
Renames a type.
- **attr_t FindAttribute** (type_t type, const std::wstring &name)
Gets the Sparksee attribute identifier for the given type identifier and attribute name.
- **Attribute * GetAttribute** (attr_t attr)
Gets information about the given attribute.
- void **RemoveAttribute** (attr_t attr)
Removes the given attribute.
- void **RenameAttribute** (attr_t attr, const std::wstring &newName)
Renames an attribute.
- **oid_t FindObject** (attr_t attr, Value &value)
Finds one object having the given Value for the given attribute.
- **oid_t FindOrCreateObject** (attr_t attr, Value &value)
Finds one object having the given Value for the attribute or it creates one does not exist any.
- **Objects * Select** (type_t type)
Selects all OIDs belonging to the given type.
- **Objects * Select** (attr_t attr, Condition cond, const Value &value)
Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.
- **Objects * Select** (attr_t attr, Condition cond, const Value &lower, const Value &higher)
Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.

- **Objects * Select** (**attr_t** attr, **Condition** cond, const **Value** &value, const **Objects** *restriction)
Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.
- **Objects * Select** (**attr_t** attr, **Condition** cond, const **Value** &lower, const **Value** &higher, const **Objects** *restriction)
Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Order** order, **int32_t** k)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Condition** operation, const **Value** &lower, **Order** order, **int32_t** k)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Condition** operation, const **Value** &lower, const **Value** &higher, **Order** order, **int32_t** k)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Order** order, **int32_t** k, **Objects** *restriction)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Condition** operation, const **Value** &lower, **Order** order, **int32_t** k, **Objects** *restriction)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **KeyValues * TopK** (**attr_t** attribute, **Condition** operation, const **Value** &lower, const **Value** &higher, **Order** order, **int32_t** k, **Objects** *restriction)
Gets a KeyValues iterator as a result of the TopK operation.
- **Objects * Explode** (**oid_t** oid, **type_t** etype, **EdgesDirection** dir)
Selects all edges from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.
- **Objects * Explode** (**Objects** *objs, **type_t** etype, **EdgesDirection** dir)
Selects all edges from or to each of the node OID in the given collection and for the given edge type.
- **int64_t Degree** (**oid_t** oid, **type_t** etype, **EdgesDirection** dir)
Gets the number of edges from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.
- **Objects * Neighbors** (**oid_t** oid, **type_t** etype, **EdgesDirection** dir)
Selects all neighbor nodes from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.
- **Objects * Neighbors** (**Objects** *objs, **type_t** etype, **EdgesDirection** dir)
Selects all neighbor nodes from or to each of the node OID in the given collection and for the given edge type.
- **Objects * Edges** (**type_t** etype, **oid_t** tail, **oid_t** head)
Gets all the edges of the given type between two given nodes (tail and head).
- **oid_t FindEdge** (**type_t** etype, **oid_t** tail, **oid_t** head)
Gets any of the edges of the given type between two given nodes (tail and head).
- **oid_t FindOrCreateEdge** (**type_t** etype, **oid_t** tail, **oid_t** head)
Gets any of the edges of the specified type between two given nodes (tail and head).
- **Objects * Tails** (**Objects** *edges)
Gets all the tails from the given edges collection.
- **Objects * Heads** (**Objects** *edges)
Gets all the heads from the given edges collection.
- **void TailsAndHeads** (**Objects** *edges, **Objects** *tails, **Objects** *heads)
Gets all the tails and heads from the given edges collection.
- **TypeList * FindNodeTypes** ()
Gets all existing Sparksee node type identifiers.
- **TypeList * FindEdgeTypes** ()
Gets all existing Sparksee edge type identifiers.
- **TypeList * FindTypes** ()
Gets all existing Sparksee node and edge type identifiers.
- **AttributeList * FindAttributes** (**type_t** type)
Gets all existing Sparksee attribute identifiers for the given type identifier.
- **AttributeList * GetAttributes** (**oid_t** oid)

- Gets all [Sparksee](#) attribute identifiers with a non-NULL value for the given [Sparksee](#) OID.*

 - [Values](#) * [GetValues](#) ([attr_t](#) attr)
 - Gets the [Value](#) collection for the given attribute.*
 - void [DumpData](#) (const std::wstring &file) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Dumps logical data to a file.*
 - void [DumpStorage](#) (const std::wstring &file) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Dumps internal storage data to a file.*
 - void [Export](#) (const std::wstring &file, [ExportType](#) type, [ExportManager](#) *em) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
 - Exports the [Graph](#).*
 - void [Backup](#) (const std::wstring &file) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Dumps all the data to a backup file.*
 - void [EncryptedBackup](#) (const std::wstring &file, const std::wstring &keyInHex, const std::wstring &ivInHex) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Dumps all the data to a backup file.*

Private Member Functions

- sparksee_core::DbGraph * [GetHandler](#) ()
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- const sparksee_core::DbGraph * [GetHandler](#) () const
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- void [SetHandler](#) (sparksee_core::DbGraph *h)
 - Sets the handled reference.*
- void [FreeHandler](#) ()
 - Frees (deletes) the handled reference.*
- [bool_t](#) [IsNull](#) () const
 - Gets if the handler is NULL.*

Friends

- class [Session](#)
- class [Values](#)
- class [ValuesIterator](#)

5.31.1 Detailed Description

[Graph](#) class.

Each [Database](#) has a [Graph](#) associated, which is the persistent graph which contains all data stored into the graph database and is retrieved from a [Session](#).

Check out the 'API' and the 'SPARKSEE graph database' sections in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on the use of this class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.31.2 Member Function Documentation

5.31.2.1 void Graph::Backup (const std::wstring & file) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Dumps all the data to a backup file.

See the [Sparksee](#) class Restore methods.

Parameters

<i>file</i>	[in] Output backup file path.
-------------	-------------------------------

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.31.2.2 `int64_t Graph::CountEdges ()`

Gets the number of edges.

Returns

The number of edges.

5.31.2.3 `int64_t Graph::CountNodes ()`

Gets the number of nodes.

Returns

The number of nodes.

5.31.2.4 `int64_t Graph::Degree (oid_t oid, type_t etype, EdgesDirection dir)`

Gets the number of edges from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee node OID.
<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Direction.

Returns

The number of edges.

5.31.2.5 `void Graph::Drop (oid_t oid)`

Drops the given OID.

It also removes its edges as well as its attribute values.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID to be removed.
------------	--

5.31.2.6 void Graph::Drop (Objects * *objs*)

Drops all the OIDs from the given collection.

See Drop method with the single OID parameter. This performs the same operation for each object in the given set.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects collection with the OIDs to be removed.
-------------	--

5.31.2.7 void Graph::DumpData (const std::wstring & *file*) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Dumps logical data to a file.

Parameters

<i>file</i>	[in] Output file path.
-------------	------------------------

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.31.2.8 void Graph::DumpStorage (const std::wstring & *file*) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Dumps internal storage data to a file.

Parameters

<i>file</i>	[in] Output file path.
-------------	------------------------

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.31.2.9 Objects* Graph::Edges (type_t *etype*, oid_t *tail*, oid_t *head*)

Gets all the edges of the given type between two given nodes (tail and head).

Parameters

<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>tail</i>	[in] Tail node identifier.
<i>head</i>	[in] Head node identifier.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.10 void Graph::EncryptedBackup (const std::wstring & *file*, const std::wstring & *keyInHex*, const std::wstring & *ivInHex*) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Dumps all the data to a backup file.

See the [Sparksee](#) class RestoreEncryptedBackup methods.

Parameters

<i>file</i>	[in] Output backup file path.
<i>keyInHex</i>	[In] The AES encryption Key as an hexadecimal string (8, 16 or 32 bytes).
<i>ivInHex</i>	[In] The AES Initialization Vector as an hexadecimal string (16 bytes).

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.31.2.11 **Objects*** Graph::Explode (*oid_t oid*, *type_t etype*, EdgesDirection *dir*)

Selects all edges from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee node OID.
<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Direction.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.12 **Objects*** Graph::Explode (**Objects *** *objs*, *type_t etype*, EdgesDirection *dir*)

Selects all edges from or to each of the node OID in the given collection and for the given edge type.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Sparksee node OID collection.
<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Direction.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.13 `void Graph::Export (const std::wstring & file, ExportType type, ExportManager * em) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException)`

Exports the [Graph](#).

Parameters

<i>file</i>	[in] Output file.
<i>type</i>	[in] Export type.
<i>em</i>	[in] Defines how to do the export for each graph object.

5.31.2.14 `attr_t Graph::FindAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring & name)`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier for the given type identifier and attribute name.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
<i>name</i>	[in] Unique attribute name.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier for the given type and attribute name or `InvalidAttribute` if there is no attribute with the given name for the given type.

5.31.2.15 `AttributeList* Graph::FindAttributes (type_t type)`

Gets all existing [Sparksee](#) attribute identifiers for the given type identifier.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
-------------	--

Returns

[Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.

5.31.2.16 `oid_t Graph::FindEdge (type_t etype, oid_t tail, oid_t head)`

Gets any of the edges of the given type between two given nodes (tail and head).

If there are more than one, then any of them will be returned. And in case there are no edge between the given tail and head, the [Objects](#) `InvalidOID` will be returned.

Parameters

<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>tail</i>	[in] Tail node identifier.
<i>head</i>	[in] Head node identifier.

Returns

Any of the edges or the [Objects](#) InvalidOID.

5.31.2.17 TypeList* Graph::FindEdgeTypes ()

Gets all existing [Sparksee](#) edge type identifiers.

Returns

[Sparksee](#) edge type identifier list.

5.31.2.18 TypeList* Graph::FindNodeTypes ()

Gets all existing [Sparksee](#) node type identifiers.

Returns

[Sparksee](#) node type identifier list.

5.31.2.19 oid_t Graph::FindObject (attr_t attr, Value & value)

Finds one object having the given [Value](#) for the given attribute.

If there are more than one, then any of them will be returned. And in case there are no object having this [Value](#), the [Objects](#) InvalidOID will be returned.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value .

Returns

[Sparksee](#) OID or the [Objects](#) InvalidOID.

5.31.2.20 oid_t Graph::FindOrCreateEdge (type_t etype, oid_t tail, oid_t head)

Gets any of the edges of the specified type between two given nodes (tail and head).

If it can not find any edge of this type between them it tries to create a new one.

Parameters

<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>tail</i>	[in] Tail node identifier.
<i>head</i>	[in] Head node identifier.

Returns

Any of the edges or the [Objects](#) InvalidOID.

5.31.2.21 `oid_t Graph::FindOrCreateObject (attr_t attr, Value & value)`

Finds one object having the given [Value](#) for the attribute or it creates one does not exist any.

If the attribute is a node or edge attribute and at least one node/edge with that value is found, it returns one of them. But if it does not exist, then: If it's a node attribute it will create it and set the attribute. If it's an edge attribute it will return the InvalidOID.

Using this method with a global attribute will return the InvalidOID.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value .

Returns

[Sparksee](#) OID or the [Objects](#) InvalidOID.

5.31.2.22 `type_t Graph::FindType (const std::wstring & name)`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) type identifier for the given type name.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Unique type name.
-------------	------------------------

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) type identifier for the given type name or the [Type](#) InvalidType if there is no type with the given name.

5.31.2.23 `TypeList* Graph::FindTypes ()`

Gets all existing [Sparksee](#) node and edge type identifiers.

Returns

[Sparksee](#) node and edge type identifier list.

5.31.2.24 `ValueArray* Graph::GetArrayAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)`

Gets the [ValueArray](#) for the given array attribute and OID or NULL if it does not exist.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee array attribute identifier.

Returns

A [ValueArray](#). This returns a [ValueArray](#), a NULL or throws an exception.

5.31.2.25 void Graph::GetAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, Value & value)

Gets the [Value](#) for the given attribute and OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in out] Value for the given attribute and for the given OID.

5.31.2.26 Value* Graph::GetAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)

Gets the [Value](#) for the given attribute and OID.

The other version of this call, where the [Value](#) is an output parameter instead of the return, is better because it allows the user to reuse an existing [Value](#) instance, whereas this call always creates a new [Value](#) instance to be returned.

It never returns NULL. Thus, in case the OID has a NULL value for the attribute it returns a NULL [Value](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.

Returns

A new [Value](#) instance having the attribute value for the given OID.

5.31.2.27 Attribute* Graph::GetAttribute (attr_t attr)

Gets information about the given attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
-------------	---

Returns

The [Attribute](#) for the given [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.28 `int64_t Graph::GetAttributeIntervalCount (attr_t attr, Value & lower, bool_t includeLower, Value & higher, bool_t includeHigher)`

Gets how many objects have a value into the given range for the given attribute.

This only works for the attributes with the AttributeKind Indexed or Unique.

Given values must belong to the same DataType than the attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>lower</i>	[in] Lower bound Value of the range.
<i>includeLower</i>	[in] If TRUE, include lower bound Value of the range.
<i>higher</i>	[in] Higher bound Value of the range.
<i>includeHigher</i>	[in] If TRUE, include higher bound Value of the range.

Returns

Number of objects having a value into the given range.

5.31.2.29 `AttributeList* Graph::GetAttributes (oid_t oid)`

Gets all [Sparksee](#) attribute identifiers with a non-NULL value for the given [Sparksee](#) OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
------------	------------------------------------

Returns

[Sparksee](#) attribute identifier list.

5.31.2.30 `AttributeStatistics* Graph::GetAttributeStatistics (attr_t attr, bool_t basic)`

Gets statistics from the given attribute.

The statistics can only be obtained from Indexed or Unique attributes.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>basic</i>	[in] If FALSE all statistics are computed, if TRUE just those statistics marked as basic will be computed (see description of the AttributeStatistics class). Of course, computing just basic statistics will be faster than computing all of them.

Returns

An [AttributeStatistics](#) instance.

5.31.2.31 `TextStream*` `Graph::GetAttributeText (oid_t oid, attr_t attr)`

Gets the read-only [TextStream](#) for the given text attribute and OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.

Returns

A [TextStream](#). This returns a [TextStream](#) to read.

5.31.2.32 `EdgeData*` `Graph::GetEdgeData (oid_t edge)`

Gets information about an edge.

Parameters

<i>edge</i>	[in] Sparksee edge identifier.
-------------	--

Returns

An [EdgeData](#) instance.

5.31.2.33 `oid_t` `Graph::GetEdgePeer (oid_t edge, oid_t node)`

Gets the other end for the given edge.

Parameters

<i>edge</i>	[in] Sparksee edge identifier.
<i>node</i>	[in] Sparksee node identifier. It must be one of the ends of the edge.

Returns

The other end of the edge.

5.31.2.34 `type_t` `Graph::GetObjectType (oid_t oid)`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) node or edge type identifier for the given OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
------------	------------------------------------

Returns

[Sparksee](#) node or edge type identifier.

5.31.2.35 **Type*** Graph::GetType (*type_t type*)

Gets information about the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
-------------	--

Returns

The [Type](#) for the given [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.31.2.36 **Values*** Graph::GetValues (*attr_t attr*)

Gets the [Value](#) collection for the given attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
-------------	---

Returns

Returns a [Values](#) object.

5.31.2.37 **Objects*** Graph::Heads (*Objects * edges*)

Gets all the heads from the given edges collection.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] Sparksee edge identifier collection.
--------------	---

Returns

The heads collection.

5.31.2.38 void Graph::IndexAttribute (*attr_t attr*, *AttributeKind kind*)

Updates the index of the given attribute.

This just works if the current index of the attribute corresponds to the AttributeKind Basic and the new one is Indexed or Unique.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>kind</i>	[in] Attribute kind.

5.31.2.39 void Graph::IndexNeighbors (type_t edgeType, bool_t neighbors)

Creates or destroys the neighbors index of an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edgeType</i>	[in] Sparksee Edge type identifier.
<i>neighbors</i>	[in] If TRUE, it indexes the neighbor nodes, otherwise it removes the index.

5.31.2.40 Objects* Graph::Neighbors (oid_t oid, type_t etype, EdgesDirection dir)

Selects all neighbor nodes from or to the given node OID and for the given edge type.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee node OID.
<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Direction.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.41 Objects* Graph::Neighbors (Objects * objs, type_t etype, EdgesDirection dir)

Selects all neighbor nodes from or to each of the node OID in the given collection and for the given edge type.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Sparksee node OID collection.
<i>etype</i>	[in] Sparksee edge type identifier.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Direction.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.42 attr_t Graph::NewArrayAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring & name, DataType dt, int32_t size)

Creates a new array attribute.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new attribute.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Base Data type for the new array attribute elements.
<i>size</i>	[in] The array size.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.43 `attr_t Graph::NewAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring & name, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind)`

Creates a new attribute.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new attribute.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Data type for the new attribute.
<i>kind</i>	[in] Attribute kind.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.44 `attr_t Graph::NewAttribute (type_t type, const std::wstring & name, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind, Value & defaultValue)`

Creates a new attribute with a default value.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new attribute.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Data type for the new attribute.
<i>kind</i>	[in] Attribute kind.
<i>defaultValue</i>	[in] The default value to use in each new node/edge.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.45 `oid_t Graph::NewEdge (type_t type, oid_t tail, oid_t head)`

Creates a new edge instance.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
<i>tail</i>	[in] Source Sparksee OID.
<i>head</i>	[in] Target Sparksee OID.

Returns

Unique OID of the new edge instance.

5.31.2.46 `oid_t Graph::NewEdge (type_t type, attr_t tailAttr, Value & tailV, attr_t headAttr, Value & headV)`

Creates a new edge instance.

The tail of the edge will be any node having the given tailV [Value](#) for the given tailAttr attribute identifier, and the head of the edge will be any node having the given headV [Value](#) for the given headAttr attribute identifier.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
<i>tailAttr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>tailV</i>	[in] Value .
<i>headAttr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>headV</i>	[in] Value .

Returns

Unique OID of the new edge instance.

5.31.2.47 `type_t Graph::NewEdgeType (const std::wstring & name, bool_t directed, bool_t neighbors)`

Creates a new edge type.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new edge type.
<i>directed</i>	[in] If TRUE, this creates a directed edge type, otherwise this creates a undirected edge type.
<i>neighbors</i>	[in] If TRUE, this indexes neighbor nodes, otherwise not.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.31.2.48 `oid_t Graph::NewNode (type_t type)`

Creates a new node instance.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
-------------	--

Returns

Unique OID of the new node instance.

5.31.2.49 `type_t Graph::NewNodeType (const std::wstring & name)`

Creates a new node type.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new node type.
-------------	---

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.31.2.50 `type_t Graph::NewRestrictedEdgeType (const std::wstring & name, type_t tail, type_t head, bool_t neighbors)`

Creates a new restricted edge type.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Unique name for the new edge type.
<i>tail</i>	[in] Tail Sparksee node type identifier.
<i>head</i>	[in] Head Sparksee node type identifier.
<i>neighbors</i>	[in] If TRUE, this indexes neighbor nodes, otherwise not.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.31.2.51 `attr_t Graph::NewSessionArrayAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, int32_t size)`

Creates a new [Session](#) array attribute.

[Session](#) attributes are exclusive for the [Session](#) (just its [Session](#) can use the attribute) and are automatically removed when the [Session](#) is closed (thus, attribute data is not persistent into the database).

Since they are not persistent, they cannot be retrieved from the database, so they do not have an identifier name.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Base Data type for the new array attribute elements.
<i>size</i>	[in] The array size.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.52 `attr_t Graph::NewSessionAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind)`

Creates a new [Session](#) attribute.

[Session](#) attributes are exclusive for the [Session](#) (just its [Session](#) can use the attribute) and are automatically removed when the [Session](#) is closed (thus, attribute data is not persistent into the database).

Since they are not persistent, they cannot be retrieved from the database, so they do not have an identifier name.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Data type for the new attribute.
<i>kind</i>	[in] Attribute kind.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.53 `attr_t Graph::NewSessionAttribute (type_t type, DataType dt, AttributeKind kind, Value & defaultValue)`

Creates a new [Session](#) attribute with a default value.

[Session](#) attributes are exclusive for the [Session](#) (just its [Session](#) can use the attribute) and are automatically removed when the [Session](#) is closed (thus, attribute data is not persistent into the database).

Since they are not persistent, they cannot be retrieved from the database, so they do not have an identifier name.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee node or edge type identifier.
<i>dt</i>	[in] Data type for the new attribute.
<i>kind</i>	[in] Attribute kind.
<i>defaultValue</i>	[in] The default value to use in each new node/edge.

Returns

Unique [Sparksee](#) attribute identifier.

5.31.2.54 `void Graph::RemoveAttribute (attr_t attr)`

Removes the given attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
-------------	---

5.31.2.55 void Graph::RemoveType (type_t type)

Removes the given type.

This fails if there exist attributes defined for the type or if there exist restricted edges referencing this type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
-------------	--

5.31.2.56 void Graph::RenameAttribute (attr_t attr, const std::wstring & newName)

Renames an attribute.

The new name must be available.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>newName</i>	[in] The new name for the attribute.

5.31.2.57 void Graph::RenameType (const std::wstring & oldName, const std::wstring & newName)

Renames a type.

The new name must be available.

Parameters

<i>oldName</i>	[in] The current name of the type to be renamed.
<i>newName</i>	[in] The new name for the type.

5.31.2.58 void Graph::RenameType (type_t type, const std::wstring & newName)

Renames a type.

The new name must be available.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] The type to be renamed.
<i>newName</i>	[in] The new name for the type.

5.31.2.59 Objects* Graph::Select (type_t type)

Selects all OIDs belonging to the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Sparksee type identifier.
-------------	--

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.60 **Objects*** Graph::Select (*attr_t attr*, **Condition** *cond*, const **Value** & *value*)

Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>cond</i>	[in] Condition to be satisfied.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value to be satisfied.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.61 **Objects*** Graph::Select (*attr_t attr*, **Condition** *cond*, const **Value** & *lower*, const **Value** & *higher*)

Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.

This allows to perform the Between operation, thus it has two **Value** arguments.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>cond</i>	[in] Condition to be satisfied. It must be the Between Condition.
<i>lower</i>	[in] Lower-bound Value to be satisfied.
<i>higher</i>	[in] Higher-bound Value to be satisfied.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.62 **Objects*** Graph::Select (*attr_t attr*, **Condition** *cond*, const **Value** & *value*, const **Objects** * *restriction*)

Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>cond</i>	[in] Condition to be satisfied.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value to be satisfied.
<i>restriction</i>	[in] Objects to limit the select in this set of objects.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.63 `Objects* Graph::Select (attr_t attr, Condition cond, const Value & lower, const Value & higher, const Objects * restriction)`

Selects all OIDs satisfying the given condition for the given attribute.

This allows to perform the Between operation, thus it has two [Value](#) arguments.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>cond</i>	[in] Condition to be satisfied. It must be the Between Condition.
<i>lower</i>	[in] Lower-bound Value to be satisfied.
<i>higher</i>	[in] Higher-bound Value to be satisfied.
<i>restriction</i>	[in] Objects to limit the select in this set of objects.

Returns

[Objects](#) instance.

5.31.2.64 `ValueArray* Graph::SetArrayAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, const Value & value)`

Sets all the elements of the [ValueArray](#) for the given array attribute and OID and returns it.

Initializing the array with one of these SetArrayAttribute methods is the only way to create the array. But once created it can be updated using the [ValueArray](#). And you can get it again with the GetArrayAttribute operation.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee array attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value for all the array elements of the given attribute and OID.

Returns

A [ValueArray](#). This returns a [ValueArray](#), a NULL or throws an exception.

5.31.2.65 `void Graph::SetArrayAttribute (attr_t attr, const Value & value)`

Sets all the values of the array of the given array attribute for all the objects of the types the attribute applies to.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee array attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value for all the array elements of the arrays.

5.31.2.66 `void Graph::SetArrayAttributeVoid (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, const Value & value)`

Sets all the elements of the [ValueArray](#) for the given array attribute and OID.

Initializing the array with one of these `SetArrayAttribute` methods is the only way to create the array. But once created it can be updated using the [ValueArray](#) which can be obtained using the `GetArrayAttribute` operation.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee array attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value for all the array elements of the given attribute and OID.

5.31.2.67 `void Graph::SetAttribute (oid_t oid, attr_t attr, Value & value)`

Sets the [Value](#) for the given attribute and OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>value</i>	[in] Value for the given attribute and for the given OID.

5.31.2.68 `void Graph::SetAttribute (attr_t attr, Value & value)`

Sets the value of the given attribute for all the objects of the types the attribute applies to.

Does not work for TEXT attribute types

Parameters

<i>tx</i>	The Transaction this operation belongs to
<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to initialize
<i>value</i>	The value to initialize the attribute to

5.31.2.69 `void Graph::SetAttributeDefaultValue (attr_t attr, Value & value)`

Sets a default value for an attribute.

The default value will be applied to all the new nodes or edges.

The given value must have the same `DataType` as the attribute or be a NULL value to remove the current default value.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] The attribute.
<i>value</i>	[in] The default value to use for this attribute.

5.31.2.70 void Graph::SetAttributeText (oid_t *oid*, attr_t *attr*, TextStream * *tstream*)

Sets the writable [TextStream](#) for the given text attribute and OID.

Parameters

<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee OID.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee attribute identifier.
<i>tstream</i>	[in] New Text value. This corresponds to a TextStream to write.

5.31.2.71 Objects* Graph::Tails (Objects * *edges*)

Gets all the tails from the given edges collection.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] Sparksee edge identifier collection.
--------------	---

Returns

The tails collection.

5.31.2.72 void Graph::TailsAndHeads (Objects * *edges*, Objects * *tails*, Objects * *heads*)

Gets all the tails and heads from the given edges collection.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] Sparksee edge identifier collection.
<i>tails</i>	[in out] If not NULL, all the tails will be stored here.
<i>heads</i>	[in out] If not NULL, all the heads will be stored here.

5.31.2.73 KeyValues* Graph::TopK (attr_t *attribute*, Order *order*, int32_t *k*)

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantics of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

5.31.2.74 `KeyValues* Graph::TopK (attr_t attribute, Condition operation, const Value & lower, Order order, int32_t k)`

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>operation</i>	The operation to perform in the top k
<i>lower</i>	The lower bound Value to be satisfied
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantics of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

5.31.2.75 `KeyValues* Graph::TopK (attr_t attribute, Condition operation, const Value & lower, const Value & higher, Order order, int32_t k)`

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>operation</i>	The operation to perform in the top k
<i>lower</i>	The lower bound Value to be satisfied
<i>higher</i>	The upper bound Value to be satisfied
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantics of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

5.31.2.76 `KeyValues* Graph::TopK (attr_t attribute, Order order, int32_t k, Objects * restriction)`

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantics of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK
<i>restricton</i>	Objects to limit the topk to this set of objects

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

5.31.2.77 [KeyValues*](#) [Graph::TopK](#) ([attr_t](#) *attribute*, [Condition](#) *operation*, [const Value & lower](#), [Order](#) *order*, [int32_t](#) *k*, [Objects *](#) *restriction*)

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>operation</i>	The operation to perform in the top k
<i>lower</i>	The lower bound Value to be satisfied
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantincs of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK
<i>restricton</i>	Objects to limit the topk to this set of objects

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

5.31.2.78 [KeyValues*](#) [Graph::TopK](#) ([attr_t](#) *attribute*, [Condition](#) *operation*, [const Value & lower](#), [const Value & higher](#), [Order](#) *order*, [int32_t](#) *k*, [Objects *](#) *restriction*)

Gets a [KeyValues](#) iterator as a result of the TopK operation.

Parameters

<i>attribute</i>	The attribute to perform the TopK on
<i>operation</i>	The operation to perform in the top k
<i>lower</i>	The lower bound Value to be satisfied
<i>higher</i>	The upper bound Value to be satisfied
<i>order</i>	The ordering semantincs of the top-k
<i>k</i>	The size of the TopK
<i>restricton</i>	Objects to limit the topk to this set of objects

Returns

A [KeyValues](#) instance

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Graph.h](#)

5.32 [GraphExport](#) Class Reference

Stores the graph exporting values.

Public Member Functions

- [GraphExport](#) ()
Creates a new [GraphExport](#) instance.
- virtual [~GraphExport](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [SetDefaults](#) ()
Sets to default values.
- const std::wstring & [GetLabel](#) () const
Gets the graph label.
- void [SetLabel](#) (const std::wstring &label)
Sets the graph label.

5.32.1 Detailed Description

Stores the graph exporting values.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.32.2 Member Function Documentation

5.32.2.1 const std::wstring& GraphExport::GetLabel () const [inline]

Gets the graph label.

Returns

The graph label.

5.32.2.2 void GraphExport::SetLabel (const std::wstring & label) [inline]

Sets the graph label.

Parameters

<i>label</i>	[in] The graph label.
--------------	-----------------------

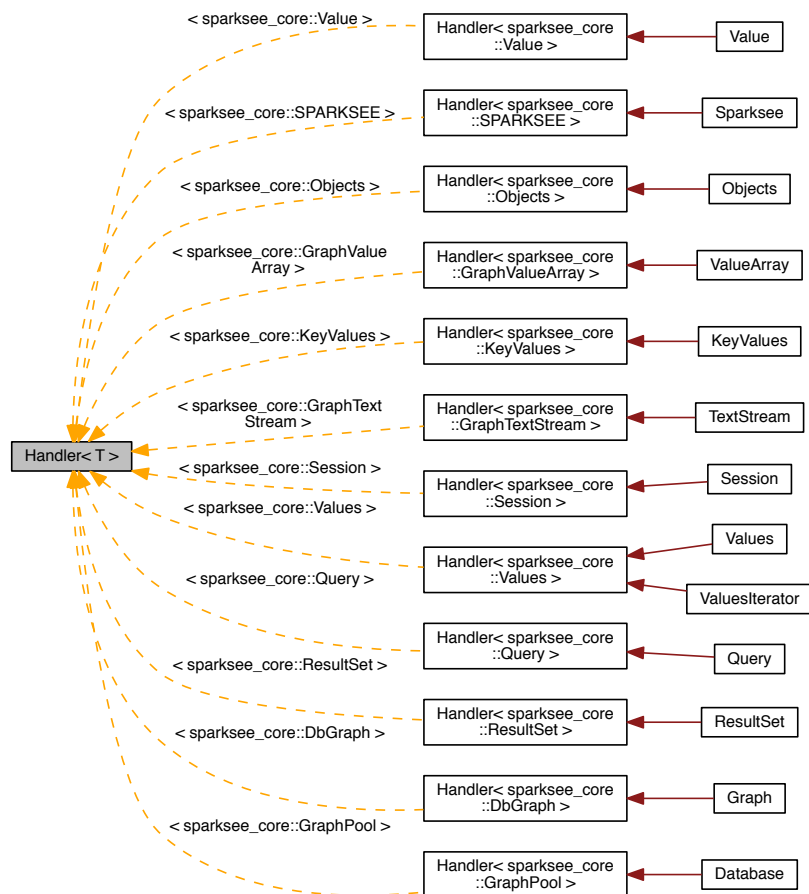
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Export.h

5.33 Handler< T > Class Template Reference

Handles a reference.

Inheritance diagram for Handler< T >:



Public Member Functions

- [Handler](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [Handler](#) (T *h)
Creates a new instance with the given reference.
- virtual [~Handler](#) ()
Destructor.
- T * [GetHandler](#) ()
Gets the handled reference.
- const T * [GetHandler](#) () const
Gets the handled reference.

Protected Member Functions

- void [SetHandler](#) (T *h)
Sets the handled reference.
- void [FreeHandler](#) ()
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- [bool_t IsNull](#) () const
Gets if the handler is NULL.

5.33.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>  
class Handler< T >
```

Handles a reference.

The handled reference is automatically destroyed (deleted) when the instance is destroyed.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.33.2.1 `template<typename T> Handler< T >::Handler (T * h) [inline]`

Creates a new instance with the given reference.

Parameters

<code>h</code>	[in] Reference to be handled.
----------------	-------------------------------

5.33.2.2 `template<typename T> virtual Handler< T >::~~Handler () [inline],[virtual]`

Destructor.

Frees the handled reference.

5.33.3 Member Function Documentation

5.33.3.1 `template<typename T> T* Handler< T >::GetHandler () [inline]`

Gets the handled reference.

Returns

The handled reference.

Referenced by Value::SetVoid().

5.33.3.2 `template<typename T> const T* Handler< T >::GetHandler () const [inline]`

Gets the handled reference.

Returns

The handled reference.

5.33.3.3 `template<typename T> bool_t Handler< T >::IsNull () const` `[inline], [protected]`

Gets if the handler is NULL.

Returns

TRUE if the handler is NULL, FALSE otherwise.

5.33.3.4 `template<typename T> void Handler< T >::SetHandler (T * h)` `[inline], [protected]`

Sets the handled reference.

Parameters

<code>h</code>	[in] The handled reference.
----------------	-----------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Handler.h

5.34 Int32List Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) 32-bit signed integer list.

Public Member Functions

- `int32_t Count () const`
Number of elements in the list.
- `Int32ListIterator * Iterator ()`
Gets a new [Int32ListIterator](#).
- `Int32List ()`
Constructor.
- `Int32List (const std::vector< int32_t > &v)`
Constructor.
- `~Int32List ()`
Destructor.
- void `Add (int32_t value)`
Adds an 32-bit signed integer at the end of the list.
- void `Clear ()`
Clears the list.

5.34.1 Detailed Description

[Sparksee](#) 32-bit signed integer list.

It stores a 32-bit signed integer list.

Use [Int32ListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.34.2.1 Int32List::Int32List ()

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.34.2.2 Int32List::Int32List (const std::vector< int32_t > & v)

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>v</i>	[in] Vector.
----------	--------------

5.34.3 Member Function Documentation

5.34.3.1 void Int32List::Add (int32_t *value*) [inline]

Adds an 32-bit signed integer at the end of the list.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] The integer.
--------------	-------------------

5.34.3.2 int32_t Int32List::Count () const [inline]

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.34.3.3 Int32ListIterator* Int32List::Iterator ()

Gets a new [Int32ListIterator](#).

Returns

[Int32ListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.35 Int32ListIterator Class Reference

[Int32List](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~Int32ListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [int32_t Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **Int32List**

5.35.1 Detailed Description

[Int32List](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the integer into a [Int32List](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.35.2 Member Function Documentation

5.35.2.1 `bool_t Int32ListIterator::HasNext () [inline]`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

References `END_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE`.

5.35.2.2 `int32_t Int32ListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

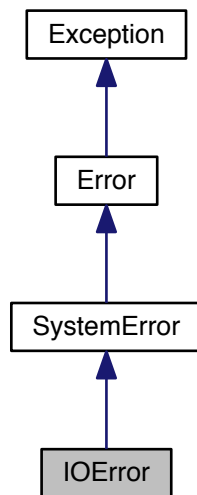
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

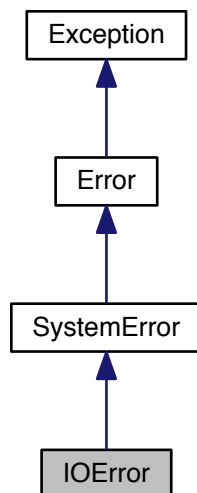
5.36 IOError Class Reference

IO error class.

Inheritance diagram for IOError:



Collaboration diagram for IOError:



Public Member Functions

- `IOError ()`
Creates a new instance.
- `IOError (const std::string &mess)`
Creates a new instance.
- `virtual ~IOError ()`
Destructor.
- `const std::string & Message () const`
Gets the message of the exception.
- `void SetMessage (const std::string &mess)`
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- `static void ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)`
Throws a new `Error` instance from a `sparksee_core` error code.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string message`
Message of the exception.

5.36.1 Detailed Description

IO error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.36.2.1 `IOError::IOError (const std::string & mess)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>mess</code>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------------	--------------------------------

5.36.3 Member Function Documentation

5.36.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called `GetMessage` but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.36.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.36.3.3 static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode) [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

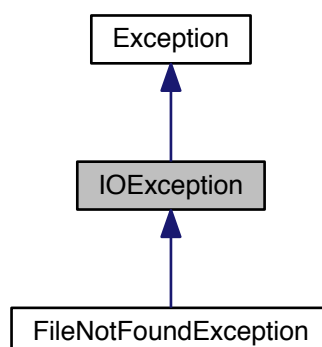
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

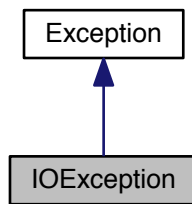
5.37 IOException Class Reference

IO exception class.

Inheritance diagram for IOException:



Collaboration diagram for IOException:



Public Member Functions

- [IOException \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- [IOException \(const std::string &mess\)](#)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~IOException \(\)](#)
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message \(\)](#) const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage \(const std::string &mess\)](#)
Sets the message of the exception.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.37.1 Detailed Description

IO exception class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.37.2.1 IOException::IOException (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.37.3 Member Function Documentation

5.37.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.37.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)` [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.38 KeyValue Class Reference

Friends

- class **KeyValues**

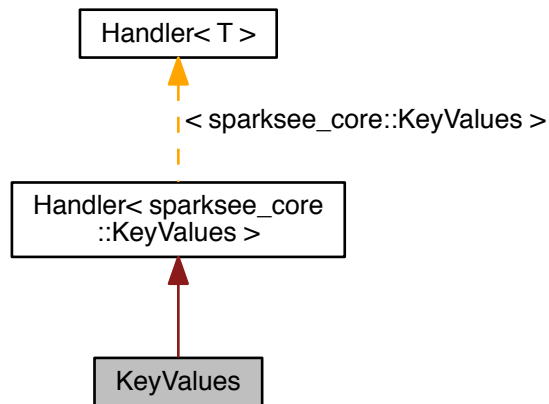
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- KeyValues.h

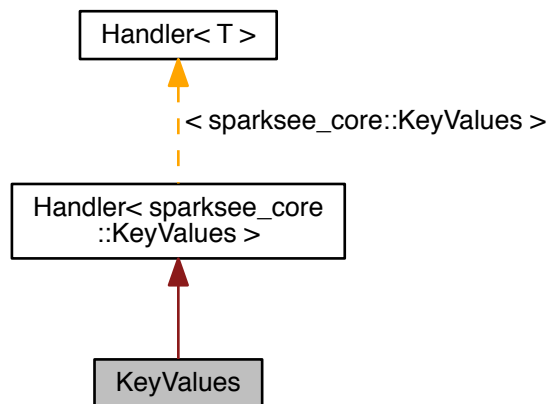
5.39 KeyValues Class Reference

[Value](#) set class.

Inheritance diagram for KeyValues:



Collaboration diagram for KeyValues:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~KeyValues ()`
Destructor.
- `bool_t HasNext ()`
Checks if the `KeyValues` has more `KeyValue` pairs.
- `KeyValue * Next ()`
Gets the next `KeyValue` pair.
- void `Next (KeyValue &kv)`
Gets the next `KeyValue` pair.

Private Member Functions

- sparksee_core::KeyValues * [GetHandler](#) ()
Gets the handled reference.
- const sparksee_core::KeyValues * [GetHandler](#) () const
Gets the handled reference.
- void [SetHandler](#) (sparksee_core::KeyValues *h)
Sets the handled reference.
- void [FreeHandler](#) ()
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- [bool_t IsNull](#) () const
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.39.1 Detailed Description

[Value](#) set class.

This is a set of [Value](#) instances, that is there is no duplicated elements.

Use a [ValuesIterator](#) to traverse all the elements into the set.

When the [Values](#) instance is closed, it closes all existing and non-closed [ValuesIterator](#) instances too.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.39.2 Member Function Documentation

5.39.2.1 [bool_t](#) KeyValues::HasNext ()

Checks if the [KeyValues](#) has more [KeyValue](#) pairs.

Returns

Returns true if there are more [KeyValue](#) pairs

5.39.2.2 [KeyValue*](#) KeyValues::Next ()

Gets the next [KeyValue](#) pair.

Returns

Returns the next [KeyValue](#) pair

5.39.2.3 void KeyValues::Next ([KeyValue](#) & kv)

Gets the next [KeyValue](#) pair.

Parameters

<code>kv</code>	Returns the next KeyValue pair
-----------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [KeyValues.h](#)

5.40 KOpt Class Reference

[KOpt](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- [KOpt](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session &session](#))
Creates a new instance.
- [KOpt](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session &session](#), [sparksee::gdb::OIDList &tour](#))
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~KOpt](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type) throw ([sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir) throw ([sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- void [SetEdgeWeightAttributeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) attr) throw ([sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.
- double [GetCurrentCost](#) () const
Returns tour cost.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList *](#) [GetCurrentTour](#) ()
Returns tour as a list of nodes.
- void [SetCurrentTour](#) ([sparksee::gdb::OIDList &tour](#))
Sets current tour as a list of nodes.
- void [SetMaxIterations](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int64_t](#) maxIterations)
Sets maximum number of iterations.
- void [SetTimeLimit](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int64_t](#) maxTime)
Limits execution time.
- void [RunTwoOpt](#) ()
Runs 2-Opt local search.
- void [RunThreeOpt](#) ()
Runs 3-Opt local search.

5.40.1 Detailed Description

[KOpt](#) class.

Implements the 2-Opt and 3-Opt algorithms

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

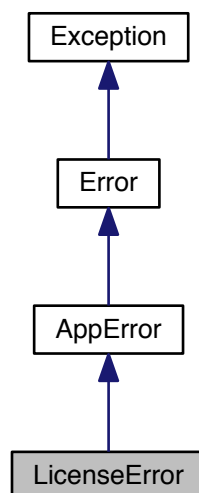
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- KOpt.h

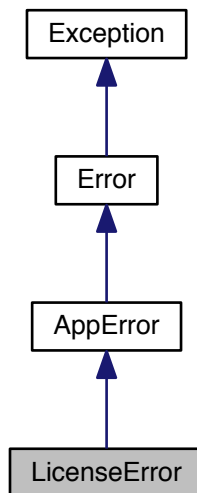
5.41 LicenseError Class Reference

License error class.

Inheritance diagram for LicenseError:



Collaboration diagram for LicenseError:



Public Member Functions

- [LicenseError](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [LicenseError](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~LicenseError](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ThrowError](#) (int32_t coreErrorCode)
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.41.1 Detailed Description

License error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.41.2.1 LicenseError::LicenseError (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.41.3 Member Function Documentation

5.41.3.1 const std::string& Exception::Message () const [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.41.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.41.3.3 static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode) [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

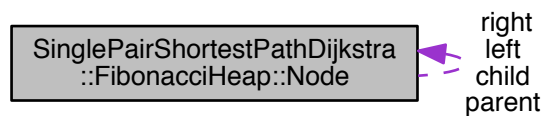
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.42 SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::FibonacciHeap::Node Struct Reference

A FibonacciHeap node structure.

Collaboration diagram for SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::FibonacciHeap::Node:

**5.42.1 Detailed Description**

A FibonacciHeap node structure.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra.h

5.43 NodeExport Class Reference

Stores the node exporting values.

Public Member Functions

- [NodeExport](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~NodeExport](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [SetDefaults](#) ()
Sets to default values.
- const std::wstring & [GetLabel](#) () const
Gets the node label.
- void [SetLabel](#) (const std::wstring &label)
Sets the node label.
- [NodeShape](#) [GetShape](#) () const
Gets the node shape.
- void [SetShape](#) ([NodeShape](#) shape)
Sets the node shape.
- [ColorRGB](#) [GetColorRGB](#) () const
Gets the node color.
- void [SetColorRGB](#) ([ColorRGB](#) color)
Sets the node color.
- [ColorRGB](#) [GetLabelColorRGB](#) () const
Gets the node label color.
- void [SetLabelColorRGB](#) ([ColorRGB](#) color)
Sets the node label color.
- [int32_t](#) [GetHeight](#) () const
Gets the node height.
- void [SetHeight](#) ([int32_t](#) height)
Sets the node height.
- [int32_t](#) [GetWidth](#) () const
Gets the node width.
- void [SetWidth](#) ([int32_t](#) width)
Gets the node width.
- [bool_t](#) [IsFit](#) () const
Gets whether the node size is fitted to the label or not.
- void [SetFit](#) ([bool_t](#) fit)
Sets the node fit property.
- [int32_t](#) [GetFontSize](#) () const
Gets the node label font size.
- void [SetFontSize](#) ([int32_t](#) size)
Sets the node label font size.

5.43.1 Detailed Description

Stores the node exporting values.

When 'fit' is set to TRUE, then 'height' and 'width' will be ignored.

Some properties may be ignored depending on the exportation type.

Default values are:

Label: "" (empty string).

Shape: Box.

Color: 10863606 (0xa5c3f6).

Label color: 0 (0x000000, Black).

Height: 25px.

Width: 25px.

Fit: TRUE.

Font size: 10.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.43.2 Member Function Documentation

5.43.2.1 ColorRGB NodeExport::GetColorRGB () const [inline]

Gets the node color.

Returns

The node color.

5.43.2.2 int32_t NodeExport::GetFontSize () const [inline]

Gets the node label font size.

Returns

The node label font size.

5.43.2.3 int32_t NodeExport::GetHeight () const [inline]

Gets the node height.

Returns

The node height in pixels.

5.43.2.4 const std::wstring& NodeExport::GetLabel () const [inline]

Gets the node label.

Returns

The node label.

5.43.2.5 ColorRGB NodeExport::GetLabelColorRGB () const [inline]

Gets the node label color.

Returns

The node label color.

5.43.2.6 NodeShape NodeExport::GetShape () const [inline]

Gets the node shape.

Returns

The node shape.

5.43.2.7 int32_t NodeExport::GetWidth () const [inline]

Gets the node width.

Returns

The node width in pixels.

5.43.2.8 bool_t NodeExport::IsFit () const [inline]

Gets whether the node size is fitted to the label or not.

Returns

If TRUE, then the node size is fitted to the label, otherwise the size is fixed with the values of 'height' and 'width'.

5.43.2.9 void NodeExport::SetColorRGB (ColorRGB color) [inline]

Sets the node color.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	The node color.
--------------	-----------------

5.43.2.10 void NodeExport::SetFit (bool_t fit) [inline]

Sets the node fit property.

Parameters

<i>fit</i>	[in] If TRUE, then the node size is fitted to the label ('height' and 'width' will be ignored), otherwise the size is fixed with the values of 'height' and 'width'.
------------	--

5.43.2.11 `void NodeExport::SetFontSize (int32_t size) [inline]`

Sets the node label font size.

Parameters

<i>size</i>	[in] The node label font size.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.43.2.12 `void NodeExport::SetHeight (int32_t height) [inline]`

Sets the node height.

Parameters

<i>height</i>	[in] The node height in pixels.
---------------	---------------------------------

5.43.2.13 `void NodeExport::SetLabel (const std::wstring & label) [inline]`

Sets the node label.

Parameters

<i>label</i>	[in] The node label.
--------------	----------------------

5.43.2.14 `void NodeExport::SetLabelColorRGB (ColorRGB color) [inline]`

Sets the node label color.

Parameters

<i>color</i>	[in] The node label color.
--------------	----------------------------

5.43.2.15 `void NodeExport::SetShape (NodeShape shape) [inline]`

Sets the node shape.

Parameters

<i>shape</i>	[in] The node shape.
--------------	----------------------

5.43.2.16 `void NodeExport::SetWidth (int32_t width) [inline]`

Gets the node width.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	The node width in pixels.
--------------	---------------------------

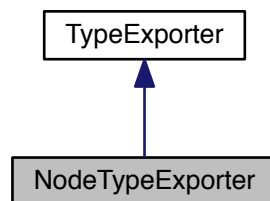
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Export.h](#)

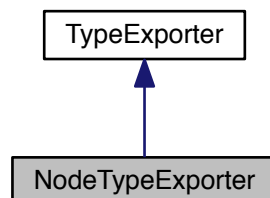
5.44 NodeTypeExporter Class Reference

[NodeTypeExporter](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for [NodeTypeExporter](#):



Collaboration diagram for [NodeTypeExporter](#):



Public Member Functions

- [NodeTypeExporter](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [NodeTypeExporter](#) ([RowWriter](#) &rowWriter, [sparksee::gdb::Graph](#) &graph, [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::AttributeList](#) &attrs)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~NodeTypeExporter](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Run](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeExporter](#) class [Run](#) method.

- void `Register` (`TypeExporterListener` &tel)
Registers a new listener.
- void `SetRowWriter` (`RowWriter` &rw)
Sets the output data destination.
- void `SetGraph` (`sparksee::gdb::Graph` &graph)
Sets the graph that will be exported.
- void `SetType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` type)
Sets the type to be exported.
- void `SetAttributes` (`sparksee::gdb::AttributeList` &attrs)
Sets the list of Attributes.
- void `SetFrequency` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` freq)
Sets the frequency of listener notification.
- void `SetHeader` (`sparksee::gdb::bool_t` header)
Sets the presence of a header row.

Protected Member Functions

- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `CanRun` ()
Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.
- void `NotifyListeners` (const `TypeExporterEvent` &ev)
Notifies progress to all registered listeners.
- void `RunProcess` () throw (`sparksee::gdb::IOException`, `sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Runs export process.
- void `SetHeadAttribute` (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t` attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.
- void `SetHeadPosition` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` pos)
Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.
- void `SetTailAttribute` (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t` attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.
- void `SetTailPosition` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` pos)
Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.

5.44.1 Detailed Description

`NodeTypeExporter` class.

Specific `TypeExporter` implementation for node types.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.44.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.44.2.1 `NodeTypeExporter::NodeTypeExporter` (`RowWriter` & rowWriter, `sparksee::gdb::Graph` & graph, `sparksee::gdb::type_t` type, `sparksee::gdb::AttributeList` & attrs) `[inline]`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>rowWriter</i>	[in] Output RowWriter .
<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be exported.

5.44.3 Member Function Documentation

5.44.3.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeExporter::CanRun ()` [protected],[inherited]

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.44.3.2 `void TypeExporter::NotifyListeners (const TypeExporterEvent & ev)` [protected],[inherited]

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<i>ev</i>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------	-------------------------------------

5.44.3.3 `void TypeExporter::Register (TypeExporterListener & tel)` [inherited]

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<i>tel</i>	[in] TypeExporterListener to be registered.
------------	---

5.44.3.4 `void TypeExporter::RunProcess () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected],[inherited]

Runs export process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen writing to the RowWriter .
-----------------------------	---

5.44.3.5 `void TypeExporter::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)` [inherited]

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be exported
--------------	---

5.44.3.6 void TypeExporter::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *freq*) [inherited]

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.44.3.7 void TypeExporter::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & *graph*) [inherited]

Sets the graph that will be exported.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.44.3.8 void TypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) [protected],[inherited]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter(), and EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute().

5.44.3.9 void TypeExporter::SetHeader (sparksee::gdb::bool_t *header*) [inherited]

Sets the presence of a header row.

Parameters

<i>header</i>	[in] If TRUE, a header row is dumped with the name of the attributes.
---------------	---

5.44.3.10 void TypeExporter::SetHeadPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *pos*) [protected],[inherited]

Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter()`, and `EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadPosition()`.

5.44.3.11 void TypeExporter::SetRowWriter (RowWriter & rw) [inherited]

Sets the output data destination.

Parameters

<i>rw</i>	[in] Input RowWriter .
-----------	--

5.44.3.12 void TypeExporter::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) [protected],[inherited]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter()`, and `EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailAttribute()`.

5.44.3.13 void TypeExporter::SetTailPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos) [protected],[inherited]

Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Tail position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter()`, and `EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailPosition()`.

5.44.3.14 void TypeExporter::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) [inherited]

Sets the type to be exported.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	---------------------------------------

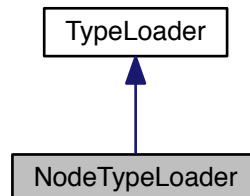
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `NodeTypeExporter.h`

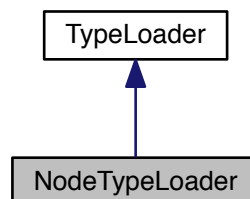
5.45 NodeTypeLoader Class Reference

[NodeTypeLoader](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for NodeTypeLoader:



Collaboration diagram for NodeTypeLoader:



Public Member Functions

- [NodeTypeLoader](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [NodeTypeLoader](#) ([RowReader](#) &rowReader, [sparksee::gdb::Graph](#) &graph, [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::AttributeList](#) &attrs, [sparksee::gdb::Int32List](#) &attrsPos)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~NodeTypeLoader](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Run](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [Run](#) method.
- void [RunTwoPhases](#) () throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [RunTwoPhases](#) method.
- void [RunNPhases](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) partitions) throw ([sparksee::gdb::IOException](#), [sparksee::gdb::Error](#))
See the [TypeLoader](#) class [RunNPhases](#) method.

- void [SetLogError](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
 - Sets a log error file.*
- void [SetLogOff](#) ()
 - Truns off all the error reporting.*
- void [Register](#) (TypeLoaderListener &tel)
 - Registers a new listener.*
- void [SetRowReader](#) (RowReader &rr)
 - Sets the input data source.*
- void [SetGraph](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph)
 - Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.*
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
 - Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.*
- void [SetType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
 - Sets the type to be loaded.*
- void [SetAttributes](#) (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
 - Sets the list of Attributes.*
- void [SetAttributePositions](#) (sparksee::gdb::Int32List &attrsPos)
 - Sets the list of attribute positions.*
- void [SetTimestampFormat](#) (const std::wstring ×tampFormat)
 - Sets a specific timestamp format.*
- void [SetFrequency](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)
 - Sets the frequency of listener notification.*

Protected Types

Protected Member Functions

- void [Run](#) (Mode ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Runs load process.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t CanRun](#) ()
 - Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.*
- void [NotifyListeners](#) (const TypeLoaderEvent &ev)
 - Notifies progress to all registered listeners.*
- void [SetHeadAttribute](#) (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)
 - Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.*
- void [SetHeadPosition](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos)
 - Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.*
- void [SetTailAttribute](#) (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)
 - Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.*
- void [SetTailPosition](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos)
 - Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.*
- void [SetTailMEP](#) (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint mep)
 - Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.*
- void [SetHeadMEP](#) (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint mep)
 - Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.*

5.45.1 Detailed Description

[NodeTypeLoader](#) class.

Specific [TypeLoader](#) implementation for node types.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.45.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.45.2.1 `enum TypeLoader::Mode` [protected],[inherited]

Load can work in different ways.

Enumerator

ONE_PHASE Performs the load in a phases. Load all objects an attributes at the same time.

TWO_PHASES Performs the load in two phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

N_PHASES Performs the load in N phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes. But in this case, attributes are loaded one by one. This way, if there are three attributes, then 4 traverses to the [RowReader](#) are necessary.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

5.45.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.45.3.1 `NodeTypeLoader::NodeTypeLoader (RowReader & rowReader, sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph, sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs, sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos)` [inline]

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>rowReader</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded.
<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index >=0).

5.45.4 Member Function Documentation

5.45.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeLoader::CanRun ()` [protected],[inherited]

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.45.4.2 `void TypeLoader::NotifyListeners (const TypeLoaderEvent & ev)` [protected],[inherited]

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<code>ev</code>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

5.45.4.3 `void TypeLoader::Register (TypeLoaderListener & tel)` [inherited]

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>tel</code>	TypeLoaderListener to be registered.
-----------------	------------------	--

5.45.4.4 `void TypeLoader::Run (Mode ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par)` throw `sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected],[inherited]

Runs load process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen reading from the RowReader .
-----------------------------	---

Parameters

<code>ph</code>	[in] The load mode.
<code>par</code>	[in] Number of horizontal partitions to perform the load.

5.45.4.5 `void TypeLoader::SetAttributePositions (sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos)` [inherited]

Sets the list of attribute positions.

Parameters

<code>attrsPos</code>	[in] Attribute positions (column index ≥ 0).
-----------------------	--

5.45.4.6 void TypeLoader::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & *attrs*) [inherited]

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded
--------------	---

5.45.4.7 void TypeLoader::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *freq*) [inherited]

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.45.4.8 void TypeLoader::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & *graph*) [inherited]

Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.45.4.9 void TypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) [protected], [inherited]

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute()`.

5.45.4.10 void TypeLoader::SetHeadMEP (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint *mep*) [protected], [inherited]

Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadMEP()`.

5.45.4.11 `void TypeLoader::SetHeadPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos)` [protected],[inherited]

Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadPosition()`.

5.45.4.12 `void TypeLoader::SetLocale (const std::wstring & localeStr)` [inherited]

Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.

It should match the locale used in the rowreader.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the read data. See CSVReader .
------------------	---

5.45.4.13 `void TypeLoader::SetLogError (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [inherited]

Sets a log error file.

By default errors are thrown as a exception and the load process ends. If a log file is set, errors are logged there and the load process does not stop.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] The path to the error log file.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.45.4.14 `void TypeLoader::SetLogOff ()` [inherited]

Turns off all the error reporting.

The log file will not be created and no exceptions for invalid data will be thrown. If you just want to turn off the logs, but abort at the first error what you should do is not call this method and not set a logError file.

5.45.4.15 `void TypeLoader::SetRowReader (RowReader & rr)` [inherited]

Sets the input data source.

Parameters

<i>rr</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
-----------	--

5.45.4.16 `void TypeLoader::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)` [protected],[inherited]

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailAttribute()`.

5.45.4.17 `void TypeLoader::SetTailMEP (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint mep)` [protected],[inherited]

Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailMEP()`.

5.45.4.18 `void TypeLoader::SetTailPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos)` [protected],[inherited]

Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Tail position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader()`, and `EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailPosition()`.

5.45.4.19 `void TypeLoader::SetTimestampFormat (const std::wstring & timestampFormat)` [inherited]

Sets a specific timestamp format.

Parameters

<i>timestampFormat</i>	[in] A string with the timestamp format definition.
------------------------	---

5.45.4.20 void TypeLoader::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*) [inherited]

Sets the type to be loaded.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	-----------------------

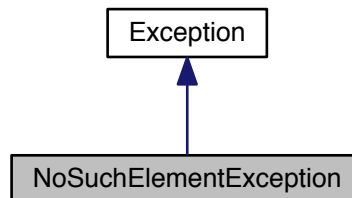
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- NodeTypeLoader.h

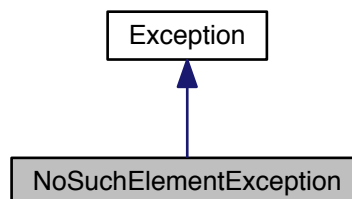
5.46 NoSuchElementException Class Reference

No such element exception class.

Inheritance diagram for NoSuchElementException:



Collaboration diagram for NoSuchElementException:



Public Member Functions

- [NoSuchElementException](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [NoSuchElementException](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~NoSuchElementException](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.46.1 Detailed Description

No such element exception class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.46.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.46.2.1 `NoSuchElementException::NoSuchElementException (const std::string & mess)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.46.3 Member Function Documentation

5.46.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.46.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & *mess*) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

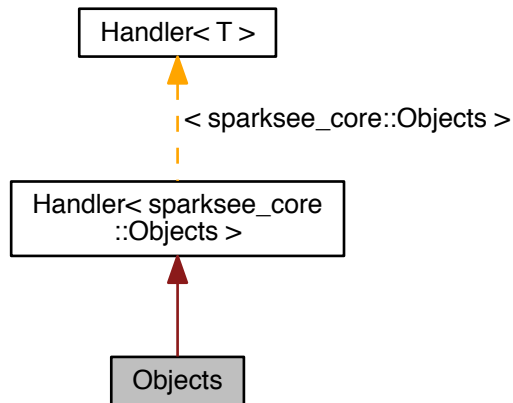
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

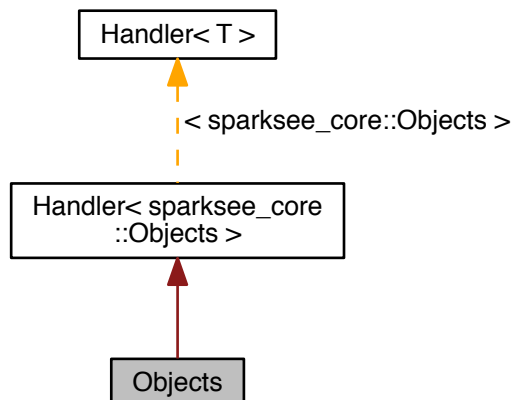
5.47 Objects Class Reference

Object identifier set class.

Inheritance diagram for Objects:



Collaboration diagram for Objects:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Objects ()`
Destructor.
- `Objects * Copy ()`
Creates a new `Objects` instance as a copy of the given one.
- `int64_t Count ()`
Gets the number of elements into the collection.
- `bool_t Add (oid_t e)`
Adds an element into the collection.
- `bool_t Exists (oid_t e)`
Gets if the given element exists into the collection.
- `oid_t Any ()` throw (`sparksee::gdb::NoSuchElementException`, `sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Gets an element from the collection.
- `bool_t Remove (oid_t e)`
Removes an element from the collection.
- void `Clear ()`
Clears the collection removing all its elements.
- `int64_t Union (Objects *objs)`
Performs the union operation.
- `int64_t Intersection (Objects *objs)`
Performs the intersection operation.
- `int64_t Difference (Objects *objs)`
Performs the difference operation.
- `bool_t Equals (Objects *objs)`
Checks if the given `Objects` contains the same information.
- `bool_t Contains (Objects *objs)`
Check if this objects contains the other one.
- `int64_t Copy (Objects *objs)`
Performs the copy operation.
- `Objects * Sample (Objects *exclude, int64_t samples)`
Creates a new `Objects` instance which is a sample of the calling one.
- `ObjectsIterator * Iterator ()`
Gets an `ObjectsIterator`.
- `ObjectsIterator * IteratorFromIndex (int64_t index)`
Gets an `ObjectsIterator` skipping index elements.
- `ObjectsIterator * IteratorFromElement (oid_t e)`
Gets an `ObjectsIterator` starting from the given element.

Static Public Member Functions

- static `Objects * CombineUnion (Objects *objs1, Objects *objs2)`
Creates a new `Objects` instance which is the union of the two given.
- static `Objects * CombineIntersection (Objects *objs1, Objects *objs2)`
Creates a new `Objects` instance which is the intersection of the two given.
- static `Objects * CombineDifference (Objects *objs1, Objects *objs2)`
Creates a new `Objects` instance which is the difference of the two given.

Static Public Attributes

- static const `oid_t InvalidOID`
Invalid OID constant.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::Objects * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::Objects * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- `void SetHandler (sparksee_core::Objects *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- `void FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class **Session**
- class **Graph**
- class **ObjectsIterator**

5.47.1 Detailed Description

Object identifier set class.

It stores a collection of [Sparksee](#) object identifiers as a set. As a set, there is no order and no duplicated elements.

This class should be used just to store large collections. Otherwise, it is strongly recommended to use common classes from the language API.

This class is not thread-safe.

[ObjectsIterator](#) must be used to traverse all the elements into the set.

When the [Objects](#) instance is closed, it closes all existing and non-closed [ObjectsIterator](#) instances too.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.47.2 Member Function Documentation

5.47.2.1 `bool_t Objects::Add (oid_t e)`

Adds an element into the collection.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	[in] Element to be added.
----------	---------------------------

Returns

TRUE if the element is added, FALSE if the element was already into the collection.

5.47.2.2 `oid_t Objects::Any () throw sparksee::gdb::NoSuchElementException, sparksee::gdb::Error`

Gets an element from the collection.

Returns

Any element from the collection.

Exceptions

NoSuchElementException	whether the collection is empty.
--	----------------------------------

5.47.2.3 `static Objects* Objects::CombineDifference (Objects * objs1, Objects * objs2) [static]`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance which is the difference of the two given.

Two given [Objects](#) belong to the same [Session](#).

Parameters

<i>objs1</i>	[in] Objects instance.
<i>objs2</i>	[in] Objects instance.

Returns

New [Objects](#) instance.

5.47.2.4 `static Objects* Objects::CombineIntersection (Objects * objs1, Objects * objs2) [static]`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance which is the intersection of the two given.

Two given [Objects](#) belong to the same [Session](#).

Parameters

<i>objs1</i>	[in] Objects instance.
<i>objs2</i>	[in] Objects instance.

Returns

New [Objects](#) instance.

5.47.2.5 `static Objects* Objects::CombineUnion (Objects * objs1, Objects * objs2)` `[static]`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance which is the union of the two given.

Two given [Objects](#) belong to the same [Session](#).

Parameters

<i>objs1</i>	[in] Objects instance.
<i>objs2</i>	[in] Objects instance.

Returns

New [Objects](#) instance.

5.47.2.6 `bool_t Objects::Contains (Objects * objs)`

Check if this objects contains the other one.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	Objects collection.
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

True if it contains the given object.

5.47.2.7 `Objects* Objects::Copy ()`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance as a copy of the given one.

Returns

The new [Objects](#) instance.

5.47.2.8 `int64_t Objects::Copy (Objects * objs)`

Performs the copy operation.

This updates the [Objects](#) calling instance and copies the given [Objects](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects instance.
-------------	--

Returns

Number of elements into the collection once the operation has been executed.

5.47.2.9 int64_t Objects::Count ()

Gets the number of elements into the collection.

Returns

The number of elements into the collection.

5.47.2.10 int64_t Objects::Difference (Objects * objs)

Performs the difference operation.

This updates the [Objects](#) calling instance removing those existing elements at the given [Objects](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects instance.
-------------	--

Returns

Number of elements into the collection once the operation has been executed.

5.47.2.11 bool_t Objects::Equals (Objects * objs)

Checks if the given [Objects](#) contains the same information.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects instance.
-------------	--

Returns

True if the objects are equal or false otherwise.

5.47.2.12 bool_t Objects::Exists (oid_t e)

Gets if the given element exists into the collection.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	[in] Element.
----------	---------------

Returns

TRUE if the element exists into the collection, FALSE otherwise.

5.47.2.13 int64_t Objects::Intersection (Objects * objs)

Performs the intersection operation.

Updates the [Objects](#) calling instance setting those existing elements at both two collections and removing all others.

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects instance.
-------------	--

Returns

Number of elements into the collection once the operation has been executed.

5.47.2.14 ObjectsIterator* Objects::Iterator ()

Gets an [ObjectsIterator](#).

Returns

[ObjectsIterator](#) instance.

5.47.2.15 ObjectsIterator* Objects::IteratorFromElement (oid_t e)

Gets an [ObjectsIterator](#) starting from the given element.

[Objects](#) collection has no order, so this method is implementation-dependent.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	[in] The first element to traverse in the resulting ObjectsIterator instance.
----------	---

Returns

[ObjectsIterator](#) instance.

5.47.2.16 ObjectsIterator* Objects::IteratorFromIndex (int64_t index)

Gets an [ObjectsIterator](#) skipping index elements.

[Objects](#) collection has no order, so this method is implementation-dependent.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] The number of elements to skip from the beginning. It must be in the range [0..Size).
--------------	--

Returns

[ObjectsIterator](#) instance.

5.47.2.17 `bool_t Objects::Remove (oid_t e)`

Removes an element from the collection.

Parameters

<i>e</i>	[in] Element to be removed.
----------	-----------------------------

Returns

TRUE if the element is removed, FALSE if the element was not into the collection.

5.47.2.18 `Objects* Objects::Sample (Objects * exclude, int64_t samples)`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance which is a sample of the calling one.

Parameters

<i>exclude</i>	[in] If not NULL, elements into this collection will be excluded from the resulting one.
<i>samples</i>	[in] Number of elements into the resulting collection.

Returns

Sample collection.

5.47.2.19 `int64_t Objects::Union (Objects * objs)`

Performs the union operation.

This adds all existing elements of the given [Objects](#) instance to the [Objects](#) calling instance

Parameters

<i>objs</i>	[in] Objects instance.
-------------	--

Returns

Number of elements into the collection once the operation has been executed.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Objects.h](#)

5.48 ObjectsIterator Class Reference

[ObjectsIterator](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- virtual [~ObjectsIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements to traverse.
- [oid_t Next](#) ()
Gets the next element to traverse.

Friends

- class **Objects**

5.48.1 Detailed Description

[ObjectsIterator](#) class.

Iterator to traverse all the object identifiers from an [Objects](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.48.2 Member Function Documentation

5.48.2.1 [bool_t ObjectsIterator::HasNext](#) ()

Gets if there are more elements to traverse.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements to traverse, FALSE otherwise.

5.48.2.2 [oid_t ObjectsIterator::Next](#) ()

Gets the next element to traverse.

Returns

The next element.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [ObjectsIterator.h](#)

5.49 OIDList Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) object identifier list.

Public Member Functions

- [int32_t Count](#) () const
Number of elements in the list.
- [OIDListIterator](#) * [Iterator](#) ()
Gets a new [OIDListIterator](#).
- [OIDList](#) ()
Constructor.
- [OIDList](#) ([int32_t](#) numInvalidOIDs)
Constructor.
- [OIDList](#) (const std::vector< [oid_t](#) > &v)
Constructor.
- [~OIDList](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Add](#) ([oid_t](#) attr)
Adds a [Sparksee](#) object identifier at the end of the list.
- void [Set](#) ([int32_t](#) pos, [oid_t](#) oid)
Sets a [Sparksee](#) object identifier at the specified position of the list.
- void [Clear](#) ()
Clears the list.

5.49.1 Detailed Description

[Sparksee](#) object identifier list.

It stores a [Sparksee](#) object identifier list.

Use [OIDListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.49.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.49.2.1 [OIDList::OIDList](#) ()

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.49.2.2 [OIDList::OIDList](#) ([int32_t](#) numInvalidOIDs)

Constructor.

This creates a list with N invalid oids.

Parameters

<i>numInvalidOIDs</i>	[in] The number of invalid oids added to the list.
-----------------------	--

5.49.2.3 `OIDList::OIDList (const std::vector< oid_t > & v)`

Constructor.

Parameters

<i>v</i>	[in] Vector.
----------	--------------

5.49.3 Member Function Documentation

5.49.3.1 `void OIDList::Add (oid_t attr) [inline]`

Adds a [Sparksee](#) object identifier at the end of the list.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Sparksee object identifier.
-------------	--

5.49.3.2 `int32_t OIDList::Count () const [inline]`

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.49.3.3 `OIDListIterator* OIDList::Iterator ()`

Gets a new [OIDListIterator](#).

Returns

[OIDListIterator](#) instance.

5.49.3.4 `void OIDList::Set (int32_t pos, oid_t oid) [inline]`

Sets a [Sparksee](#) object identifier at the specified position of the list.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] List position [0.. Count() -1].
<i>oid</i>	[in] Sparksee object identifier.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.50 OIDListIterator Class Reference

[OIDList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~OIDListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [oid_t Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **OIDList**

5.50.1 Detailed Description

[OIDList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the [Sparksee](#) object identifier into a [OIDList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.50.2 Member Function Documentation

5.50.2.1 [bool_t OIDListIterator::HasNext](#) () [inline]

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.50.2.2 `oid_t OIDListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.51 PageRank Class Reference

[PageRank](#) class.

Public Member Functions

- [PageRank](#) (`sparksee::gdb::Session &session`)
Builds the [PageRank](#).
- virtual [~PageRank](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [AddEdgeType](#) (`sparksee::gdb::type_t type`, `sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir`) throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (`sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir`)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- void [AddNodeType](#) (`sparksee::gdb::type_t type`) throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- void [SetNumIterations](#) (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t numIterations`)
Sets the number of iterations to run the [PageRank](#) for.
- void [SetTolerance](#) (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t tolerance`)
Sets the tolerance threshold to continue computing the [PageRank](#) after each iteration.
- void [SetDamping](#) (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t damping`)
Sets the damping value for the [PageRank](#).
- void [SetInitialPageRankValue](#) (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t startValue`)
Sets the initial [PageRank](#) value.
- void [SetOutputAttributeType](#) (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr`) throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Sets the output attribute type.
- void [SetEdgeWeightAttributeType](#) (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr`) throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.
- void [SetDefaultWeight](#) (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight`)
Sets the default weight for those cases when a given edge does not have a weight attribute set.
- void [SetStartingNode](#) (`sparksee::gdb::oid_t startNode`) throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Sets the starting node of the page rank to compute the Personalized [PageRank](#) variant.
- void [Run](#) () throw (`sparksee::gdb::Error`)
Runs the algorithm.

5.51.1 Detailed Description

[PageRank](#) class.

Implements the [PageRank](#) algorithm

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.51.2.1 `PageRank::PageRank (sparksee::gdb::Session & session)`

Builds the [PageRank](#).

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] The session to use
----------------	-------------------------

5.51.3 Member Function Documentation

5.51.3.1 `void PageRank::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

The direction is interpreted as in which direction an edge can be followed from a node to influence other nodes.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.51.3.2 `void PageRank::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) throw sparksee::gdb::Error`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

If the edge type was already added, the existing direction is overwritten The direction is interpreted as in which direction an edge can be followed from a node to influence other nodes.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.51.3.3 `void PageRank::Run () throw sparksee::gdb::Error`

Runs the algorithm.

Exceptions

<code>sparksee::gdb::Error</code>	
-----------------------------------	--

5.51.3.4 void PageRank::SetDamping (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t damping`)

Sets the damping value for the [PageRank](#).

Parameters

<code>damping</code>	[in] The damping value. Default: 0.85
----------------------	---------------------------------------

5.51.3.5 void PageRank::SetDefaultWeight (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight`)

Sets the default weight for those cases when a given edge does not have a weight attribute set.

Default: 0.0

Parameters

<code>weight</code>	[in] The default weight
---------------------	-------------------------

5.51.3.6 void PageRank::SetEdgeWeightAttributeType (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr`) throw `sparksee::gdb::Error`

Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.

If the multiple edge are set for traversal, this attribute must be of type GLOBAL_TYPE or EDGES_TYPE. Additionally, the attribute must be of type Double. Finally, negative weights are treated as non existing, so the default weight applies.

Parameters

<code>attr</code>	[in] The attribute type to use as a weight. Default: InvalidAttribute
-------------------	---

Exceptions

<code>sparksee::gdb::Error</code>	
-----------------------------------	--

5.51.3.7 void PageRank::SetInitialPageRankValue (`sparksee::gdb::double64_t startValue`)

Sets the initial [PageRank](#) value.

If a starting node is set, this initial value is only set for the starting node and the rest of nodes are set to 0.0

Parameters

<code>startValue</code>	[in] The initial value to set. Default: 0.0
-------------------------	---

5.51.3.8 void PageRank::SetNumIterations (sparksee::gdb::int32_t numIterations)

Sets the number of iterations to run the [PageRank](#) for.

Parameters

<i>numIterations</i>	[in] The number of iterations to set. Default: 20
----------------------	---

5.51.3.9 void PageRank::SetOutputAttributeType (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the output attribute type.

If the [PageRank](#) will run on more than one node type, then the output attribute must be of type GLOBAL_TYPE or NODES_TYPE. Otherwise, it must be a valid attribute for the used node type.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] The attribute to store the result. Default: InvalidAttribute
-------------	---

5.51.3.10 void PageRank::SetStartingNode (sparksee::gdb::oid_t startNode) throw sparksee::gdb::Error)

Sets the starting node of the page rank to compute the Personalized [PageRank](#) variant.

Exceptions

<i>sparksee::gdb::Error</i>	
-----------------------------	--

5.51.3.11 void PageRank::SetTolerance (sparksee::gdb::double64_t tolerance)

Sets the tolerance threshold to continue computing the [PageRank](#) after each iteration.

If all the changes to any PPR value after an iteration are below that tolerance threshold, the algorithm finishes.

Parameters

<i>tolerance</i>	[in] The tolerance to use normalized between 0 and 1. Default: 0.000001
------------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- PageRank.h

5.52 Platform Class Reference

[Platform](#) class.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [GetStatistics](#) ([PlatformStatistics](#) &stats)
Gets platform data and statistics.

5.52.1 Detailed Description

[Platform](#) class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.52.2 Member Function Documentation

5.52.2.1 static void Platform::GetStatistics (PlatformStatistics & stats) [static]

Gets platform data and statistics.

Parameters

<i>stats</i>	[in out] This updates the given PlatformStatistics .
--------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- common.h

5.53 PlatformStatistics Class Reference

[Platform](#) data and statistics.

Public Member Functions

- [PlatformStatistics](#) ()
Creates a new instance setting all values to 0.
- [int32_t GetNumCPUs](#) () const
Gets the number of CPUs.
- [int64_t GetRealTime](#) () const
Gets time in microseconds (since epoch).
- [int64_t GetUserTime](#) () const
Gets CPU user time.
- [int64_t GetSystemTime](#) () const
Gets CPU system time.
- [int64_t GetTotalMem](#) () const
Gets physical memory size in Bytes.
- [int64_t GetAvailableMem](#) () const
Gets avialable (free) memory size in Bytes.

Friends

- class **Platform**

5.53.1 Detailed Description

[Platform](#) data and statistics.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.53.2 Member Function Documentation

5.53.2.1 `int64_t PlatformStatistics::GetAvailableMem () const [inline]`

Gets avialable (free) memory size in Bytes.

Returns

Avialable (free) memory size in Bytes.

5.53.2.2 `int32_t PlatformStatistics::GetNumCPUs () const [inline]`

Gets the number of CPUs.

Returns

The number of CPUs.

5.53.2.3 `int64_t PlatformStatistics::GetRealTime () const [inline]`

Gets time in microseconds (since epoch).

Returns

Time in microseconds (since epoch).

5.53.2.4 `int64_t PlatformStatistics::GetSystemTime () const [inline]`

Gets CPU system time.

Returns

CPU system time.

5.53.2.5 `int64_t PlatformStatistics::GetTotalMem () const [inline]`

Gets physical memory size in Bytes.

Returns

Physical memory size in Bytes.

5.53.2.6 `int64_t PlatformStatistics::GetUserTime () const [inline]`

Gets CPU user time.

Returns

CPU user time.

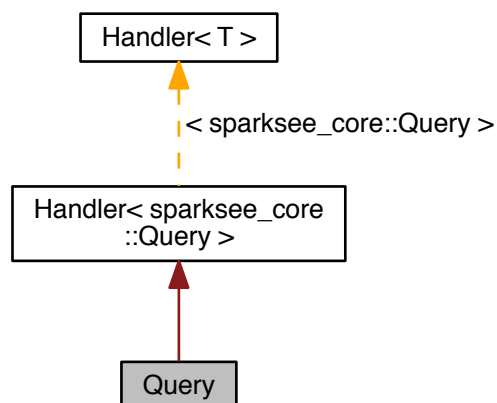
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- common.h

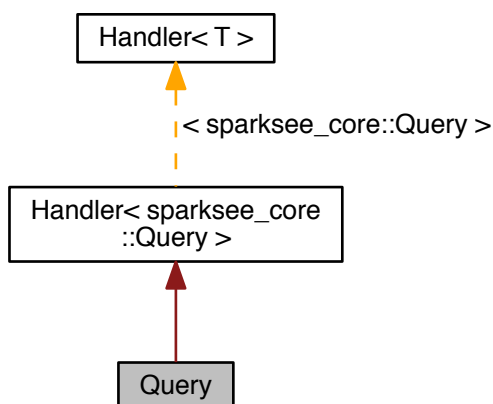
5.54 Query Class Reference

[Query](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Query:



Collaboration diagram for Query:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Query ()`
Destructor.
- `ResultSet * Execute (const std::wstring &stmt, bool_t reiterable=false)`
Executes the given statement.
- `QueryStream * SetStream (const std::wstring &stream, QueryStream *handler)`
Sets a query stream handler.
- void `SetDynamic (const std::wstring &name, Value &value)`
Sets the value for a dynamic paramater.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::Query * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::Query * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- void `SetHandler (sparksee_core::Query *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- void `FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class `Session`
- class `QueryContext`

5.54.1 Detailed Description

[Query](#) class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.54.2 Member Function Documentation

5.54.2.1 `ResultSet* Query::Execute (const std::wstring & stmt, bool_t reiterable = false)`

Executes the given statement.

Parameters

<i>stmt</i>	[in] Query statement.
<i>reiterable</i>	[in] Whether we want the resultset to be reiterable or not

Returns

A [ResultSet](#) instance with the contents of the result of the query.

5.54.2.2 `void Query::SetDynamic (const std::wstring & name, Value & value)`

Sets the value for a dynamic paramater.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Parameter name
<i>value</i>	[in] Parameter value

5.54.2.3 `QueryStream* Query::SetStream (const std::wstring & stream, QueryStream * handler)`

Sets a query stream handler.

[Query](#) streams handlers are created and destroyed by the caller.

Parameters

<i>stream</i>	[in] The stream name
<i>handler</i>	[in] Query stream handler

Returns

The previous handler, or NULL if it does not exists

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Query.h](#)

5.55 QueryContext Class Reference

[Query](#) context interface.

Public Member Functions

- [QueryContext](#) ()
Default constructor.
- virtual [~QueryContext](#) ()
Destructor.
- [Query](#) * [NewQuery](#) ()
Creates a new [Query](#).

5.55.1 Detailed Description

[Query](#) context interface.

A [QueryContext](#) contains and manages the resources required to run a [Query](#). A [Session](#) is one example of a [QueryContext](#) connected to a [Sparksee](#) database. The applications can implement their own contexts to run queries out of [Sparksee](#).

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

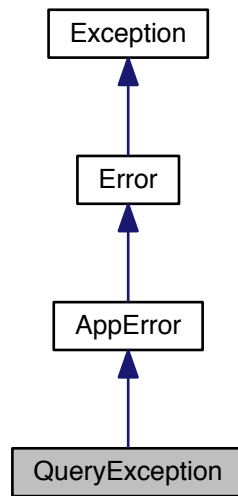
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [QueryContext.h](#)

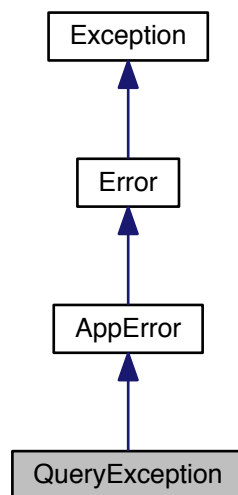
5.56 QueryException Class Reference

[Query](#) exception class.

Inheritance diagram for QueryException:



Collaboration diagram for QueryException:



Public Member Functions

- [QueryException \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.

- [QueryException](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- [QueryException](#) (const sparksee_core::QueryError *core_error)
Creates a new instance.
- [QueryException](#) (const sparksee_core::CypherError *cypher_error)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~QueryException](#) ()
Destructor.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetOffset](#) ()
Get thhe Offset in the query that may have triggered the error.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ThrowError](#) (int32_t coreErrorCode)
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t m_offset](#)
The Offset in the query that triggered the error.
- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.56.1 Detailed Description

[Query](#) exception class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.56.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.56.2.1 [QueryException::QueryException](#) (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.56.2.2 `QueryException::QueryException (const sparksee_core::QueryError * core_error)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>core_error</code>	[in] Dexcore SQLError.
-------------------------	------------------------

5.56.2.3 `QueryException::QueryException (const sparksee_core::CypherError * cypher_error)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>core_error</code>	[in] Dexcore SQLError.
-------------------------	------------------------

5.56.3 Member Function Documentation

5.56.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called `GetMessage` but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.56.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)` [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<code>mess</code>	[in] Message.
-------------------	---------------

5.56.3.3 `static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)` [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a `sparksee_core` error code.

Parameters

<code>coreErrorCode</code>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

5.57 QueryStream Class Reference

[Query](#) stream interface.

Public Member Functions

- virtual [~QueryStream](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual [bool_t Prepare](#) (const [ValueList](#) &list)=0
Prepares the stream before it is started.
- virtual [bool_t Start](#) ([ResultSetList](#) &list)=0
Starts the stream.
- virtual [bool_t Fetch](#) ([ValueList](#) &list)=0
Gets the next row and moves the iterator forward.

Protected Member Functions

- [QueryStream](#) ()
Default constructor.

5.57.1 Detailed Description

[Query](#) stream interface.

A [QueryStream](#) is the interface between the application and the STREAM operator. When the operator starts inside a [Query](#), the method is prepared with query-defined arguments. Then, if there are input operations, the STREAM operator builds the ResultSets and starts the iteration. Finally, the operator fetches rows until no more are available.

Application exceptions must be cached by the subclass that implements the interface.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.57.2 Member Function Documentation

5.57.2.1 virtual [bool_t QueryStream::Fetch](#) ([ValueList](#) & list) [pure virtual]

Gets the next row and moves the iterator forward.

The end of sequence is denoted by returning TRUE with an empty row. A valid row must contain as many values (even NULL) as expected by the query.

Parameters

<i>list</i>	[out] Storage for the new rows
-------------	--------------------------------

Returns

TRUE if there is a row or end of sequence, FALSE on error

5.57.2.2 `virtual bool_t QueryStream::Prepare (const ValueList & list) [pure virtual]`

Prepares the stream before it is started.

Parameters

<i>list</i>	[in] Optional list of arguments
-------------	---------------------------------

Returns

FALSE on error

5.57.2.3 `virtual bool_t QueryStream::Start (ResultSetList & list) [pure virtual]`

Starts the stream.

Parameters

<i>list</i>	[in] Optional list of input ResultSets
-------------	--

Returns

FALSE on error

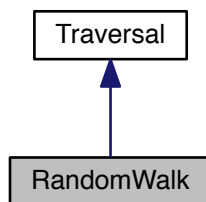
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Query.h

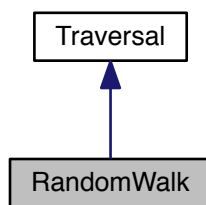
5.58 RandomWalk Class Reference

[RandomWalk](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for RandomWalk:



Collaboration diagram for RandomWalk:



Public Member Functions

- [RandomWalk](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Builds the `RandomWalk`.
- virtual [~RandomWalk](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::oid_t Next](#) ()
Gets the next object of the traversal.

- virtual `sparksee::gdb::bool_t HasNext ()`
Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetCurrentDepth () const`
Returns the depth of the current node.
- void `SetEdgeWeightAttributeType (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)`
Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.
- void `SetDefaultWeight (sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight)`
Sets the default weight for those cases when a given edge does not have a weight attribute set.
- void `Reset (sparksee::gdb::oid_t startNode)`
*Sets the starting node of the *RandomWalk*.*
- void `SetReturnParameter (sparksee::gdb::double64_t val)`
*Sets the return parameter of the *RandomWalk*.*
- void `SetInOutParameter (sparksee::gdb::double64_t val)`
*Sets the In-Out parameter of the *RandomWalk*.*
- void `SetSeed (sparksee::gdb::int32_t seed)`
Sets the seed of the random walk.
- virtual void `SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)`
Sets the maximum hops restriction.

Protected Member Functions

- void `AssertAddedEdges ()`
Check that edges had been added.
- void `AssertAddedNodes ()`
Check that nodes had been added.
- void `AssertEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)`
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void `AssertNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)`
Check that the given node type is valid.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)`
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)`
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)`
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- `sparksee::gdb::Session * sess`
Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph * graph`
Graph.
- `sparksee::gdb::oid_t src`
Source node of the traversal.
- `std::map< sparksee::gdb::type_t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection > edgeTypes`
Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t > nodeTypes`
Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxHops`
Maximum number of hops allowed.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedNodes`
The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedEdges`
The set of excluded edges.

5.58.1 Detailed Description

[RandomWalk](#) class.

Implements the [RandomWalk](#) algorithm

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.58.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.58.2.1 `RandomWalk::RandomWalk (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)`

Builds the [RandomWalk](#).

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] The session to use
<i>node</i>	[in] The starting node of the traversal

5.58.3 Member Function Documentation

5.58.3.1 `virtual void RandomWalk::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

Reimplemented from [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.2 `virtual void RandomWalk::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual]`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

If the edge type was already added, the existing direction is overwritten

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

Reimplemented from [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.3 `virtual void RandomWalk::AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) [virtual]`

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The node type to add
-------------	----------------------

Reimplemented from [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.4 `virtual void RandomWalk::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented from [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.5 `virtual void RandomWalk::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented from [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::int32_t RandomWalk::GetCurrentDepth () const [virtual]`

Returns the depth of the current node.

That is, it returns the depth of the node returned in the last call to [Next\(\)](#).

Returns

The depth of the current node.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t RandomWalk::HasNext () [virtual]`

Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.

Returns

TRUE if there are more objects, FALSE otherwise.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::oid_t RandomWalk::Next () [virtual]`

Gets the next object of the traversal.

Returns

A node or edge identifier.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.58.3.9 `void RandomWalk::Reset (sparksee::gdb::oid_t startNode)`

Sets the starting node of the [RandomWalk](#).

This method resets the [RandomWalk](#).

Exceptions

<code>sparksee::gdb::Error</code>

5.58.3.10 `void RandomWalk::SetDefaultWeight (sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight)`

Sets the default weight for those cases when a given edge does not have a weight attribute set.

Default: 0.0

Parameters

<code>weight</code>	[in] The default weight
---------------------	-------------------------

5.58.3.11 `void RandomWalk::SetEdgeWeightAttributeType (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)`

Sets the attribute to use as edge weight.

If the multiple edge are set for traversal, this attribute must be of type GLOBAL_TYPE or EDGES_TYPE. Additionally, the attribute must be of type Double. Finally, negative weights are treated as non existing, so the default weight applies.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] The attribute type to use as a weight. Default: InvalidAttribute
-------------	---

5.58.3.12 void RandomWalk::SetInOutParameter (sparksee::gdb::double64_t *val*)

Sets the In-Out parameter of the [RandomWalk](#).

Parameters

<i>val</i>	The In-Out parameter to set. Default: 1.0
------------	---

5.58.3.13 virtual void Traversal::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *maxhops*) [virtual],
[inherited]

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

5.58.3.14 void RandomWalk::SetReturnParameter (sparksee::gdb::double64_t *val*)

Sets the return parameter of the [RandomWalk](#).

Parameters

<i>val</i>	The return parameter to set. Default: 1.0
------------	---

5.58.3.15 void RandomWalk::SetSeed (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *seed*)

Sets the seed of the random walk.

Parameters

<i>seed</i>	The seed to generate the random numbers that drive the random walk
-------------	--

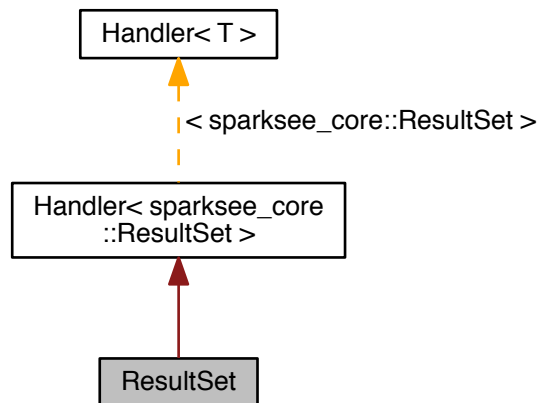
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- RandomWalk.h

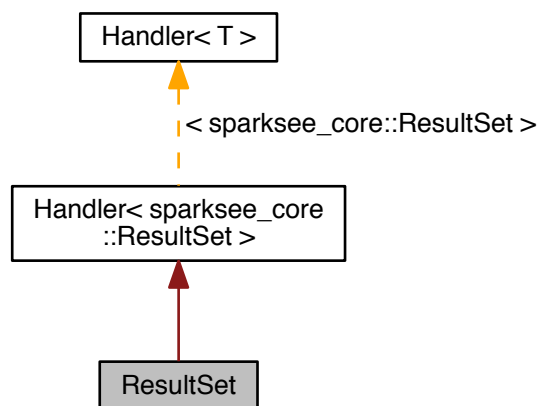
5.59 ResultSet Class Reference

[ResultSet](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for ResultSet:



Collaboration diagram for ResultSet:



Public Member Functions

- `virtual ~ResultSet ()`
Destructor.
- `int32_t GetNumColumns () const`

- Gets the number of columns.*
- const std::wstring & **GetColumnName** (int32_t index) const
 - Gets the name for the given column.*
- int32_t **GetColumnIndex** (const std::wstring &name) const
 - Gets the column index for the given column name.*
- DataType **GetColumnDataType** (int32_t index) const
 - Gets the datatype for the given column.*
- bool_t **Next** ()
 - Fetches the next row.*
- void **GetColumn** (int32_t index, Value &value) const
 - Gets the value for the given column.*
- Value * **GetColumn** (int32_t index) const
 - Gets the value for the given column.*
- void **Rewind** ()
 - Positions the cursor before the first row.*
- const std::wstring & **GetJSON** (int32_t rows)
 - Returns rows in JSON format.*

Private Member Functions

- sparksee_core::ResultSet * **GetHandler** ()
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- const sparksee_core::ResultSet * **GetHandler** () const
 - Gets the handled reference.*
- void **SetHandler** (sparksee_core::ResultSet *h)
 - Sets the handled reference.*
- void **FreeHandler** ()
 - Frees (deletes) the handled reference.*
- bool_t **IsNull** () const
 - Gets if the handler is NULL.*

Friends

- class **Query**

5.59.1 Detailed Description

ResultSet class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.59.2 Member Function Documentation

5.59.2.1 void ResultSet::GetColumn (int32_t index, Value & value) const

Gets the value for the given column.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Column index.
<i>value</i>	[in out] <i>Value</i> .

Exceptions

QueryException	If a database access error occurs.
--------------------------------	------------------------------------

5.59.2.2 Value* ResultSet::GetColumn (int32_t *index*) const

Gets the value for the given column.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Column index.
--------------	--------------------

Returns

The *Value* of the given column.

Exceptions

QueryException	If a database access error occurs.
--------------------------------	------------------------------------

5.59.2.3 DataType ResultSet::GetColumnDataType (int32_t *index*) const

Gets the datatype for the given column.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Column index.
--------------	--------------------

Returns

DataType for the given column.

5.59.2.4 int32_t ResultSet::GetColumnIndex (const std::wstring & *name*) const

Gets the column index for the given column name.

Parameters

<i>name</i>	[in] Column name.
-------------	-------------------

Returns

Column index.

5.59.2.5 `const std::wstring& ResultSet::GetColumnName (int32_t index) const`

Gets the name for the given column.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Column index.
--------------	--------------------

Returns

Column name.

5.59.2.6 `const std::wstring& ResultSet::GetJSON (int32_t rows)`

Returns rows in JSON format.

Rows are returned from the current position.

Parameters

<i>rows</i>	[in] Maximum number of rows
-------------	-----------------------------

Returns

JSON representation of the next <rows> rows in the resultset

5.59.2.7 `int32_t ResultSet::GetNumColumns () const`

Gets the number of columns.

Columns are in the range [0...COLUMNS).

Returns

The number of columns.

5.59.2.8 `bool_t ResultSet::Next ()`

Fetches the next row.

A [ResultSet](#) cursor is initially positioned before the first row; the first call to the method "Next" makes the first row the current row; the second call makes the second row the current row, and so on.

Returns

TRUE if the next row has been successfully fetched, FALSE otherwise.

Exceptions

QueryException	If a database access error occurs.
--------------------------------	------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `ResultSet.h`

5.60 ResultSetList Class Reference

[ResultSet](#) list.

Public Member Functions

- [int32_t](#) `Count` () const
Number of elements in the list.
- [ResultSetList](#) ()
Constructor.
- [~ResultSetList](#) ()
Destructor.
- void `Clear` ()
Clears the list.
- [ResultSet](#) * `Get` (int32_t index) const
Returns the [ResultSet](#) at the specified position in the list.
- [ResultSetListIterator](#) * `Iterator` ()
Gets a new [ResultSetListIterator](#).

5.60.1 Detailed Description

[ResultSet](#) list.

It stores a [ResultSet](#) list.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.60.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.60.2.1 [ResultSetList::ResultSetList](#) ()

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.60.3 Member Function Documentation

5.60.3.1 [int32_t](#) [ResultSetList::Count](#) () const

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.60.3.2 [ResultSet](#)* [ResultSetList::Get](#) ([int32_t](#) index) const

Returns the [ResultSet](#) at the specified position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Index of the element to return, starting at 0.
--------------	---

5.60.3.3 ResultSetListIterator* ResultSetList::Iterator ()

Gets a new [ResultSetListIterator](#).

Returns

[ResultSetListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [ResultSet.h](#)

5.61 ResultSetListIterator Class Reference

[ResultSetList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~ResultSetListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- const [ResultSet](#) * [Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t](#) [HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **ResultSetList**

5.61.1 Detailed Description

[ResultSetList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the values into a [ResultSetList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.61.2 Member Function Documentation

5.61.2.1 `bool_t ResultSetListIterator::HasNext ()`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.61.2.2 `const ResultSet* ResultSetListIterator::Next ()`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

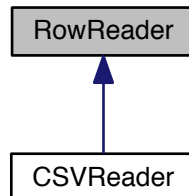
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ResultSet.h

5.62 RowReader Class Reference

[RowReader](#) interface.

Inheritance diagram for RowReader:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `sparksee::gdb::bool_t Reset ()=0` throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Moves the reader to the beginning.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::bool_t Read (sparksee::gdb::StringList &row)=0` throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Reads the next row as a string array.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetRow ()=0` throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
The row number for the current row.
- virtual void `Close ()=0` throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Closes the reader.
- virtual `~RowReader ()`
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [RowReader](#) ()
Empty constructor.

5.62.1 Detailed Description

[RowReader](#) interface.

Common interface for those readers which get the data as an string array.

It works as follows: perform as many read operations as necessary and call close once at the end. Once close is called no more read operations can be executed.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.62.2.1 `RowReader::RowReader () [inline],[protected]`

Empty constructor.

Protected because no one should instantiate a [RowReader](#). Just inherited classes can use this empty constructor.

References `END_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE`.

5.62.3 Member Function Documentation

5.62.3.1 `virtual void RowReader::Close () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [pure virtual]

Closes the reader.

Exceptions

IOException	If the close fails.
-----------------------------	---------------------

Implemented in [CSVReader](#).

5.62.3.2 `virtual sparksee::gdb::int32_t RowReader::GetRow () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [pure virtual]

The row number for the current row.

Returns

The current row number; 0 if there is no current row.

Exceptions

IOException	If it fails.
-----------------------------	--------------

Implemented in [CSVReader](#).

5.62.3.3 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t RowReader::Read (sparksee::gdb::StringList & row) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [pure virtual]

Reads the next row as a string array.

Parameters

<i>row</i>	[out] A string list with each comma-separated element as a separate entry.
------------	--

Returns

Returns true if a row had been read or false otherwise.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the read.
-----------------------------	---------------------------------------

Implemented in [CSVReader](#).

5.62.3.4 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t RowReader::Reset () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException` [pure virtual]

Moves the reader to the beginning.

Restarts the reader.

Returns

`true` if the reader can be restarted, `false` otherwise.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the restart.
-----------------------------	--

Implemented in [CSVReader](#).

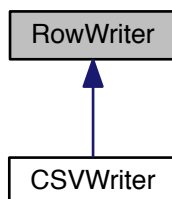
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- RowReader.h

5.63 RowWriter Class Reference

[RowWriter](#) interface.

Inheritance diagram for RowWriter:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void [Write](#) (sparksee::gdb::StringList &row)=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Writes the next row.
- virtual void [Close](#) ()=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Closes the writer.
- virtual [~RowWriter](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [RowWriter](#) ()
Empty constructor.

5.63.1 Detailed Description

[RowWriter](#) interface.

Common interface for those writers which dump the data from an string array.

It works as follows: perform as many write operations as necessary and call close once at the end. Once close is called no more write operations can be executed.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.63.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.63.2.1 RowWriter::RowWriter () [inline], [protected]

Empty constructor.

Protected because no one should instantiate a [RowWriter](#). Just inherited classes can use this empty constructor.

References END_SPARKSEE_IO_NAMESPACE.

5.63.3 Member Function Documentation

5.63.3.1 `virtual void RowWriter::Close () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error) [pure virtual]`

Closes the writer.

Exceptions

IOException	If the close fails.
-----------------------------	---------------------

Implemented in [CSVWriter](#).

5.63.3.2 `virtual void RowWriter::Write (sparksee::gdb::StringList & row) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error) [pure virtual]`

Writes the next row.

Parameters

<code>row</code>	[in] Row of data.
------------------	-------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen during the write.
-----------------------------	--

Implemented in [CSVWriter](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- RowWriter.h

5.64 ScriptParser Class Reference

[ScriptParser](#).

Public Member Functions

- [ScriptParser](#) ()
Constructor.
- virtual [~ScriptParser](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [SetOutputLog](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Sets the output log.
- void [SetErrorLog](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Sets the error log.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t Parse](#) (sparksee_core::FileReader *fileReader, [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) execute)
Parser the given input stream.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t Parse](#) (const std::wstring &path, [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) execute, const std::wstring &localeStr) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
Parses the given input file.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [GenerateSchemaScript](#) (const std::wstring &path, sparksee::gdb::Database &db) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)

Writes an script with the schema definition for the given database.

5.64.1 Detailed Description

[ScriptParser](#).

The [ScriptParser](#) can create schemas and load data from a set of commands in a sparksee script.

A SPARKSEE script contains an ordered list of commands. [ScriptParser](#) will execute each one of them in order. Commands may create schemas, define nodes and edges, and load data into a previous defined SPARKSEE schema.

Check out the 'Scripting' chapter in the SPARKSEE User Manual for a comprehensive explanation on the grammar of the SPARKSEE commands and how they work.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.64.2 Member Function Documentation

- 5.64.2.1 static void [ScriptParser::GenerateSchemaScript](#) (const std::wstring & *path*, sparksee::gdb::Database & *db*) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException [static]

Writes an script with the schema definition for the given database.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Filename of the script to be written.
<i>db</i>	[in] Database .

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening or writing the file.
-----------------------------	---

- 5.64.2.2 sparksee::gdb::bool_t [ScriptParser::Parse](#) (sparksee_core::FileReader * *fileReader*, sparksee::gdb::bool_t *execute*)

Parser the given input stream.

Parameters

<i>fileReader</i>	[in] Input file reader.
<i>execute</i>	[in] If TRUE the script is executed, if FALSE it is just parsed.

Returns

TRUE if ok, FALSE in case of error.

5.64.2.3 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t ScriptParser::Parse (const std::wstring & path, sparksee::gdb::bool_t execute, const std::wstring & localeStr) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException`

Parses the given input file.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Input file path.
<i>execute</i>	[in] If TRUE the script is executed, if FALSE it is just parsed.
<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for reading the input file. See CSVReader .

Returns

TRUE if ok, FALSE in case of error.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.64.2.4 `void ScriptParser::SetErrorLog (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException`

Sets the error log.

If not set, error log corresponds to standard error output.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Path of the error log.
-------------	-----------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.64.2.5 `void ScriptParser::SetOutputLog (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException`

Sets the output log.

If not set, output log corresponds to standard output.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Path of the output log.
-------------	------------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

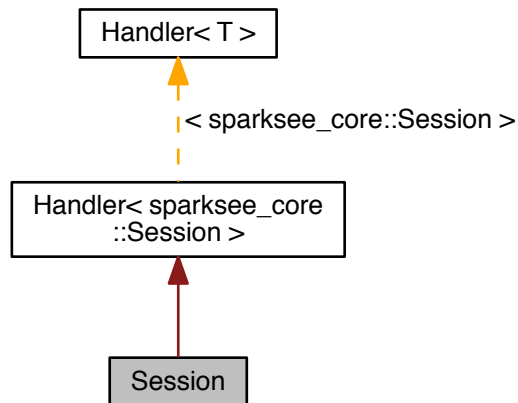
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ScriptParser.h

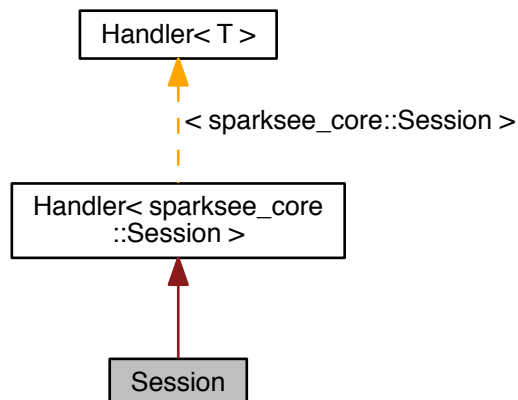
5.65 Session Class Reference

[Session](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Session:



Collaboration diagram for Session:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Session ()`
Destructor.
- `Graph * GetGraph ()`
Gets the `Graph` instance.
- `Objects * NewObjects ()`
Creates a new `Objects` instance.
- void `Begin ()`
Begins a transaction.
- void `BeginUpdate ()`
Begins an update transaction.
- void `Commit ()`
Commits a transaction.
- void `Rollback ()`
Rollbacks a transaction.
- `Query * NewQuery (sparksee::gdb::QueryLanguage lang)`
Creates a new `Query`.
- `int64_t PreCommit ()`
PreCommits a transaction.
- `int64_t GetInMemoryPoolCapacity ()`
Gets the capacity of the in-memory pool.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::Session * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::Session * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- void `SetHandler (sparksee_core::Session *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- void `FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class **Database**
- class **Graph**
- class **Objects**
- class **ObjectsIterator**
- class **KeyValues**
- class **Values**
- class **ValuesIterator**
- class **TextStream**
- class **ValueArray**

5.65.1 Detailed Description

[Session](#) class.

A [Session](#) is a stateful period of activity of a user with the [Database](#).

All the manipulation of a [Database](#) must be enclosed into a [Session](#). A [Session](#) can be initiated from a [Database](#) instance and allows for getting a [Graph](#) instance which represents the persistent graph (the graph database).

Also, temporary data is associated to the [Session](#), thus when a [Session](#) is closed, all the temporary data associated to the [Session](#) is removed too. [Objects](#) or [Values](#) instances or even session attributes are an example of temporary data.

Moreover, a [Session](#) is exclusive for a thread, thus if it is shared among threads results may be fatal or unexpected.

Check out the 'Processing' and 'Transactions' sections in the SPARKSEE User Manual for details about how Sessions work and the use of transactions.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.65.2 Member Function Documentation

5.65.2.1 `Graph* Session::GetGraph ()`

Gets the [Graph](#) instance.

Returns

The [Graph](#) instance.

5.65.2.2 `int64_t Session::GetInMemoryPoolCapacity ()`

Gets the capacity of the in-memory pool.

Returns

Returns the capacity of the in-memory pool

5.65.2.3 `Objects* Session::NewObjects ()`

Creates a new [Objects](#) instance.

Returns

The new [Objects](#) instance.

5.65.2.4 `Query* Session::NewQuery (sparksee::gdb::QueryLanguage lang)`

Creates a new [Query](#).

Parameters

<i>lang</i>	The query language to create the query for
-------------	--

5.65.2.5 int64_t Session::PreCommit ()

PreCommits a transaction.

YOU SHOULD NOT USE THIS METHOD. This method exists for a specific service and it is used to force that the transaction is written in the recovery log even though it had not been committed yet (and may never be).

Returns

The transaction id. This has to be used in RedoPrecommitted in case of a recovery process.

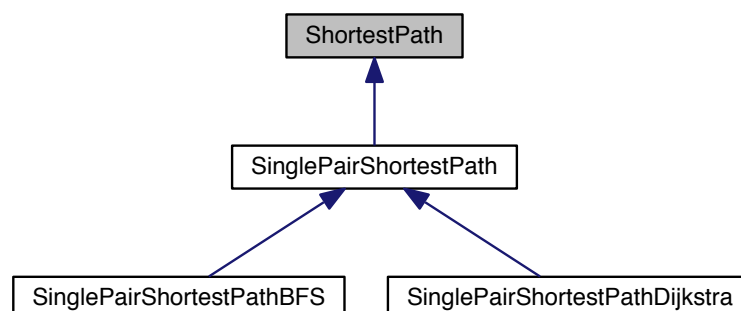
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Session.h

5.66 ShortestPath Class Reference

[ShortestPath](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for ShortestPath:



Public Member Functions

- void [SetMaximumHops](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)
Sets the maximum hops restriction.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void [Run](#) ()=0
Runs the algorithm.
- virtual [~ShortestPath](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [ShortestPath](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s)
Creates a new instance.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had not been calculated yet.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- `sparksee::gdb::Session` * `sess`
Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph` * `graph`
Graph.
- `std::map< sparksee::gdb::type_t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection >` `edgeTypes`
Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t >` `nodeTypes`
Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` `maxHops`
Maximum hops restriction.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `computed`
True if the shortest path has been calculated.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedNodes`
The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedEdges`
The set of excluded edges.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `areAllNodeTypesAllowed`
True if all the node types are allowed.

5.66.1 Detailed Description

`ShortestPath` class.

Classes implementing this abstract class solve the shortest path problem in a graph.

The user must set which node and edge types can be used for the traversal.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.66.2.1 `ShortestPath::ShortestPath (sparksee::gdb::Session & s)` `[protected]`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>s</code>	[in] <code>Session</code> to get the graph from and perform traversal.
----------------	--

5.66.3 Member Function Documentation

5.66.3.1 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` [virtual]

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.66.3.2 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`
[virtual]

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.66.3.3 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.66.3.4 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.66.3.5 `virtual void ShortestPath::Run ()` [pure virtual]

Runs the algorithm.

This method can only be called once.

Implemented in [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#), and [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#).

5.66.3.6 void ShortestPath::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *maxhops*)

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

5.66.4 Member Data Documentation

5.66.4.1 sparksee::gdb::int32_t ShortestPath::maxHops [protected]

Maximum hops restriction.

It must be positive or zero. Zero means unlimited.

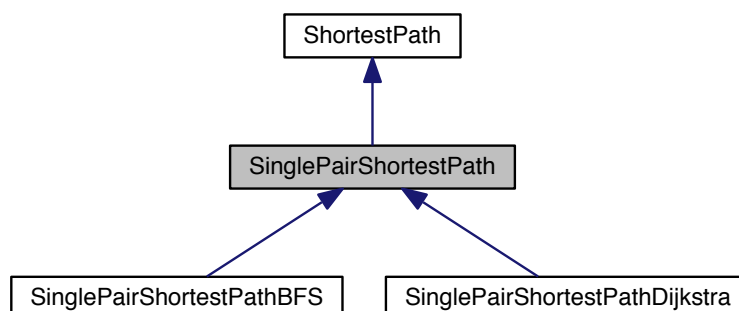
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ShortestPath.h

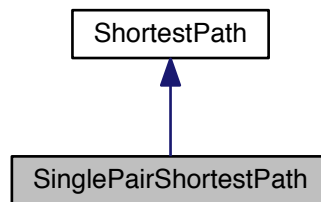
5.67 SinglePairShortestPath Class Reference

[SinglePairShortestPath](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for SinglePairShortestPath:



Collaboration diagram for SinglePairShortestPath:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsNodes ()=0`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsEdges ()=0`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::double64_t GetCost ()=0`
Gets the cost of the shortest path.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::bool_t Exists ()`
Returns TRUE if a path exists or FALSE otherwise.
- virtual `~SinglePairShortestPath ()`
Destructor.
- void `SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)`
Sets the maximum hops restriction.
- virtual void `AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void `AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void `AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)`
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void `AddAllNodeTypes ()`
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void `ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)`
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void `ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)`
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void `Run ()=0`
Runs the algorithm.

Protected Member Functions

- [SinglePairShortestPath](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) src, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) dst)
Creates a new instance.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had not been calculated yet.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsNodeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [IsEdgeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) [source](#)
Source node.
- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) [destination](#)
Destination node.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList](#) * [pathAsNodes](#)
Ordered set of node identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList](#) * [pathAsEdges](#)
Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::Session](#) * [sess](#)
Session.
- [sparksee::gdb::Graph](#) * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [std::map](#)< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- [std::vector](#)< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) [maxHops](#)
Maximum hops restriction.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [computed](#)
True if the shortest path has been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [areAllNodeTypesAllowed](#)
True if all the node types are allowed.

5.67.1 Detailed Description

[SinglePairShortestPath](#) class.

Classes implementing this abstract class solve the shortest path problem in a graph from a given source node and to a given destination node.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.67.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.67.2.1 `SinglePairShortestPath::SinglePairShortestPath (sparksee::gdb::Session & s, sparksee::gdb::oid_t src, sparksee::gdb::oid_t dst)` `[protected]`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>s</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<i>src</i>	[in] Source node.
<i>dst</i>	[dst] Destination node.

5.67.3 Member Function Documentation

5.67.3.1 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.67.3.2 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.67.3.3 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<code>edges</code>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------------	---

5.67.3.4 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<code>nodes</code>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------------	---

5.67.3.5 `virtual sparksee::gdb::double64_t SinglePairShortestPath::GetCost () [pure virtual]`

Gets the cost of the shortest path.

The cost for unweighted algorithms is the number of hops of the shortest path. For weighted algorithms, the cost is the sum of the costs of the edges of the shortest path.

Returns

The cost of the shortest path.

Implemented in [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#), and [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#).

5.67.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPath::GetPathAsEdges () [pure virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.

Returns

Ordered set of edge identifiers.

Implemented in [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#), and [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#).

5.67.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPath::GetPathAsNodes () [pure virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.

Returns

Ordered set of node identifiers.

Implemented in [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#), and [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#).

5.67.3.8 `virtual void ShortestPath::Run ()` [pure virtual],[inherited]

Runs the algorithm.

This method can only be called once.

Implemented in [SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#), and [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#).

5.67.3.9 `void ShortestPath::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)` [inherited]

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

5.67.4 Member Data Documentation

5.67.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t ShortestPath::maxHops` [protected],[inherited]

Maximum hops restriction.

It must be positive or zero. Zero means unlimited.

5.67.4.2 `sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPath::pathAsEdges` [protected]

Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.

May be computed lazily when requested from the `pathAsNodes`.

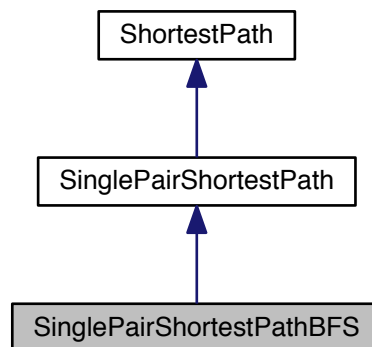
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [SinglePairShortestPath.h](#)

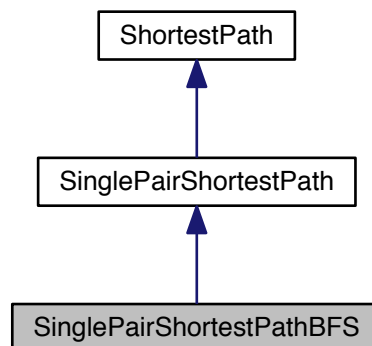
5.68 SinglePairShortestPathBFS Class Reference

[SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for SinglePairShortestPathBFS:



Collaboration diagram for SinglePairShortestPathBFS:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~SinglePairShortestPathBFS ()`
Destructor.
- virtual void `Run ()`
Executes the algorithm.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsNodes ()`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsEdges ()`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::double64_t GetCost ()`
Gets the cost of the shortest path.

- [SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t src, sparksee::gdb::oid_t dst)
 - Creates a new instance.*
- virtual void [CheckOnlyExistence](#) ()
 - Set that only the path existence must be calculated and not the path itself.*
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::bool_t Exists](#) ()
 - Returns TRUE If a path exists or FALSE otherwise.*
- void [SetMaximumHops](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)
 - Sets the maximum hops restriction.*
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
 - Allows for traversing edges of the given type.*
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
 - Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.*
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
 - Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.*
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
 - Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.*
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
 - Set which nodes can't be used.*
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
 - Set which edges can't be used.*

Protected Member Functions

- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
 - Check that the given edge type is valid.*
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
 - Check that edges had been added.*
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
 - Check that nodes had been added.*
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
 - Check that the given node type is valid.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
 - Check if the given node has an allowed type.*
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
 - Check that the shortest path had not been calculated yet.*
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
 - Check that the shortest path had been calculated.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
 - Check if the given node is forbidden.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
 - Check if the given edge is forbidden.*

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t source](#)
Source node.
- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t destination](#)
Destination node.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList * pathAsNodes](#)
Ordered set of node identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList * pathAsEdges](#)
Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::Session * sess](#)
Session.
- [sparksee::gdb::Graph * graph](#)
Graph.
- [std::map< sparksee::gdb::type_t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection > edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- [std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t > nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxHops](#)
Maximum hops restriction.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed](#)
True if the shortest path has been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- [sparksee::gdb::Objects * excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t areAllNodeTypesAllowed](#)
True if all the node types are allowed.

5.68.1 Detailed Description

[SinglePairShortestPathBFS](#) class.

It solves the single-pair shortest path problem using a BFS-based implementation.

It is a unweighted algorithm, that is it assumes all edges have the same cost.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.68.2.1 [SinglePairShortestPathBFS::SinglePairShortestPathBFS \(sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t src, sparksee::gdb::oid_t dst \)](#)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<i>src</i>	[in] Source node.
<i>dst</i>	[dst] Destination node.

5.68.3 Member Function Documentation

5.68.3.1 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual], [inherited]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.68.3.2 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual], [inherited]`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.68.3.3 `virtual void SinglePairShortestPathBFS::CheckOnlyExistence () [virtual]`

Set that only the path existence must be calculated and not the path itself.

That method should improve the performance of the algorithm, but a call to `GetPathAsNodes` or `GetPathAsEdges` will generate an exception even if the path exists.

5.68.3.4 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual], [inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.68.3.5 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual], [inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.68.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::double64_t SinglePairShortestPathBFS::GetCost () [virtual]`

Gets the cost of the shortest path.

The cost is the number of hops of the shortest path.

Returns

The cost of the shortest path.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.68.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPathBFS::GetPathAsEdges () [virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.

Returns

Ordered set of edge identifiers.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.68.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPathBFS::GetPathAsNodes () [virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.

Returns

Ordered set of node identifiers.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.68.3.9 `void ShortestPath::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops) [inherited]`

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

5.68.4 Member Data Documentation

5.68.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t ShortestPath::maxHops` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Maximum hops restriction.

It must be positive or zero. Zero means unlimited.

5.68.4.2 `sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPath::pathAsEdges` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.

May be computed lazily when requested from the `pathAsNodes`.

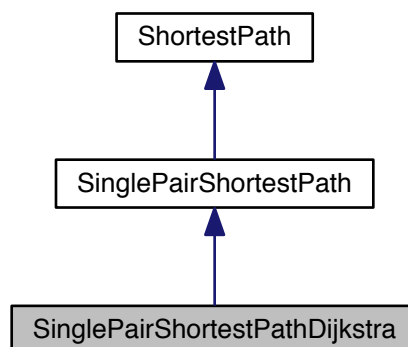
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `SinglePairShortestPathBFS.h`

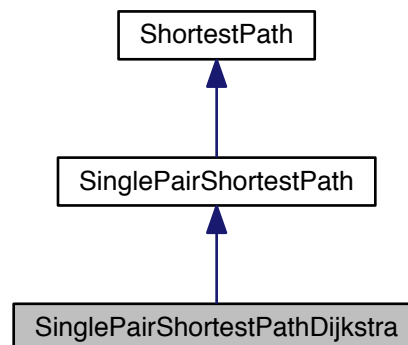
5.69 SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra Class Reference

[SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for `SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra`:



Collaboration diagram for SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra ()`
Destructor.
- virtual void `Run ()`
Executes the algorithm.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsNodes ()`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::OIDList * GetPathAsEdges ()`
Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::double64_t GetCost ()`
Gets the cost of the shortest path.
- `SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t src, sparksee::gdb::oid_t dst)`
Creates a new instance.
- virtual void `AddWeightedEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir, sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)`
Allows for traversing edges of the given type using the given attribute as the weight.
- virtual void `SetUnweightedEdgeCost (sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight)`
Sets the weight assigned to the unweighted edges.
- virtual void `SetDynamicEdgeCostCallback (SinglePairShortestPathDijkstraDynamicCost *dynCostCalculator)`
Set a class callback to dynamically calculate the cost of the edges.
- virtual `sparksee::gdb::bool_t Exists ()`
Returns TRUE if a path exists or FALSE otherwise.
- void `SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)`
Sets the maximum hops restriction.
- virtual void `AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void `AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)`
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void `AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)`

- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.

Protected Member Functions

- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had not been calculated yet.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the shortest path had been calculated.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t source](#)
Source node.
- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t destination](#)
Destination node.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList * pathAsNodes](#)
Ordered set of node identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::OIDList * pathAsEdges](#)
Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.
- [sparksee::gdb::Session * sess](#)
Session.
- [sparksee::gdb::Graph * graph](#)
Graph.
- [std::map< sparksee::gdb::type_t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection > edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- [std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t > nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxHops](#)
Maximum hops restriction.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed](#)

- True if the shortest path has been calculated.*
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- sparksee::gdb::bool_t [areAllNodeTypesAllowed](#)
True if all the node types are allowed.

5.69.1 Detailed Description

[SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra](#) class.

It solves the single-pair shortest path problem using a Dijkstra-based implementation.

It is a weighted algorithm, so it takes into account the cost of the edges to compute a minimum-cost shortest path. That is, the user may set for each edge type which attribute should be used to retrieve the cost of the edge. If no attribute is given for an edge type, this will assume the edge has a fixed cost (the default is 1). Only numerical attribute can be set as weight attributes (that is Long, Integer or Double attributes are allowed).

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.69.2.1 `SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t src, sparksee::gdb::oid_t dst)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<i>src</i>	[in] Source node.
<i>dst</i>	[dst] Destination node.

5.69.3 Member Function Documentation

5.69.3.1 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.69.3.2 `virtual void ShortestPath::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` [virtual],[inherited]

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.69.3.3 `virtual void SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::AddWeightedEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir, sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)` [virtual]

Allows for traversing edges of the given type using the given attribute as the weight.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
<i>attr</i>	[in] Attribute to be used as the weight. It must be a global attribute or an attribute of the given edge type.

5.69.3.4 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.69.3.5 `virtual void ShortestPath::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.69.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::double64_t SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::GetCost ()` [virtual]

Gets the cost of the shortest path.

The cost is the sum of the weights of the edges in the shortest path.

Returns

The cost of the shortest path.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.69.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::GetPathAsEdges () [virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of edges.

Returns

Ordered set of edge identifiers.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.69.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::GetPathAsNodes () [virtual]`

Gets the shortest path between the source node and the destination node as an ordered set of nodes.

Returns

Ordered set of node identifiers.

Implements [SinglePairShortestPath](#).

5.69.3.9 `virtual void SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::SetDynamicEdgeCostCallback (SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra↔ DynamicCost * dynCostCalculator) [virtual]`

Set a class callback to dynamically calculate the cost of the edges.

The callback can be set to NULL (the default) to use the normal attribute based cost weights. The given class must be kept alive by the user for as long as the algorithm is running.

Parameters

<i>dynCostCalculator</i>	[in] Class callback to calculate the edge costs
--------------------------	---

5.69.3.10 `void ShortestPath::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops) [inherited]`

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

5.69.3.11 `virtual void SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra::SetUnweightedEdgeCost (sparksee::gdb::double64_t weight)`
`[virtual]`

Sets the weight assigned to the unweighted edges.

All the edges from the types added without an explicit weight attribute will get this weight. The default weight for this edges is 1.

Parameters

<i>weight</i>	[in] The weight value for unweighted edges.
---------------	---

5.69.4 Member Data Documentation

5.69.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::int32_t ShortestPath::maxHops` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Maximum hops restriction.

It must be positive or zero. Zero means unlimited.

5.69.4.2 `sparksee::gdb::OIDList* SinglePairShortestPath::pathAsEdges` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Ordered set of edge identifiers representing the shortest path.

May be computed lazily when requested from the pathAsNodes.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra.h`

5.70 SinglePairShortestPathDijkstraDynamicCost Class Reference

Defines how to calculate an edge weight.

Public Member Functions

- `virtual ~SinglePairShortestPathDijkstraDynamicCost ()`
Destructor.
- `virtual sparksee::gdb::double64_t CalculateEdgeCost (sparksee::gdb::oid_t sourceNode, sparksee::gdb::double64_t sourceCost, sparksee::gdb::int32_t sourceLevel, sparksee::gdb::oid_t targetNode, sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge, sparksee::gdb::attr_t edgeWeightAttr)=0`
Dynamic calculation of an edge weight.

5.70.1 Detailed Description

Defines how to calculate an edge weight.

This is an interface which must be implemented by the user. While the algorithm is running, one or more calls for each edge that can be in the shortest path will be issued to get the weight of the edge that could change based on the predecessor node and the current minimum path from the source.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.70.2 Member Function Documentation

5.70.2.1 `virtual sparksee::gdb::double64_t SinglePairShortestPathDijkstraDynamicCost::CalculateEdgeCost (sparksee::gdb::oid_t sourceNode, sparksee::gdb::double64_t sourceCost, sparksee::gdb::int32_t sourceLevel, sparksee::gdb::oid_t targetNode, sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge, sparksee::gdb::attr_t edgeWeightAttr) [pure virtual]`

Dynamic calculation of an edge weight.

This method will be called several times during the algorithm execution. It can be called for the same edge multiple times because the path to the source node (and as a consequence the source weight and levels) might change while the algorithm is running. This method will have the normal default implementation that only uses the specified edge attribute to get the weight or the unweighted edge cost if the edge doesn't have the specified cost attribute. But it can be overridden in a derived user class to implement a dynamic edge weight, that may need the sourceCost and sourceLevels to calculate the weight.

Parameters

<i>sourceNode</i>	[in] The current node
<i>sourceCost</i>	[in] Current total cost up to the source node
<i>sourceLevel</i>	[in] Current path size up to the source node
<i>targetNode</i>	[in] The next node
<i>edge</i>	[in] The edge to the next node that this method must weight
<i>edgeWeightAttr</i>	[in] The attribute that stores the edge weight or InvalidAttribute

Returns

Returns the current weight of the edge (≥ 0) or < 0 if the edge can not be used.

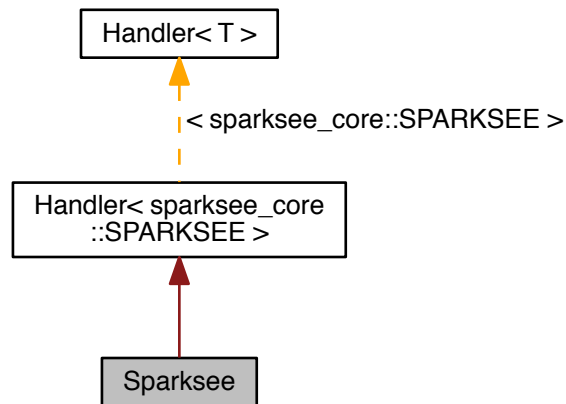
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- SinglePairShortestPathDijkstra.h

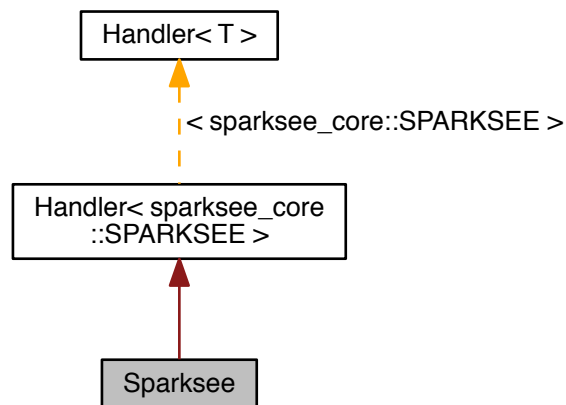
5.71 Sparksee Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Sparksee:



Collaboration diagram for Sparksee:



Public Member Functions

- [Sparksee](#) ([SparkseeConfig](#) &config)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~Sparksee](#) ()
Destructor.
- [Database * Create](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &alias) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException←
Exception, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Creates a new [Database](#) instance.

- [Database](#) * [Create](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &alias, const [SparkseeConfig](#) &config) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Creates a new [Database](#) instance.
- [Database](#) * [Open](#) (const std::wstring &path, [bool_t](#) readOnly) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Opens an existing [Database](#) instance.
- [Database](#) * [Open](#) (const std::wstring &path, [bool_t](#) readOnly, const [SparkseeConfig](#) &config) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Opens an existing [Database](#) instance.
- [Database](#) * [Restore](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &backupFile) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Restores a [Database](#) from a backup file.
- [Database](#) * [Restore](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &backupFile, const [SparkseeConfig](#) &config) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Restores a [Database](#) from a backup file.
- [Database](#) * [RestoreEncryptedBackup](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &backupFile, const std::wstring &keyInHex, const std::wstring &ivInHex) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Restores a [Database](#) from an encrypted backup file.
- [Database](#) * [RestoreEncryptedBackup](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &backupFile, const [SparkseeConfig](#) &config, const std::wstring &keyInHex, const std::wstring &ivInHex) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Restores a [Database](#) from an encrypted backup file.
- [bool_t](#) [VerifyChecksums](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Verifies the Checksum integrity of the given image file and it's recovery log file.
- [bool_t](#) [AddChecksums](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Converts a database WITHOUT checksums into a database WITH checksums.
- [bool_t](#) [RemoveChecksums](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Converts a database WITH checksums into a database WITHOUT checksums.
- void [SetUnrecoverableErrorCallback](#) ([SPARKSEE_UNRECOVERABLE_ERR_CALLBACK](#) callback)
Sets the unrecoverable error callback.
- [bool_t](#) [Encrypt](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Converts a database WITHOUT encryption into an encrypted database.
- [bool_t](#) [Decrypt](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Converts a database WITH encryption into a database WITHOUT encryption.
- void [ResizeInMemoryPool](#) ([int64_t](#) newCapacity) throw (sparksee::gdb::SystemError)
Resizes the in memory pool allocator.
- [int64_t](#) [GetInMemoryPoolCapacity](#) ()
Gets the capacity of the in-memory pool (in Megabytes)

Static Public Attributes

- static const std::wstring [Version](#)
Sparksee version.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::SPARKSEE * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::SPARKSEE * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- `void SetHandler (sparksee_core::SPARKSEE *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- `void FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Gets if the handler is NULL.

5.71.1 Detailed Description

[Sparksee](#) class.

All [Sparksee](#) programs must have one single [Sparksee](#) instance to manage one or more [Database](#) instances.

This class allows for the creation of new Databases or open an existing one.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.71.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.71.2.1 `Sparksee::Sparksee (SparkseeConfig & config)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>config</code>	[in/out] Sparksee configuration (may be updated).
---------------------	---

5.71.3 Member Function Documentation

5.71.3.1 `bool_t Sparksee::AddChecksums (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Converts a database WITHOUT checksums into a database WITH checksums.

Any error found is logged.

Precondition

The database (and it's recovery log if present) does NOT have checksums.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	The path to the database image file
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Returns true if the checksum could be added or false otherwise.

Exceptions

<i>sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException</i>	
<i>sparksee::gdb::Error</i>	

5.71.3.2 Database* Sparksee::Create (const std::wstring & *path*, const std::wstring & *alias*) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Creates a new [Database](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>alias</i>	[in] Database alias name.

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.71.3.3 Database* Sparksee::Create (const std::wstring & *path*, const std::wstring & *alias*, const SparkseeConfig & *config*) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)

Creates a new [Database](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>alias</i>	[in] Database alias name.
<i>config</i>	[in] Use a specific configuration instead of the one in this Sparksee

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created.
---------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

5.71.3.4 `bool_t Sparksee::Decrypt (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Converts a database WITH encryption into a database WITHOUT encryption.

Any error found is logged.

Precondition

The database (and it's recovery log if present) is encrypted.
The current encryption had been configured using [SparkseeConfig](#).

Parameters

<i>path</i>	The path to the database image file
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Returns true if the database could be unencrypted. The errors are returned with an exception.

Exceptions

<code>sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException</code>	
<code>sparksee::gdb::Error</code>	

5.71.3.5 `bool_t Sparksee::Encrypt (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Converts a database WITHOUT encryption into an encrypted database.

Any error found is logged.

Precondition

The database (and it's recovery log if present) does is NOT encrypted.
The encryption had already been configured using [SparkseeConfig](#).

Parameters

<i>path</i>	The path to the database image file
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Returns true if the database could be encrypted. The errors are returned with an exception.

Exceptions

<code>sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException</code>	
<code>sparksee::gdb::Error</code>	

5.71.3.6 `int64_t Sparksee::GetInMemoryPoolCapacity ()`

Gets the capacity of the in-memory pool (in Megabytes)

Returns

Returns the capacity of the in memory pool

5.71.3.7 `Database* Sparksee::Open (const std::wstring & path, bool_t readOnly) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Opens an existing [Database](#) instance.

Parameters

<code>path</code>	[in] Database storage file.
<code>readOnly</code>	[in] If TRUE, open Database in read-only mode.

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file does not exist.
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

5.71.3.8 `Database* Sparksee::Open (const std::wstring & path, bool_t readOnly, const SparkseeConfig & config) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Opens an existing [Database](#) instance.

The provided configuration will be used for all the database settings but not for the license, which must already be properly setup in this class.

Parameters

<code>path</code>	[in] Database storage file.
<code>readOnly</code>	[in] If TRUE, open Database in read-only mode.
<code>config</code>	[in] Use a specific configuration instead of the one in this Sparksee

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file does not exist.
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

5.71.3.9 `bool_t Sparksee::RemoveChecksums (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Converts a database WITH checksums into a database WITHOUT checksums.

Any error found is logged.

Precondition

The database (and it's recovery log if present) have checksums.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	The path to the database image file
-------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

Returns true if the checksum could be removed. The errors are returned with an exception.

Exceptions

<i>sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException</i>	
<i>sparksee::gdb::Error</i>	

5.71.3.10 `void Sparksee::ResizeInMemoryPool (int64_t newCapacity) throw sparksee::gdb::SystemError)`

Resizes the in memory pool allocator.

Parameters

<i>newCapacity</i>	The new capacity of the in memory pool allocator
--------------------	--

Returns

Returns true if was successful

5.71.3.11 `Database* Sparksee::Restore (const std::wstring & path, const std::wstring & backupFile) throw sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`

Restores a [Database](#) from a backup file.

See the [Graph](#) class Backup method.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>backupFile</i>	[in] The Backup file to be restored.

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created, or the exported data file does not exists.
---------------------------------------	---

5.71.3.12 **Database*** `Sparksee::Restore (const std::wstring & path, const std::wstring & backupFile, const SparkseeConfig & config)` throw `sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error`

Restores a [Database](#) from a backup file.

See the [Graph](#) class Backup method.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>backupFile</i>	[in] The Backup file to be restored.
<i>config</i>	[in] Use a specific configuration instead of the one in this Sparksee

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created, or the exported data file does not exists.
---------------------------------------	---

5.71.3.13 **Database*** `Sparksee::RestoreEncryptedBackup (const std::wstring & path, const std::wstring & backupFile, const std::wstring & keyInHex, const std::wstring & ivInHex)` throw `sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error`

Restores a [Database](#) from an encrypted backup file.

See the [Graph](#) class EncryptedBackup method.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>backupFile</i>	[in] The Backup file to be restored.
<i>keyInHex</i>	[In] The AES encryption Key of the backup file as an hexadecimal string (8, 16 or 32 bytes).
<i>ivInHex</i>	[In] The AES Initialization Vector of the backup file as an hexadecimal string (16 bytes).

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created, or the exported data file does not exists.
---------------------------------------	---

5.71.3.14 **Database*** `Sparksee::RestoreEncryptedBackup (const std::wstring & path, const std::wstring & backupFile, const SparkseeConfig & config, const std::wstring & keyInHex, const std::wstring & ivInHex)` throw `sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error`

Restores a [Database](#) from an encrypted backup file.

See the [Graph](#) class EncryptedBackup method.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] Database storage file.
<i>backupFile</i>	[in] The Backup file to be restored.
<i>config</i>	[in] Use a specific configuration instead of the one in this Sparksee
<i>keyInHex</i>	[In] The AES encryption Key of the backup file as an hexadecimal string (8, 16 or 32 bytes).
<i>ivInHex</i>	[In] The AES Initialization Vector of the backup file as an hexadecimal string (16 bytes).

Returns

A [Database](#) instance.

Exceptions

FileNotFoundException	If the given file cannot be created, or the exported data file does not exists.
---------------------------------------	---

5.71.3.15 `void Sparksee::SetUnrecoverableErrorCallback (SPARKSEE_UNRECOVERABLE_ERR_CALLBACK callback)`

Sets the unrecoverable error callback.

Parameters

<i>callback</i>	The unrecoverable error callback to set
-----------------	---

5.71.3.16 `bool_t Sparksee::VerifyChecksums (const std::wstring & path)` throw `sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException, sparksee::gdb::Error`

Verifies the Checksum integrity of the given image file and it's recovery log file.

The main database file checksums are always checked.

When the recovery log file exists, the recovery log file is also checked for checksum and format errors.

When the checksums of the main file or the recovery file are incorrect, the function returns false, in any other error it throws an exception.

Any error found is logged as a WARNING.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	The path to the image file
-------------	----------------------------

Returns

Returns true if the checksum verification succeeded. Returns false if an invalid checksum was detected.

Exceptions

<i>sparksee::gdb::FileNotFoundException</i>	
<i>sparksee::gdb::Error</i>	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Sparksee.h

5.72 SparkseeConfig Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) configuration class.

Public Member Functions

- [SparkseeConfig](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [SparkseeConfig](#) (const std::wstring &path)
Creates a new instance with a specific config file.
- [SparkseeConfig](#) (const std::wstring &path, const std::wstring &clientId, const std::wstring &licenseId)
Creates a new instance with a specific config file and IDs.
- virtual [~SparkseeConfig](#) ()
Destructor.
- [int32_t GetExtentSize](#) () const
Gets the size of a extent.
- void [SetExtentSize](#) (int32_t kBytes)
Sets the size of the extents in KB.
- [int32_t GetExtentPages](#) () const
Gets the number of pages per extent.
- void [SetExtentPages](#) (int32_t pages)
Sets the number of pages per extent.
- [int32_t GetPoolFrameSize](#) () const
Gets the size of a pool frame in number of extents.
- void [SetPoolFrameSize](#) (int32_t extents)
Sets the size of a pool frame in number of extents.

- [int32_t GetPoolPersistentMinSize \(\)](#) const
Gets the minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.
- void [SetPoolPersistentMinSize \(int32_t frames\)](#)
Sets the minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.
- [int32_t GetPoolPersistentMaxSize \(\)](#) const
Gets the maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.
- void [SetPoolPersistentMaxSize \(int32_t frames\)](#)
Sets the maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.
- [int32_t GetPoolTemporaryMinSize \(\)](#) const
Gets the minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.
- void [SetPoolTemporaryMinSize \(int32_t frames\)](#)
Sets the minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.
- [int32_t GetPoolTemporaryMaxSize \(\)](#) const
Gets the maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.
- void [SetPoolTemporaryMaxSize \(int32_t frames\)](#)
Sets the maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.
- [int32_t GetPoolPartitions \(\)](#) const
Gets the number of partitions in each PartitionedPool.
- void [SetPoolPartitions \(int32_t pools\)](#)
Sets the number of pools in each PartitionedPool.
- [int32_t GetCacheMaxSize \(\)](#) const
Gets the maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB.
- void [SetCacheMaxSize \(int32_t megaBytes\)](#)
Sets the maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB.
- const std::wstring & [GetLicense \(\)](#) const
Gets the license key.
- [int32_t SetLicense \(const std::wstring &key\)](#)
Sets the license key.
- const std::wstring & [GetLogFile \(\)](#) const
Gets the log file.
- void [SetLogFile \(const std::wstring &filePath\)](#)
Sets the log file.
- [LogLevel GetLogLevel \(\)](#) const
Gets the log level.
- void [SetLogLevel \(LogLevel level\)](#)
Sets the log level.
- [bool_t GetCacheStatisticsEnabled \(\)](#) const
Gets whether cache statistics are enabled or disabled.
- void [SetCacheStatisticsEnabled \(bool_t status\)](#)
Enables or disables cache statistics.
- const std::wstring & [GetCacheStatisticsFile \(\)](#) const
Gets the cache statistics log file.
- void [SetCacheStatisticsFile \(const std::wstring &filePath\)](#)
Sets the cache statistics log file.
- [int64_t GetCacheStatisticsSnapshotTime \(\)](#) const
Gets the cache statistics snapshot time in microseconds.
- void [SetCacheStatisticsSnapshotTime \(int64_t microSeconds\)](#)
Sets the cache statistics snapshot time.
- [bool_t GetRollbackEnabled \(\)](#) const
Gets whether the rollback is enabled or disabled.
- void [SetRollbackEnabled \(bool_t status\)](#)

- Enables or disables the rollback.*

 - `bool_t GetRecoveryEnabled () const`

Gets whether the recovery is enabled or disabled.
 - `void SetRecoveryEnabled (bool_t status)`

Enables or disables the recovery.
 - `const std::wstring & GetRecoveryLogFile () const`

Gets the recovery log file.
 - `void SetRecoveryLogFile (const std::wstring &filePath)`

Sets the recovery log file.
 - `int32_t GetRecoveryCacheMaxSize () const`

Gets the maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents.
 - `void SetRecoveryCacheMaxSize (int32_t extents)`

Sets the maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents.
 - `int64_t GetRecoveryCheckpointTime () const`

Gets the delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints.
 - `void SetRecoveryCheckpointTime (int64_t microSeconds)`

Sets the delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints.
 - `bool_t GetChecksumEnabled () const`

Gets whether the storage checksum usage is enabled or disabled.
 - `void SetChecksumEnabled (bool_t status)`

Enables or disables the storage checksum usage.
 - `bool_t GetHighAvailabilityEnabled () const`

Gets whether high availability mode is enabled or disabled.
 - `void SetHighAvailabilityEnabled (bool_t status)`

Enables or disables high availability mode.
 - `const std::wstring & GetHighAvailabilityIP () const`

Gets the IP address and port of the instance.
 - `void SetHighAvailabilityIP (const std::wstring &ip)`

Sets the IP address and port of the instance.
 - `const std::wstring & GetHighAvailabilityCoordinators () const`

Gets the coordinators address and port list.
 - `void SetHighAvailabilityCoordinators (const std::wstring &ip)`

Sets the coordinators address and port list.
 - `int64_t GetHighAvailabilitySynchronization () const`

Gets the synchronization polling time.
 - `void SetHighAvailabilitySynchronization (int64_t microSeconds)`

Sets the synchronization polling time.
 - `int64_t GetHighAvailabilityMasterHistory () const`

Gets the master's history log.
 - `void SetHighAvailabilityMasterHistory (int64_t filePath)`

Sets the master's history log.
 - `bool_t GetCallStackDump () const`

Gets whether the signals will be captured to dump the call stack or not.
 - `void SetCallStackDump (bool_t status)`

Sets whether the signals will be captured to dump the call stack or not.
 - `const std::wstring & GetClientId () const`

Gets the client identifier.
 - `void SetClientId (const std::wstring &clientId)`

Set the client identifier.
 - `const std::wstring & GetLicenseId () const`

Gets the license identifier.

- void [SetLicenseId](#) (const std::wstring &licenseId)
Set the license identifier.
- [int32_t GetLicensePreDownloadDays](#) () const
Get the number of days before expiration when a new license will be downloaded.
- void [SetLicensePreDownloadDays](#) ([int32_t](#) days)
Start trying to automatically download a new license at the specified number of days before expiration.
- [int32_t DownloadLicense](#) ()
Try to download a license key Can be used to explicitly download a license when the autodownload is disabled (LicensePreDownloadDays == -1).
- const std::wstring & [GetDownloadStatus](#) () const
Gets a message with the license download result.
- [bool_t DownloadExpected](#) ()
Check if a new license will be automatically downloaded with the current settings.
- std::wstring [GetLicenseRequest](#) ()
Get information useful to manually request a license.
- const std::wstring & [GetTmpFolder](#) () const
Gets the temporary folder used for temporary staging.
- void [SetTmpFolder](#) (const std::wstring &tmpFolder)
Sets the temporary folder used for temporary staging.
- [bool_t GetTmpEnabled](#) () const
Gets whether using temporary storage for computations is enabled.
- void [SetTmpEnabled](#) ([bool_t](#) enabled)
Sets whether to use temporary storage for computations or not.
- [int64_t GetInMemAllocSize](#) () const
Gets the in-memory allocator size.
- void [SetInMemAllocSize](#) ([int64_t](#) size)
Sets the in-memory allocator size.
- [bool_t Save](#) ()
Save the current configuration in the specified config file.
- [bool_t SaveAll](#) ()
Save all the current configuration settings in the specified config file.
- [bool_t GetEncryptionEnabled](#) () const
Gets whether the storage encryption is enabled or disabled.
- [bool_t SetAESEncryptionEnabled](#) (const std::wstring &keyInHex, const std::wstring &ivInHex)
Enables storage encryption using AES with the given key and iv.
- [bool_t SetAESEncryptionEnabled](#) ([int32_t](#) keySize)
Enables storage encryption using AES and GENERATES a key and an iv.
- const std::wstring & [GetAESKey](#) () const
Get the AES encryption key in a hexadecimal encoded string.
- const std::wstring & [GetAESIV](#) () const
Get the AES initialization vector in a hexadecimal encoded string.
- void [SetEncryptionDisabled](#) ()
Disables storage encryption.
- void [SetSparkseeConfigFile](#) (const std::wstring &path)
Sets the config file path.
- const std::wstring & [GetSparkseeConfigFile](#) () const
Gets the config file path.

Friends

- class **Sparksee**

5.72.1 Detailed Description

[Sparksee](#) configuration class.

If not specified, 0 means unlimited which is the maximum available. For the pools that's the total cache size. For the cache unlimited means nearly all the physical memory of the computer.

For each field, there is a default value. This value can be overridden with values from a properties file (see [Sparksee↔ Properties](#) class). Also, this settings can be overridden calling a specific setter.

For each field, it is shown its default value and the property to override this value:

Extent size: 4KB ('sparksee.storage.extentsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Pages per extent: 1 page ('sparksee.storage.extentpages' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Checksums enabled: true ('sparksee.storage.checksum' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Pool frame size: 1 extent ('sparksee.io.pool.frame.size' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Minimum size for the persistent pool: 64 frames ('sparksee.io.pool.persistent.minsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Maximum size for the persistent pool: 0 frames ('sparksee.io.pool.persistent.maxsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Minimum size for the temporary pool: 16 frames ('sparksee.io.pool.temporal.minsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Maximum size for the temporary pool: 0 frames ('sparksee.io.pool.temporal.maxsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Number of pools in the pool cluster: 0 pools ('sparksee.io.pool.clustersize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)). 0 or 1 means the clustering is disabled.

Maximum size for the cache (all pools): 0 MB ('sparksee.io.cache.maxsize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

License code: "" ('sparksee.license' at [SparkseeProperties](#)). No license code means evaluation license.

Log level: Info ('sparksee.log.level' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Log file: "sparksee.log" ('sparksee.log.file' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Cache statistics: false (disabled) ('sparksee.cache.statistics' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Cache statistics log file: "statistics.log" ('sparksee.cache.statisticsFile' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Cache statistics snapshot time: 1000 msecs [TimeUnit] ('sparksee.cache.statisticsSnapshotTime' at [Sparksee↔ Properties](#)).

Recovery enabled: false ('sparksee.io.recovery' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Recovery log file: "" ('sparksee.io.recovery.logfile' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Recovery cache max size: 1MB ('sparksee.io.recovery.cachesize' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Recovery checkpoint time: 60 seconds [TimeUnit] ('sparksee.io.recovery.checkpointTime' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

High-availability: false (disabled) ('sparksee.ha' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

High-availability coordinators: "" ('sparksee.ha.coordinators' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

High-availability IP: "" ('sparksee.ha.ip' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

High-availability sync polling: 0 (disabled) [TimeUnit] ('sparksee.ha.sync' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

High-availability master history: 1D (1 day) [TimeUnit] ('sparksee.ha.master.history' at [SparkseeProperties](#)).

Use of TimeUnit:

Those variables using TimeUnit allow for:

<X>[D|H|M|S|s|m|u]

where <X> is a number followed by an optional character which represents the unit: D for days, H for hours, M for minutes, S or s for seconds, m for milliseconds and u for microseconds. If no unit character is given, seconds are assumed.

Capture abort signals to dump the call stack ('sparksee.callstackdump' at [SparkseeProperties](#)) is enabled by default on most platforms.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.72.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**5.72.2.1 SparkseeConfig::SparkseeConfig ()**

Creates a new instance.

Values are set with default values.

5.72.2.2 SparkseeConfig::SparkseeConfig (const std::wstring & path)

Creates a new instance with a specific config file.

The config file will be loaded using the global properties class and the file may be automatically overwritten with the config changes. If the file doesn't exists, it will be created.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] File path to the config file.
-------------	------------------------------------

5.72.2.3 SparkseeConfig::SparkseeConfig (const std::wstring & path, const std::wstring & clientId, const std::wstring & licenseld)

Creates a new instance with a specific config file and IDs.

The config file will be loaded using the global properties class and the file may be automatically overwritten with the config changes. If the config file already exists, the client and license ids should have the same values as the given arguments. If the file doesn't exists, it will be created.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] File path to the config file.
<i>clientId</i>	[in] The client identifier.
<i>licenseId</i>	[in] The license identifier.

5.72.3 Member Function Documentation**5.72.3.1 int32_t SparkseeConfig::DownloadLicense ()**

Try to download a license key Can be used to explicitly download a license when the autodownload is disabled (LicensePreDownloadDays == -1).

Returns

Returns -1 if a valid license key couldn't be downloaded, 0 if the same license was downloaded or 1 if a different license is downloaded.

5.72.3.2 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetAESIV () const`

Get the AES initialization vector in a hexadecimal encoded string.

Returns

The AES initialization vector as an hexadecimal string.

5.72.3.3 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetAESKey () const`

Get the AES encryption key in a hexadecimal encoded string.

Returns

The AES encryption Key as an hexadecimal string.

5.72.3.4 `int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetCacheMaxSize () const`

Gets the maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB.

Returns

The maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB.

5.72.3.5 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetCacheStatisticsEnabled () const`

Gets whether cache statistics are enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if cache statistics are enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.6 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetCacheStatisticsFile () const`

Gets the cache statistics log file.

Useless if cache statistics are disabled.

Returns

The cache statistics log file.

5.72.3.7 `int64_t SparkseeConfig::GetCacheStatisticsSnapshotTime () const`

Gets the cache statistics snapshot time in microseconds.

Useless if cache statistics are disabled.

Returns

The cache statistics snapshot time in microseconds.

5.72.3.8 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetCallStackDump () const`

Gets whether the signals will be captured to dump the call stack or not.

Returns

TRUE if the signals must be captured, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.9 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetChecksumEnabled () const`

Gets whether the storage checksum usage is enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if the checksum is enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.10 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetClientId () const`

Gets the client identifier.

Returns

The client identifier.

5.72.3.11 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetDownloadStatus () const`

Gets a message with the license download result.

It can be used when the DownloadLicense call failed.

Returns

The log download result.

5.72.3.12 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetEncryptionEnabled () const`

Gets whether the storage encryption is enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if the encryption is enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.13 `int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetExtentPages () const`

Gets the number of pages per extent.

Returns

The number of pages per extent.

5.72.3.14 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetExtentSize () const

Gets the size of a extent.

Returns

The size of a extent in KB.

5.72.3.15 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetHighAvailabilityCoordinators () const

Gets the coordinators address and port list.

Returns

The coordinators address and port list.

5.72.3.16 bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetHighAvailabilityEnabled () const

Gets whether high availability mode is enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if high availability mode is enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.17 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetHighAvailabilityIP () const

Gets the IP address and port of the instance.

Returns

The IP address and port of the instance.

5.72.3.18 int64_t SparkseeConfig::GetHighAvailabilityMasterHistory () const

Gets the master's history log.

Returns

The master's history log.

5.72.3.19 int64_t SparkseeConfig::GetHighAvailabilitySynchronization () const

Gets the synchronization polling time.

Returns

The Synchronization polling time.

5.72.3.20 int64_t SparkseeConfig::GetInMemAllocSize () const

Gets the in-memory allocator size.

Returns

Returns the in-memory allocator size

5.72.3.21 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetLicense () const

Gets the license key.

Returns

The license key.

5.72.3.22 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetLicenseId () const

Gets the license identifier.

Returns

The license identifier.

5.72.3.23 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetLicensePreDownloadDays () const

Get the number of days before expiration when a new license will be downloaded.

Returns

Returns the number of days or -1 if it will never be automatically downloaded.

5.72.3.24 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetLogFile () const

Gets the log file.

Returns

The log file.

5.72.3.25 LogLevel SparkseeConfig::GetLogLevel () const

Gets the log level.

Returns

The LogLevel.

5.72.3.26 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolFrameSize () const

Gets the size of a pool frame in number of extents.

Returns

The size of a pool frame in number of extents.

5.72.3.27 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolPartitions () const

Gets the number of partitions in each PartitionedPool.

Returns

The number of partitions in each PartitionedPool.

5.72.3.28 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolPersistentMaxSize () const

Gets the maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

Returns

The maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

5.72.3.29 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolPersistentMinSize () const

Gets the minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

Returns

The minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

5.72.3.30 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolTemporaryMaxSize () const

Gets the maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

Returns

The maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

5.72.3.31 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetPoolTemporaryMinSize () const

Gets the minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

Returns

The minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

5.72.3.32 int32_t SparkseeConfig::GetRecoveryCacheMaxSize () const

Gets the maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents.

Returns

The maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents.

5.72.3.33 int64_t SparkseeConfig::GetRecoveryCheckpointTime () const

Gets the delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints.

Returns

The delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints.

5.72.3.34 bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetRecoveryEnabled () const

Gets whether the recovery is enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if the recovery is enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.35 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetRecoveryLogFile () const

Gets the recovery log file.

Returns

The recovery log file.

5.72.3.36 bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetRollbackEnabled () const

Gets whether the rollback is enabled or disabled.

Returns

TRUE if the rollback is enabled, FALSE otherwise.

5.72.3.37 const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetSparkseeConfigFile () const

Gets the config file path.

Returns

Returns the configured path or an empty string

5.72.3.38 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::GetTmpEnabled () const`

Gets whether using temporary storage for computations is enabled.

Returns

True if enabled

5.72.3.39 `const std::wstring& SparkseeConfig::GetTmpFolder () const`

Gets the temporary folder used for temporary staging.

Returns

The temporary folder path

5.72.3.40 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::Save ()`

Save the current configuration in the specified config file.

It will try to save the current configuration only if a config file was specified. This method will be automatically used when a [Sparksee](#) class downloads a new License.

Returns

Returns true if the config file is successfully written or false otherwise.

5.72.3.41 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::SaveAll ()`

Save all the current configuration settings in the specified config file.

It will try to save the current configuration only if a config file was specified. The saved config file WILL CONTAIN all the modified settings including the secret ENCRYPTION KEYS. You should usually just use the Save method instead.

Returns

Returns true if the config file is successfully written or false otherwise.

5.72.3.42 `bool_t SparkseeConfig::SetAESEncryptionEnabled (const std::wstring & keyInHex, const std::wstring & ivInHex)`

Enables storage encryption using AES with the given key and iv.

The key and initialization vector will not be saved in the config file.

Parameters

<i>keyInHex</i>	[In] The AES encryption Key as a hexadecimal string (8, 16 or 32 bytes).
<i>ivInHex</i>	[In] The AES Initialization Vector as a hexadecimal string (16 bytes).

Returns

Returns true if the encryption had been enabled with the given arguments or false otherwise.

5.72.3.43 bool_t SparkseeConfig::SetAESEncryptionEnabled (int32_t keySize)

Enables storage encryption using AES and GENERATES a key and an iv.

YOU MUST GET AND KEEP SAFE THE GENERATED KEY AND IV! The key and initialization vector will not be saved in the config file.

Parameters

<i>keySize</i>	[In] The key size in bytes (8, 16 or 32).
----------------	---

Returns

Returns true if the encryption had been enabled.

5.72.3.44 void SparkseeConfig::SetCacheMaxSize (int32_t megaBytes)

Sets the maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB.

Parameters

<i>megaBytes</i>	[in] The maximum size for the cache (all pools) in MB. It must be non-negative.
------------------	---

5.72.3.45 void SparkseeConfig::SetCacheStatisticsEnabled (bool_t status)

Enables or disables cache statistics.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE this enables cache statistics, if FALSE this disables cache statistics.
---------------	--

5.72.3.46 void SparkseeConfig::SetCacheStatisticsFile (const std::wstring & filePath)

Sets the cache statistics log file.

Useless if cache statistics are disabled.

Parameters

<i>filePath</i>	[in] The cache statistics log file.
-----------------	-------------------------------------

5.72.3.47 void SparkseeConfig::SetCacheStatisticsSnapshotTime (int64_t microseconds)

Sets the cache statistics snapshot time.

Useless if cache statistics are disabled.

Parameters

<i>microSeconds</i>	[in] The cache statistics snapshot time in microseconds.
---------------------	--

5.72.3.48 void SparkseeConfig::SetCallStackDump (bool_t status)

Sets whether the signals will be captured to dump the call stack or not.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE signals must be captured.
---------------	--

5.72.3.49 void SparkseeConfig::SetChecksumEnabled (bool_t status)

Enables or disables the storage checksum usage.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE this enables the checksum, if FALSE then disables it.
---------------	--

5.72.3.50 void SparkseeConfig::SetClientId (const std::wstring & clientId)

Set the client identifier.

If you don't have a client identifier, you may want to register at <http://sparsity-technologies.com/#sparksee>

Parameters

<i>clientId</i>	[in] The client identifier.
-----------------	-----------------------------

5.72.3.51 void SparkseeConfig::SetExtentPages (int32_t pages)

Sets the number of pages per extent.

Parameters

<i>pages</i>	[in] The number of pages. It must be at least 1 page and the page size must be greater than or equal to 4KB.
--------------	--

5.72.3.52 void SparkseeConfig::SetExtentSize (int32_t kBytes)

Sets the size of the extents in KB.

Parameters

<i>kBytes</i>	[in] The size of an extent in KB. An extent can have a size between 4KB and 64KB, and it must be a power of 2.
---------------	--

5.72.3.53 void SparkseeConfig::SetHighAvailabilityCoordinators (const std::wstring & ip)

Sets the coordinators address and port list.

Parameters

<i>ip</i>	[in] The coordinators address and port list.
-----------	--

5.72.3.54 void SparkseeConfig::SetHighAvailabilityEnabled (bool_t status)

Enables or disables high availability mode.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE this enables high availability mode, if FALSE this disables high availability mode.
---------------	--

5.72.3.55 void SparkseeConfig::SetHighAvailabilityIP (const std::wstring & ip)

Sets the IP address and port of the instance.

Parameters

<i>ip</i>	[in] The IP address and port of the instance.
-----------	---

5.72.3.56 void SparkseeConfig::SetHighAvailabilityMasterHistory (int64_t filePath)

Sets the master's history log.

Parameters

<i>filePath</i>	[in] The master's history log.
-----------------	--------------------------------

5.72.3.57 void SparkseeConfig::SetHighAvailabilitySynchronization (int64_t microSeconds)

Sets the synchronization polling time.

Parameters

<i>microSeconds</i>	[in] The synchronization polling time.
---------------------	--

5.72.3.58 void SparkseeConfig::SetInMemAllocSize (int64_t size)

Sets the in-memory allocator size.

Parameters

<i>size</i>	The size to set the in-memory allocator to
-------------	--

5.72.3.59 int32_t SparkseeConfig::SetLicense (const std::wstring & key)

Sets the license key.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	[in] The license key. Returns -1 if the new key can't be used, 0 if it's the same license or 1 if the new license is applied.
------------	---

5.72.3.60 void SparkseeConfig::SetLicenseId (const std::wstring & licenseId)

Set the license identifier.

If you don't have a license identifier, you may want to register at <http://sparsity-technologies.com/#sparksee>

Parameters

<i>licenseId</i>	[in] The license identifier.
------------------	------------------------------

5.72.3.61 void SparkseeConfig::SetLicensePreDownloadDays (int32_t days)

Start trying to automatically download a new license at the specified number of days before expiration.

Parameters

<i>days</i>	[in] Number of days before expiration or -1 if the license should never be downloaded.
-------------	--

5.72.3.62 void SparkseeConfig::SetLogFile (const std::wstring & filePath)

Sets the log file.

Parameters

<i>filePath</i>	[in] The log file.
-----------------	--------------------

5.72.3.63 void SparkseeConfig::SetLogLevel (LogLevel level)

Sets the log level.

Parameters

<i>level</i>	[in] The LogLevel.
--------------	--------------------

5.72.3.64 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolFrameSize (int32_t extents)

Sets the size of a pool frame in number of extents.

Parameters

<i>extents</i>	[in] The size of a pool frame in number of extents. It must be non-negative.
----------------	--

5.72.3.65 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolPartitions (int32_t pools)

Sets the number of pools in each PartitionedPool.

Parameters

<i>pools</i>	[in] The number of pools in each PartitionedPool. It must be non-negative.
--------------	--

5.72.3.66 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolPersistentMaxSize (int32_t frames)

Sets the maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

Parameters

<i>frames</i>	[in] The maximum size for the persistent pool in number of frames. It must be non-negative.
---------------	---

5.72.3.67 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolPersistentMinSize (int32_t frames)

Sets the minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames.

Parameters

<i>frames</i>	[in] The minimum size for the persistent pool in number of frames. It must be non-negative.
---------------	---

5.72.3.68 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolTemporaryMaxSize (int32_t frames)

Sets the maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

Parameters

<i>frames</i>	[in] The maximum size for the temporary pool in number of frames. It must be non-negative.
---------------	--

5.72.3.69 void SparkseeConfig::SetPoolTemporaryMinSize (int32_t frames)

Sets the minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames.

Parameters

<i>frames</i>	[in] The minimum size for the temporary pool in number of frames. It must be non-negative.
---------------	--

5.72.3.70 void SparkseeConfig::SetRecoveryCacheMaxSize (int32_t extents)

Sets the maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents.

Parameters

<i>extents</i>	[in] The maximum size for the recovery log cache in extents. A 0 sets the default value (extents up to 1MB).
----------------	--

5.72.3.71 void SparkseeConfig::SetRecoveryCheckpointTime (int64_t microSeconds)

Sets the delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints.

Parameters

<i>microSeconds</i>	[in] The delay time (in microseconds) between automatic checkpoints. A 0 forces a checkpoint after each committed transaction.
---------------------	--

5.72.3.72 void SparkseeConfig::SetRecoveryEnabled (bool_t status)

Enables or disables the recovery.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE this enables the recovery, if FALSE then disables it.
---------------	--

5.72.3.73 void SparkseeConfig::SetRecoveryLogFile (const std::wstring & filePath)

Sets the recovery log file.

Parameters

<i>filePath</i>	[in] The recovery log file. Left it empty for the default log file (same as <database_file_name>.log)
-----------------	---

5.72.3.74 void SparkseeConfig::SetRollbackEnabled (bool_t status)

Enables or disables the rollback.

Parameters

<i>status</i>	[in] If TRUE this enables the rollback, if FALSE then disables it.
---------------	--

5.72.3.75 void SparkseeConfig::SetSparkseeConfigFile (const std::wstring & path)

Sets the config file path.

The file is not loaded in this operation, see the constructor options if you need to load the file. The config file may be automatically overwritten with the config changes. If the file doesn't exist, it will be created.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] File path to the config file.
-------------	------------------------------------

5.72.3.76 void SparkseeConfig::SetTmpEnabled (bool_t enabled)

Sets whether to use temporary storage for computations or not.

Parameters

<i>enabled</i>	True to use temporary storage for computation
----------------	---

5.72.3.77 void SparkseeConfig::SetTmpFolder (const std::wstring & tmpFolder)

Sets the temporary folder used for temporary staging.

Parameters

<i>tmpFolder</i>	The temporary folder to set
------------------	-----------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- SparkseeConfig.h

5.73 SparkseeProperties Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) properties file.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [Load](#) (const std::wstring &path)
Loads properties from the given file path.
- static const std::wstring & [Get](#) (const std::wstring &key, const std::wstring &def)
Gets a property.
- static [int32_t GetInteger](#) (const std::wstring &key, [int32_t](#) def)

Gets a property as an integer.

- static `bool_t GetBoolean` (const std::wstring &key, `bool_t` def)

Gets a property as a boolean.

- static `int64_t GetTimeUnit` (const std::wstring &key, `int64_t` def)

Gets a property as a time unit.

- static void `Clear` ()

Remove all the properties.

- static void `SetHI` (const std::wstring &value)

YOU SHOULD NOT USE THIS METHOD.

Friends

- class `SparkseeConfig`

5.73.1 Detailed Description

`Sparksee` properties file.

This class is implemented as a singleton, so all public methods are static.

It allows for getting the property values stored in a properties file. A properties file is a file where there is one line per property. A property is defined by a key and a value as follows: key=value

By default, this loads properties from the file './sparksee.cfg'. The user may choose to load a different file by calling the method `Load()`.

If the default properties file or the one loaded by the user do not exist, then this behaves as loading an empty properties file.

5.73.2 Member Function Documentation

5.73.2.1 `static const std::wstring& SparkseeProperties::Get (const std::wstring & key, const std::wstring & def)`
[static]

Gets a property.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	[in] The name of the property to lookup.
<i>def</i>	[in] Default value to be returned in case there is no property with the name key.

Returns

The value of the property, or def if the key is not found.

5.73.2.2 `static bool_t SparkseeProperties::GetBoolean (const std::wstring & key, bool_t def)` [static]

Gets a property as a boolean.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	[in] The name of the property to lookup.
<i>def</i>	[in] Default value to be returned in case there is no property with the name <i>key</i> .

Returns

The property value, or *def* if the *key* is not found or in case of error.

5.73.2.3 `static int32_t SparkseeProperties::GetInteger (const std::wstring & key, int32_t def) [static]`

Gets a property as an integer.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	[in] The name of the property to lookup.
<i>def</i>	[in] Default value to be returned in case there is no property with the name <i>key</i> .

Returns

The property value, or *def* if the *key* is not found or in case of error.

5.73.2.4 `static int64_t SparkseeProperties::GetTimeUnit (const std::wstring & key, int64_t def) [static]`

Gets a property as a time unit.

A time unit is a string representation of a time duration with a time unit such as '10s' or '3H'.

Valid format for the string representation: Blanks at the beginning or at the end are ignored. No blanks are allowed between the time duration and the unit time.

Allowed time units: 'D' for days, 'H' for hours, 'M' for minutes, 'S' or 's' for seconds, 'm' for milliseconds and 'u' for microseconds.

There is a special case: If no time unit is given, seconds is the default. So, '10' means 10 seconds.

Parameters

<i>key</i>	[in] The name of the property to lookup.
<i>def</i>	[in] The default value (in microseconds) to be returned in case there is no property with the name <i>key</i> .

Returns

The time duration in microseconds, or *def* if the *key* is not found or in case of error.

5.73.2.5 `static void SparkseeProperties::Load (const std::wstring & path) [static]`

Loads properties from the given file path.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] File path to load properties from.
-------------	---

5.73.2.6 `static void SparkseeProperties::SetHl (const std::wstring & value) [static]`

YOU SHOULD NOT USE THIS METHOD.

This method exists only for a specific service.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- SparkseeConfig.h

5.74 StringList Class Reference

String list.

Public Member Functions

- `int32_t Count () const`
Number of elements in the list.
- `StringListIterator * Iterator ()`
Gets a new [StringListIterator](#).
- `StringList ()`
Constructor.
- `StringList (const std::vector< std::wstring > &v)`
Constructor.
- `~StringList ()`
Destructor.
- `void Add (const std::wstring &str)`
Adds a String at the end of the list.
- `void Clear ()`
Clears the list.

5.74.1 Detailed Description

String list.

It stores a String (unicode) list.

Use [StringListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.74.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.74.2.1 `StringList::StringList ()`

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.74.2.2 `StringList::StringList (const std::vector< std::wstring > & v)`

Constructor.

Parameters

<code>v</code>	[in] Vector.
----------------	--------------

5.74.3 Member Function Documentation

5.74.3.1 void StringList::Add (const std::wstring & *str*) [inline]

Adds a String at the end of the list.

Parameters

<code>str</code>	[in] String.
------------------	--------------

5.74.3.2 int32_t StringList::Count () const [inline]

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.74.3.3 StringListIterator* StringList::Iterator ()

Gets a new [StringListIterator](#).

Returns

[StringListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.75 StringListIterator Class Reference

[StringList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~StringListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::wstring & [Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **StringList**

5.75.1 Detailed Description

[StringList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the strings into a [StringList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.75.2 Member Function Documentation

5.75.2.1 `bool_t StringListIterator::HasNext () [inline]`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.75.2.2 `const std::wstring& StringListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

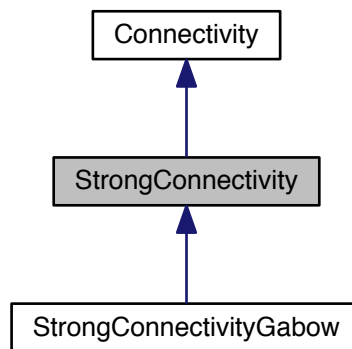
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

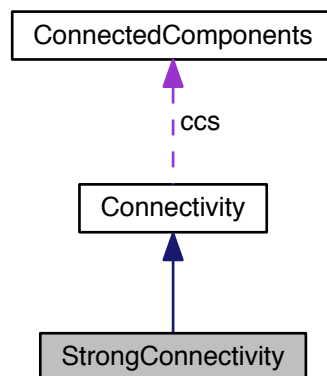
5.76 StrongConnectivity Class Reference

[StrongConnectivity](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for StrongConnectivity:



Collaboration diagram for StrongConnectivity:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~StrongConnectivity` ()
Destructor.
- virtual void `AddEdgeType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` type, `sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection` dir)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- virtual void `AddAllEdgeTypes` (`sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection` dir)

- Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.*

 - virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t)

Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
 - virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()

Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
 - virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)

Set which nodes can't be used.
 - virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)

Set which edges can't be used.
 - [ConnectedComponents](#) * [GetConnectedComponents](#) ()

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
 - virtual void [Run](#) ()=0

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.
 - void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)

A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)

A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- [StrongConnectivity](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Session](#) &s)

Creates a new instance of [StrongConnectivity](#).
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()

Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()

Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()

Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetConnectedComponent](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) idNode)

Assigns the current component to the given node.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()

Set all the selected nodes in [nodesNotVisited](#).
- void [AssertNotComponentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()

Check that the connectivity had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)

Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)

Check that the given node type is valid.
- void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Set a new persistent global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()

Set a new temporary global attribute to store the connectivity information.

- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
Removes the global attribute where the connectivity information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
Session.
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t attrComponent](#)
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- std::wstring [attrComponentName](#)
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t actualComponent](#)
Current component identifier.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [nodesNotVisited](#)
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t matResults](#)
Materialized results.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed](#)
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [ccs](#)
The calculated connectivity information.

5.76.1 Detailed Description

[StrongConnectivity](#) class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to solve the problem of finding strongly connected components in a **directed** graph.

It consists in finding components where every pair (u,v) of nodes contained in it has a path from u to v using the specified direction for each edge type.

It is possible to set some restrictions after constructing a new instance of this class and before running it in order to limit the results.

After the execution, we can retrieve the results stored in an instance of the [ConnectedComponents](#) class using the [GetConnectedComponents](#) method.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.76.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.76.2.1 StrongConnectivity::StrongConnectivity (sparksee::gdb::Session & s) [protected]

Creates a new instance of [StrongConnectivity](#).

Parameters

<i>s</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the connectivity
----------	---

5.76.3 Member Function Documentation

5.76.3.1 virtual void StrongConnectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.76.3.2 virtual void StrongConnectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.76.3.3 virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual],[inherited]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.76.3.4 `virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.76.3.5 `ConnectedComponents* Connectivity::GetConnectedComponents () [inherited]`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) which contain information related to the connected components found.

5.76.3.6 `virtual void Connectivity::Run () [pure virtual],[inherited]`

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

This method can be called only once.

Implemented in [WeakConnectivityDFS](#), and [StrongConnectivityGabow](#).

5.76.3.7 `void Connectivity::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & attributeName) [inherited]`

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the connected components found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.76.3.8 `void Connectivity::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected],[inherited]`

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

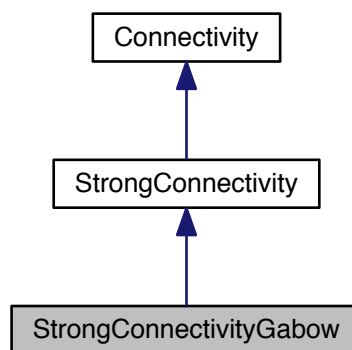
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- StrongConnectivity.h

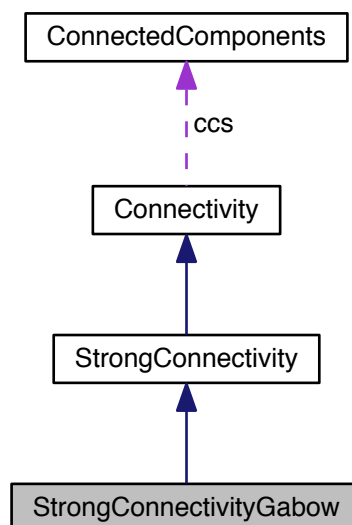
5.77 StrongConnectivityGabow Class Reference

This class can be used to solve the problem of finding strongly connected components in a **directed** graph.

Inheritance diagram for StrongConnectivityGabow:



Collaboration diagram for StrongConnectivityGabow:



Public Member Functions

- [StrongConnectivityGabow](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session)
Creates a new instance of [StrongConnectivityGabow](#).
- virtual [~StrongConnectivityGabow](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Run](#) ()
Executes the algorithm.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t t)
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [GetConnectedComponents](#) ()
Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
- void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetConnectedComponent](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t idNode)
Assigns the current component to the given node.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertNotComponentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)

- Check that the given edge type is valid.*

 - void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
- Check that the given node type is valid.*

 - void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Set a new persistent global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()

Set a new temporary global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()

Removes the global attribute where the connectivity information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)

Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)

Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)

Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
- Session.*
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
- Graph.*
- [EdgeTypes_t](#) [edgeTypes](#)
- Allowed edge types.*
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
- Allowed node types.*
- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) [attrComponent](#)
- common attribute where the connected component information is stored.*
- std::wstring [attrComponentName](#)
- name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.*
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t](#) [actualComponent](#)
- Current component identifier.*
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [nodesNotVisited](#)
- Identifiers of the nodes not visited.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [matResults](#)
- Materialized results.*
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [computed](#)
- True if the connectivity has been calculated.*
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
- The set of excluded nodes.*
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
- The set of excluded edges.*
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [ccs](#)
- The calculated connectivity information.*

5.77.1 Detailed Description

This class can be used to solve the problem of finding strongly connected components in a **directed** graph.

It consists in finding components where every pair (u,v) of nodes contained in it has a path from u to v using the specified direction for each edge type. This implementation is based on the Gabow algorithm.

It is possible to set some restrictions after constructing a new instance of this class and before running it in order to limit the results.

After the execution, we can retrieve the results stored in an instance of the [ConnectedComponents](#) class using the `GetConnectedComponents` method.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.77.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.77.2.1 StrongConnectivityGabow::StrongConnectivityGabow (sparksee::gdb::Session & session)

Creates a new instance of [StrongConnectivityGabow](#).

After creating this instance is required to indicate the set of edge types and the set of node types which will be navigated through while traversing the graph in order to find the strong connected components.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the connectivity
----------------	---

5.77.3 Member Function Documentation

5.77.3.1 virtual void StrongConnectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual], [inherited]

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

5.77.3.2 virtual void StrongConnectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual], [inherited]

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.77.3.3 virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & *edges*) [virtual],[inherited]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.77.3.4 virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & *nodes*) [virtual],[inherited]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.77.3.5 ConnectedComponents* Connectivity::GetConnectedComponents () [inherited]

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) which contain information related to the connected components found.

5.77.3.6 void Connectivity::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & *attributeName*) [inherited]

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the connected components found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.77.3.7 void Connectivity::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected],[inherited]

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

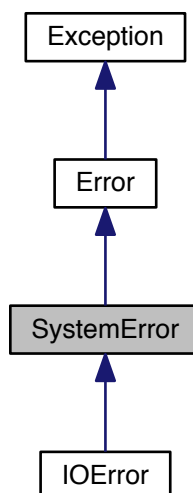
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- StrongConnectivityGabow.h

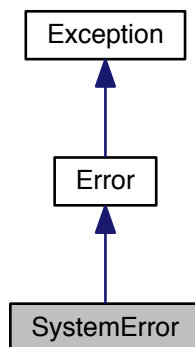
5.78 SystemError Class Reference

System error class.

Inheritance diagram for SystemError:



Collaboration diagram for SystemError:



Public Member Functions

- `SystemError ()`
Creates a new instance.
- `SystemError (const std::string &mess)`
Creates a new instance.
- `virtual ~SystemError ()`
Destructor.
- `const std::string & Message () const`
Gets the message of the exception.
- `void SetMessage (const std::string &mess)`
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- `static void ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)`
Throws a new Error instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- `std::string message`
Message of the exception.

5.78.1 Detailed Description

System error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.78.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.78.2.1 SystemError::SystemError (const std::string & *mess*)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.78.3 Member Function Documentation**5.78.3.1 `const std::string& Exception::Message () const` [inherited]**

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.78.3.2 `void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess)` [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.78.3.3 `static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode)` [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

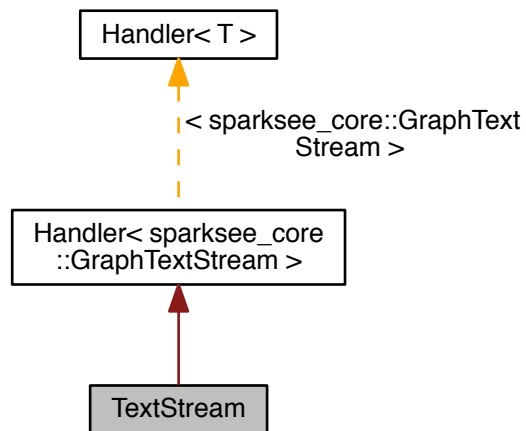
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

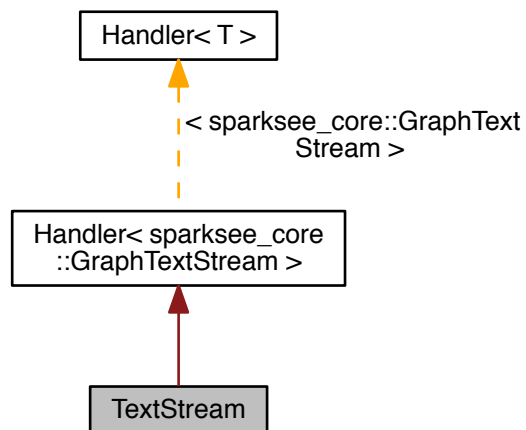
5.79 TextStream Class Reference

[TextStream](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for TextStream:



Collaboration diagram for TextStream:



Public Member Functions

- `TextStream` (`bool_t` append)
Creates a new instance.
- `int32_t` Read (`uchar_t` *dataOUT, `int32_t` length) const
Read data from the stream.
- void Write (const `uchar_t` *dataIN, `int32_t` length)

- *Write data to the stream.*
- void `Close ()`
Closes the stream.
- virtual `~TextStream ()`
Destructor.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Returns TRUE if the stream is not available.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::GraphTextStream * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::GraphTextStream * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- void `SetHandler (sparksee_core::GraphTextStream *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- void `FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.79.1 Detailed Description

`TextStream` class.

It allows for reading and writing Text attribute values.

It is very important to close the stream once no more reading or writing operations will be performed to ensure data is successfully stored.

Whereas string attributes are set and got using the `Value` class, text attributes are operated using a stream pattern.

Use of `TextStream` for writing: (i) Create a `TextStream` instance and (ii) set the stream for a text attribute of a node or edge instance with the graph `SetAttributeText` method. Once the set attribute text has been done, (iii) perform as many write operations as you need to the `TextStream` instance. Lastly, (iv) execute `Close` to flush and close the stream.

Use of `TextStream` for reading: (i) Get the stream of a text attribute of a node or edge instance with the `GetAttributeText` graph method. Once you have the `TextStream` instance, (ii) you can execute `Read` operations to read from the stream. (iii) The end of the stream is reached when `Read` returns 0. Finally, (iv) execute `Close` to close stream resources.

Check out the 'Attributes and values' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.79.2.1 `TextStream::TextStream (bool_t append)`

Creates a new instance.

A `TextStream` only can be created by the user to write data.

Parameters

<i>append</i>	[in] If TRUE, the it is created in append mode to write from the end of the stream, otherwise it is created to write from the beginning of the stream.
---------------	--

5.79.3 Member Function Documentation

5.79.3.1 void TextStream::Close ()

Closes the stream.

Once the Stream is closed, it cannot be used again.

Closing the stream is mandatory when the stream is not null and strongly recommended when it's null to avoid deallocation problems in some platforms.

5.79.3.2 bool_t TextStream::IsNull () const

Returns TRUE if the stream is not available.

It returns FALSE if the stream is ready for reading or writing data.

Returns

FALSE if the stream is ready

5.79.3.3 int32_t TextStream::Read (uchar_t * dataOUT, int32_t length) const

Read data from the stream.

Parameters

<i>dataOUT</i>	[out] Buffer to read data to. It must be allocated by the user.
<i>length</i>	[in] Length of the given data buffer. It must be > 0.

Returns

Amount of read data (<= length). If 0, there is no more data to be read from the stream.

5.79.3.4 void TextStream::Write (const uchar_t * dataIN, int32_t length)

Write data to the stream.

Parameters

<i>dataIN</i>	[in] Buffer to write data from.
<i>length</i>	[in] Length of the data buffer. It must be > 0.

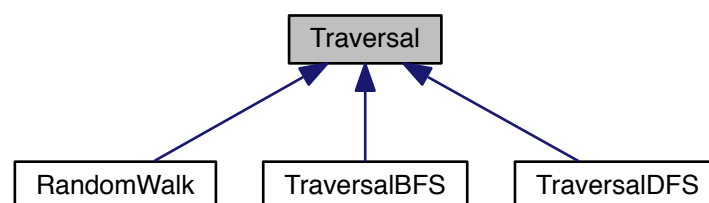
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Stream.h

5.80 Traversal Class Reference

[Traversal](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Traversal:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) [Next](#) ()=0
Gets the next object of the traversal.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [HasNext](#) ()=0
Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) [GetCurrentDepth](#) () const =0
Returns the depth of the current node.
- virtual void [SetMaximumHops](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) maxhops)
Sets the maximum hops restriction.
- virtual [~Traversal](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [Traversal](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Creates a new instance.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
Session.
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [sparksee::gdb::oid_t src](#)
Source node of the traversal.
- std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxHops](#)
Maximum number of hops allowed.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.

5.80.1 Detailed Description

[Traversal](#) class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to traverse a graph.

Once the instance has been created and the allowed node and edge types has been set, it can be used as an iterator, retrieving the next object identifier of the traversal until there are no more.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**5.80.2.1 Traversal::Traversal (sparksee::gdb::Session & s, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node) [protected]**

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>s</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<i>node</i>	[in] Node to start traversal from.

5.80.3 Member Function Documentation

5.80.3.1 virtual void Traversal::AddAllEdgeTypes ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir](#)) [virtual]

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.80.3.2 virtual void Traversal::AddEdgeType ([sparksee::gdb::type_t type](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir](#)) [virtual]

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.80.3.3 virtual void Traversal::AddNodeType ([sparksee::gdb::type_t type](#)) [virtual]

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The node type to add
-------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.80.3.4 virtual void Traversal::ExcludeEdges ([sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges](#)) [virtual]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<code>edges</code>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.80.3.5 `virtual void Traversal::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<code>nodes</code>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.80.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::int32_t Traversal::GetCurrentDepth () const [pure virtual]`

Returns the depth of the current node.

That is, it returns the depth of the node returned in the last call to [Next\(\)](#).

Returns

The depth of the current node.

Implemented in [RandomWalk](#), [TraversalBFS](#), and [TraversalDFS](#).

5.80.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t Traversal::HasNext () [pure virtual]`

Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.

Returns

TRUE if there are more objects, FALSE otherwise.

Implemented in [RandomWalk](#), [TraversalBFS](#), and [TraversalDFS](#).

5.80.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::oid_t Traversal::Next() [pure virtual]`

Gets the next object of the traversal.

Returns

A node or edge identifier.

Implemented in [RandomWalk](#), [TraversalBFS](#), and [TraversalDFS](#).

5.80.3.9 `virtual void Traversal::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops) [virtual]`

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
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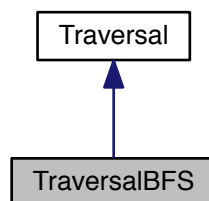
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Traversal.h

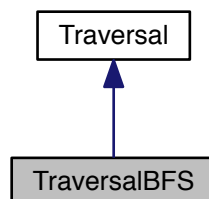
5.81 TraversalBFS Class Reference

Breadth-First Search implementation of [Traversal](#).

Inheritance diagram for TraversalBFS:



Collaboration diagram for TraversalBFS:



Public Member Functions

- virtual [sparksee::gdb::oid_t Next](#) ()
Gets the next object of the traversal.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.
- virtual [~TraversalBFS](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetCurrentDepth](#) () const
Returns the depth of the current node.
- [TraversalBFS](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) dir)
Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)
Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- virtual void [SetMaximumHops](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) maxhops)
Sets the maximum hops restriction.

Protected Member Functions

- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)
Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)
Check that the given node type is valid.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- `sparksee::gdb::Session` * `sess`
Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph` * `graph`
Graph.
- `sparksee::gdb::oid_t src`
Source node of the traversal.
- `std::map< sparksee::gdb::type_t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection > edgeTypes`
Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::type_t > nodeTypes`
Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxHops`
Maximum number of hops allowed.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedNodes`
The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedEdges`
The set of excluded edges.

5.81.1 Detailed Description

Breadth-First Search implementation of [Traversal](#).

Starting from a source node, it visits all its neighbors at distance 1, then all its neighbors at distance 2, and so on.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.81.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.81.2.1 `TraversalBFS::TraversalBFS (sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)`

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<code>session</code>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<code>node</code>	[in] Node to start traversal from.

5.81.3 Member Function Documentation

5.81.3.1 `virtual void Traversal::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir) [virtual], [inherited]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.81.3.2 `virtual void Traversal::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir)` [virtual],[inherited]

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.81.3.3 `virtual void Traversal::AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)` [virtual],[inherited]

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The node type to add
-------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.81.3.4 `virtual void Traversal::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.81.3.5 `virtual void Traversal::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` [virtual],[inherited]

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.81.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::int32_t TraversalBFS::GetCurrentDepth () const` [virtual]

Returns the depth of the current node.

That is, it returns the depth of the node returned in the last call to [Next\(\)](#).

Returns

The depth of the current node.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.81.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t TraversalBFS::HasNext ()` [virtual]

Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.

Returns

TRUE if there are more objects, FALSE otherwise.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.81.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::oid_t TraversalBFS::Next ()` [virtual]

Gets the next object of the traversal.

Returns

A node or edge identifier.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.81.3.9 `virtual void Traversal::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops)` [virtual],[inherited]

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

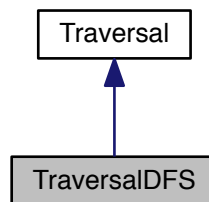
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TraversalBFS.h

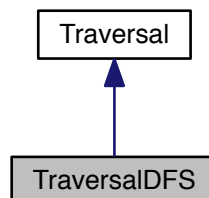
5.82 TraversalDFS Class Reference

Depth-First Search (DFS) implementation of [Traversal](#).

Inheritance diagram for TraversalDFS:



Collaboration diagram for TraversalDFS:



Public Member Functions

- virtual [sparksee::gdb::oid_t Next](#) ()
Gets the next object of the traversal.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.
- virtual [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetCurrentDepth](#) () const
Returns the depth of the current node.
- virtual [~TraversalDFS](#) ()
Destructor.
- [TraversalDFS](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session, [sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) node)

- Creates a new instance.*

 - virtual void `AddEdgeType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` type, `sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection` dir)

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.
 - virtual void `AddAllEdgeTypes` (`sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection` dir)

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.
 - virtual void `AddNodeType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` type)

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.
 - virtual void `AddAllNodeTypes` ()

Allows for traversing all node types of the graph.
 - virtual void `ExcludeNodes` (`sparksee::gdb::Objects` &nodes)

Set which nodes can't be used.
 - virtual void `ExcludeEdges` (`sparksee::gdb::Objects` &edges)

Set which edges can't be used.
 - virtual void `SetMaximumHops` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` maxhops)

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

Protected Member Functions

- void `AssertAddedEdges` ()

Check that edges had been added.
- void `AssertAddedNodes` ()

Check that nodes had been added.
- void `AssertEdgeType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` edgetype)

Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void `AssertNodeType` (`sparksee::gdb::type_t` nodetype)

Check that the given node type is valid.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `IsNodeTypeAllowed` (`sparksee::gdb::oid_t` nodeId)

Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `IsNodeExcluded` (`sparksee::gdb::oid_t` node)

Check if the given node is forbidden.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` `IsEdgeExcluded` (`sparksee::gdb::oid_t` edge)

Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- `sparksee::gdb::Session` * `sess`

Session.
- `sparksee::gdb::Graph` * `graph`

Graph.
- `sparksee::gdb::oid_t` `src`

Source node of the traversal.
- `std::map`< `sparksee::gdb::type_t`, `sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection` > `edgeTypes`

Allowed edge types.
- `std::vector`< `sparksee::gdb::type_t` > `nodeTypes`

Allowed node types.
- `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` `maxHops`

Maximum number of hops allowed.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedNodes`

The set of excluded nodes.
- `sparksee::gdb::Objects` * `excludedEdges`

The set of excluded edges.

5.82.1 Detailed Description

Depth-First Search (DFS) implementation of [Traversal](#).

Starting from a source or root node, it visits as far as possible along each branch before backtracking.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.82.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.82.2.1 TraversalDFS::TraversalDFS (`sparksee::gdb::Session & session, sparksee::gdb::oid_t node`)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>session</i>	[in] Session to get the graph from and perform traversal.
<i>node</i>	[in] Node to start traversal from.

5.82.3 Member Function Documentation

5.82.3.1 virtual void Traversal::AddAllEdgeTypes (`sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir`) `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Allows for traversing all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.
------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.82.3.2 virtual void Traversal::AddEdgeType (`sparksee::gdb::type_t type, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection dir`) `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Allows for traversing edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>dir</i>	[in] Edge direction.

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.82.3.3 `virtual void Traversal::AddNodeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) [virtual],[inherited]`

Allows for traversing nodes of the given type.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	The node type to add
-------------	----------------------

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.82.3.4 `virtual void Traversal::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.82.3.5 `virtual void Traversal::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

Reimplemented in [RandomWalk](#).

5.82.3.6 `virtual sparksee::gdb::int32_t TraversalDFS::GetCurrentDepth () const [virtual]`

Returns the depth of the current node.

That is, it returns the depth of the node returned in the last call to [Next\(\)](#).

Returns

The depth of the current node.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.82.3.7 `virtual sparksee::gdb::bool_t TraversalDFS::HasNext () [virtual]`

Gets if there are more objects to be traversed.

Returns

TRUE if there are more objects, FALSE otherwise.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.82.3.8 `virtual sparksee::gdb::oid_t TraversalDFS::Next () [virtual]`

Gets the next object of the traversal.

Returns

A node or edge identifier.

Implements [Traversal](#).

5.82.3.9 `virtual void Traversal::SetMaximumHops (sparksee::gdb::int32_t maxhops) [virtual],[inherited]`

Sets the maximum hops restriction.

All paths longer than the maximum hops restriction will be ignored.

Parameters

<i>maxhops</i>	[in] The maximum hops restriction. It must be positive or zero. Zero, the default value, means unlimited.
----------------	---

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [TraversalDFS.h](#)

5.83 Type Class Reference

[Type](#) data class.

Public Member Functions

- [~Type](#) ()
Destructor.
- [type_t GetId](#) () const
Gets the [Sparksee](#) type identifier.
- [ObjectType GetObjectType](#) () const
Gets the object type.
- const std::wstring & [GetName](#) () const

- Gets the unique type name.*

 - `int64_t GetNumObjects () const`
Gets the number of objects belonging to the type.
 - `bool_t GetIsDirected () const`
Gets if this is a directed edge type.
 - `bool_t GetIsRestricted () const`
Gets if this is a restricted edge type.
 - `bool_t GetAreNeighborsIndexed () const`
Gets if this is an edge type with neighbors index.
 - `type_t GetRestrictedFrom () const`
Gets the tail or source type identifier for restricted edge types.
 - `type_t GetRestrictedTo () const`
Gets the head or target type identifier for restricted edge types.

Static Public Attributes

- static const `type_t InvalidType`
Invalid type identifier.
- static const `type_t GlobalType`
Global type identifier.
- static const `type_t NodeType`
Identifier for all nodeType attributes.
- static const `type_t EdgesType`
Identifier for all edgeType attributes.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.83.1 Detailed Description

`Type` data class.

It contains information about a node or edge type.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.83.2 Member Function Documentation

5.83.2.1 `bool_t Type::GetAreNeighborsIndexed () const` [inline]

Gets if this is an edge type with neighbors index.

Returns

TRUE for edges types with neighbors index, FALSE otherwise.

5.83.2.2 `type_t Type::GetId () const [inline]`

Gets the [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

Returns

The [Sparksee](#) type identifier.

5.83.2.3 `bool_t Type::GetIsDirected () const [inline]`

Gets if this is a directed edge type.

Returns

TRUE for directed edge types, FALSE otherwise.

5.83.2.4 `bool_t Type::GetIsRestricted () const [inline]`

Gets if this is a restricted edge type.

Returns

TRUE for restricted edge types, FALSE otherwise.

5.83.2.5 `const std::wstring& Type::GetName () const [inline]`

Gets the unique type name.

Returns

The unique type name.

5.83.2.6 `int64_t Type::GetNumObjects () const [inline]`

Gets the number of objects belonging to the type.

Returns

The number of objects belonging to the type.

5.83.2.7 `ObjectType Type::GetObjectType () const [inline]`

Gets the object type.

Returns

The object type.

5.83.2.8 `type_t Type::GetRestrictedFrom () const [inline]`

Gets the tail or source type identifier for restricted edge types.

Returns

For restricted edge types, the tail or source type identifier, the [Type InvalidType](#) otherwise.

5.83.2.9 `type_t Type::GetRestrictedTo () const [inline]`

Gets the head or target type identifier for restricted edge types.

Returns

For restricted edge types, the head or target type identifier, the [Type InvalidType](#) otherwise.

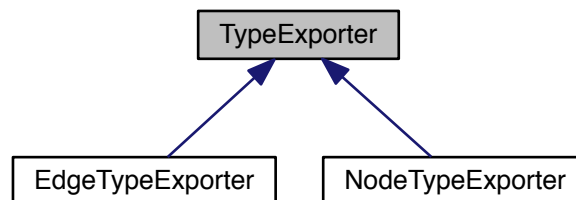
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `Graph_data.h`

5.84 TypeExporter Class Reference

Base [TypeExporter](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for `TypeExporter`:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~TypeExporter ()`
Destructor.
- void `Register (TypeExporterListener &tel)`
Registers a new listener.
- virtual void `Run ()=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)`
Runs export process.
- void `SetRowWriter (RowWriter &rw)`
Sets the output data destination.

- void [SetGraph](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph)
Sets the graph that will be exported.
- void [SetType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Sets the type to be exported.
- void [SetAttributes](#) (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
Sets the list of Attributes.
- void [SetFrequency](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)
Sets the frequency of listener notification.
- void [SetHeader](#) (sparksee::gdb::bool_t header)
Sets the presence of a header row.

Protected Member Functions

- [TypeExporter](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [TypeExporter](#) (RowWriter &rw, sparksee::gdb::Graph &g, [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
Creates a new instance with the minimum common required arguments.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [CanRun](#) ()
Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.
- void [NotifyListeners](#) (const [TypeExporterEvent](#) &ev)
Notifies progress to all registered listeners.
- void [RunProcess](#) () throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
Runs export process.
- void [SetHeadAttribute](#) ([sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.
- void [SetHeadPosition](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) pos)
Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.
- void [SetTailAttribute](#) ([sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) attr)
Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.
- void [SetTailPosition](#) ([sparksee::gdb::int32_t](#) pos)
Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.

5.84.1 Detailed Description

Base [TypeExporter](#) class.

Base class to export a node or edge type from a graph using a [RowWriter](#).

[TypeExporterListener](#) can be registered to receive information about the progress of the export process by means of [TypeExporterEvent](#). The default frequency of notification to listeners is 100000.

By default no header row is created.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.84.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.84.2.1 [TypeExporter::TypeExporter](#) ([RowWriter](#) & rw, sparksee::gdb::Graph & g, [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t, [sparksee::gdb::AttributeList](#) & attrs) [protected]

Creates a new instance with the minimum common required arguments.

Parameters

<i>rw</i>	[in] Output RowWriter .
<i>g</i>	[in] Graph .
<i>t</i>	[in] Type identifier.
<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be exported.

5.84.3 Member Function Documentation

5.84.3.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeExporter::CanRun ()` [protected]

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.84.3.2 `void TypeExporter::NotifyListeners (const TypeExporterEvent & ev)` [protected]

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<i>ev</i>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------	-------------------------------------

5.84.3.3 `void TypeExporter::Register (TypeExporterListener & tel)`

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<i>tel</i>	[in] TypeExporterListener to be registered.
------------	---

5.84.3.4 `virtual void TypeExporter::Run () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [pure virtual]

Runs export process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen writing to the RowWriter .
-----------------------------	---

Implemented in [EdgeTypeExporter](#), and [NodeTypeExporter](#).

5.84.3.5 `void TypeExporter::RunProcess () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected]

Runs export process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen writing to the RowWriter .
-----------------------------	---

5.84.3.6 void TypeExporter::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be exported
--------------	---

5.84.3.7 void TypeExporter::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.84.3.8 void TypeExporter::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & graph)

Sets the graph that will be exported.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.84.3.9 void TypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) [protected]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the head of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by `EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter()`, and `EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadAttribute()`.

5.84.3.10 void TypeExporter::SetHeader (sparksee::gdb::bool_t header)

Sets the presence of a header row.

Parameters

<i>header</i>	[in] If TRUE, a header row is dumped with the name of the attributes.
---------------	---

5.84.3.11 void TypeExporter::SetHeadPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos) [protected]

Sets the position (index column) of the head attribute in the exported data.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter(), and EdgeTypeExporter::SetHeadPosition().

5.84.3.12 void TypeExporter::SetRowWriter (RowWriter & rw)

Sets the output data destination.

Parameters

<i>rw</i>	[in] Input RowWriter .
-----------	--

5.84.3.13 void TypeExporter::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) [protected]

Sets the attribute that will be used to get the value to be dumped for the tail of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter(), and EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailAttribute().

5.84.3.14 void TypeExporter::SetTailPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t pos) [protected]

Sets the position (index column) of the tail attribute in the exported data.

This method is protected because only the Edge exporters should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Tail position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by EdgeTypeExporter::EdgeTypeExporter(), and EdgeTypeExporter::SetTailPosition().

5.84.3.15 void TypeExporter::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)

Sets the type to be exported.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	-----------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TypeExporter.h

5.85 TypeExporterEvent Class Reference

Provides information about the progress of an TypeExproter instance.

Public Member Functions

- virtual `~TypeExporterEvent ()`
Destructor.
- `sparksee::gdb::type_t GetTypeId () const`
Gets the type identifier.
- `sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetCount () const`
Gets the current number of objects exported.
- `sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetTotal () const`
Gets the total number of objects exported.
- `sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsLast () const`
Gets if this is the last event or not.

Friends

- class **TypeExporter**

5.85.1 Detailed Description

Provides information about the progress of an TypeExproter instance.

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.85.2 Member Function Documentation

5.85.2.1 `sparksee::gdb::int64_t TypeExporterEvent::GetCount () const` `[inline]`

Gets the current number of objects exported.

Returns

The current number of objects exported.

5.85.2.2 `sparksee::gdb::int64_t TypeExporterEvent::GetTotal () const [inline]`

Gets the total number of objects exported.

Returns

The total number of objects exported.

5.85.2.3 `sparksee::gdb::type_t TypeExporterEvent::GetTypeId () const [inline]`

Gets the type identifier.

Returns

The type identifier.

5.85.2.4 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeExporterEvent::IsLast () const [inline]`

Gets if this is the last event or not.

Returns

TRUE if this is the last event, FALSE otherwise.

References operator<<().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `TypeExporter.h`

5.86 TypeExporterListener Class Reference

Interface to be implemented to receive [TypeExporterEvent](#) events from a [TypeExporter](#).

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [NotifyEvent](#) (const [TypeExporterEvent](#) &tee)=0
Method to be notified from a [TypeExporter](#).
- virtual [~TypeExporterListener](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [TypeExporterListener](#) ()
Protected because none should instantiate a [RowWriter](#).

5.86.1 Detailed Description

Interface to be implemented to receive [TypeExporterEvent](#) events from a [TypeExporter](#).

Check out the 'Data export' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.86.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.86.2.1 TypeExporterListener::TypeExporterListener () [inline],[protected]

Protected because none should instantiate a [RowWriter](#).

Just inherited classes may use this empty constructor.

5.86.3 Member Function Documentation

5.86.3.1 virtual void TypeExporterListener::NotifyEvent (const TypeExporterEvent & tee) [pure virtual]

Method to be notified from a [TypeExporter](#).

Parameters

<i>tee</i>	[in] Notified event.
------------	----------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [TypeExporter.h](#)

5.87 TypeList Class Reference

[Sparksee](#) type identifier list.

Public Member Functions

- [int32_t Count](#) () const
Number of elements in the list.
- [TypeListIterator * Iterator](#) ()
Gets a new TypeListIterator.
- [TypeList](#) ()
Constructor.
- [TypeList](#) (const std::vector< [type_t](#) > &v)
Constructor.

- void `Add (type_t type)`
Adds a `Sparksee` type identifier at the end of the list.
- void `Clear ()`
Clears the list.
- `~TypeList ()`
Destructor.

5.87.1 Detailed Description

`Sparksee` type identifier list.

It stores a `Sparksee` node or edge type identifier list.

Use `TypeListIterator` to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.87.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.87.2.1 `TypeList::TypeList ()`

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.87.2.2 `TypeList::TypeList (const std::vector< type_t > & v)`

Constructor.

Parameters

<code>v</code>	[in] Vector.
----------------	--------------

5.87.3 Member Function Documentation

5.87.3.1 `void TypeList::Add (type_t type) [inline]`

Adds a `Sparksee` type identifier at the end of the list.

Parameters

<code>type</code>	[in] <code>Sparksee</code> type identifier.
-------------------	---

5.87.3.2 int32_t TypeList::Count () const [inline]

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.87.3.3 TypeListIterator* TypeList::iterator ()

Gets a new [TypeListIterator](#).

Returns

[TypeListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Graph_data.h](#)

5.88 TypeListIterator Class Reference

[TypeList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~TypeListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- [type_t Next](#) ()
Moves to the next element.
- [bool_t HasNext](#) ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **TypeList**

5.88.1 Detailed Description

[TypeList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the [Sparksee](#) node or edge type identifiers into a [TypeList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.88.2 Member Function Documentation

5.88.2.1 `bool_t TypeListIterator::HasNext () [inline]`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

5.88.2.2 `type_t TypeListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

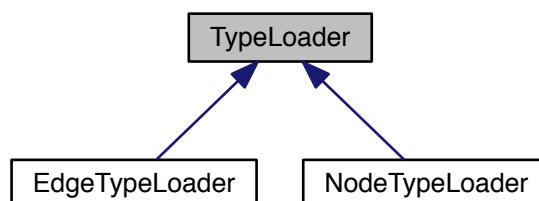
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Graph_data.h

5.89 TypeLoader Class Reference

Base [TypeLoader](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for TypeLoader:



Public Member Functions

- void [SetLogError](#) (const std::wstring &path) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException)
 - Sets a log error file.*
- void [SetLogOff](#) ()
 - Truns off all the error reporting.*
- virtual [~TypeLoader](#) ()
 - Destructor.*
- void [Register](#) (TypeLoaderListener &tel)
 - Registers a new listener.*
- virtual void [Run](#) ()=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Run the loader.*
- virtual void [RunTwoPhases](#) ()=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Run the loader for two phases loading.*
- virtual void [RunNPhases](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t partitions)=0 throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Run the loader for N phases loading.*
- void [SetRowReader](#) (RowReader &rr)
 - Sets the input data source.*
- void [SetGraph](#) (sparksee::gdb::Graph &graph)
 - Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.*
- void [SetLocale](#) (const std::wstring &localeStr)
 - Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.*
- void [SetType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
 - Sets the type to be loaded.*
- void [SetAttributes](#) (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs)
 - Sets the list of Attributes.*
- void [SetAttributePositions](#) (sparksee::gdb::Int32List &attrsPos)
 - Sets the list of attribute positions.*
- void [SetTimestampFormat](#) (const std::wstring ×tampFormat)
 - Sets a specific timestamp format.*
- void [SetFrequency](#) (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)
 - Sets the frequency of listener notification.*

Protected Types

Protected Member Functions

- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t CanRun](#) ()
 - Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.*
- void [Run](#) (Mode ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par) throw (sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error)
 - Runs load process.*
- [TypeLoader](#) (RowReader &rr, sparksee::gdb::Graph &g, sparksee::gdb::type_t t, sparksee::gdb::AttributeList &attrs, sparksee::gdb::Int32List &attrsPos)
 - Creates a new instance with the minimum common required arguments.*
- [TypeLoader](#) ()
 - Creates a new instance.*
- void [NotifyListeners](#) (const TypeLoaderEvent &ev)
 - Notifies progress to all registered listeners.*
- void [SetHeadAttribute](#) (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr)

- Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.*

 - void `SetHeadPosition` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` pos)

Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.
- void `SetTailAttribute` (`sparksee::gdb::attr_t` attr)

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.
- void `SetTailPosition` (`sparksee::gdb::int32_t` pos)

Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.
- void `SetTailMEP` (`sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint` mep)

Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.
- void `SetHeadMEP` (`sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint` mep)

Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.

5.89.1 Detailed Description

Base `TypeLoader` class.

Base class to load a node or edge type from a graph using a `RowReader`.

`TypeLoaderListener` can be registered to receive information about the progress of the load process by means of `TypeLoaderEvent`. The default frequency of notification to listeners is 100000.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.89.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

5.89.2.1 enum `TypeLoader::Mode` [protected]

Load can work in different ways.

Enumerator

ONE_PHASE Performs the load in a phases. Load all objects an attributes at the same time.

TWO_PHASES Performs the load in two phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

N_PHASES Performs the load in N phases. Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes. But in this case, attributes are loaded one by one. This way, if there are three attributes, then 4 traverses to the `RowReader` are necessary.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

5.89.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.89.3.1 `TypeLoader::TypeLoader` (`RowReader & rr`, `sparksee::gdb::Graph & g`, `sparksee::gdb::type_t t`, `sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs`, `sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos`) [protected]

Creates a new instance with the minimum common required arguments.

Parameters

<i>rr</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
<i>g</i>	[in] Graph .
<i>t</i>	[in] Type identifier.
<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded
<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index >=0)

5.89.4 Member Function Documentation

5.89.4.1 `sparksee::gdb::bool_t TypeLoader::CanRun ()` [protected]

Checks that all the required settings are ready to run.

Returns

Returns true if all the settings are ready.

5.89.4.2 `void TypeLoader::NotifyListeners (const TypeLoaderEvent & ev)` [protected]

Notifies progress to all registered listeners.

Parameters

<i>ev</i>	[in] Progress event to be notified.
-----------	-------------------------------------

5.89.4.3 `void TypeLoader::Register (TypeLoaderListener & tel)`

Registers a new listener.

Parameters

<i>in</i>	<i>tel</i>	TypeLoaderListener to be registered.
-----------	------------	--

5.89.4.4 `void TypeLoader::Run (Mode ph, sparksee::gdb::int32_t par)` throw `sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [protected]

Runs load process.

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen reading from the RowReader .
-----------------------------	---

Parameters

<i>ph</i>	[in] The load mode.
-----------	---------------------

Parameters

<i>par</i>	[in] Number of horizontal partitions to perform the load.
------------	---

5.89.4.5 `virtual void TypeLoader::RunNPhases (sparksee::gdb::int32_t partitions) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [pure virtual]

Run the loader for N phases loading.

Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes. But in this case, attributes are loaded one by one. This way, if there are three attributes, then 4 traverses are necessary.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

Parameters

<i>partitions</i>	[in] Number of horizontal partitions to perform the load.
-------------------	---

Implemented in [EdgeTypeLoader](#), and [NodeTypeLoader](#).

5.89.4.6 `virtual void TypeLoader::RunTwoPhases () throw sparksee::gdb::IOException, sparksee::gdb::Error` [pure virtual]

Run the loader for two phases loading.

Firstly load all objects (and create them if necessary) and secondly loads all the attributes.

Working on this mode it is necessary to build a temporary file.

Implemented in [EdgeTypeLoader](#), and [NodeTypeLoader](#).

5.89.4.7 `void TypeLoader::SetAttributePositions (sparksee::gdb::Int32List & attrsPos)`

Sets the list of attribute positions.

Parameters

<i>attrsPos</i>	[in] Attribute positions (column index >=0).
-----------------	--

5.89.4.8 `void TypeLoader::SetAttributes (sparksee::gdb::AttributeList & attrs)`

Sets the list of Attributes.

Parameters

<i>attrs</i>	[in] Attribute identifiers to be loaded
--------------	---

5.89.4.9 `void TypeLoader::SetFrequency (sparksee::gdb::int32_t freq)`

Sets the frequency of listener notification.

Parameters

<i>freq</i>	[in] Frequency in number of rows managed to notify progress to all listeners
-------------	--

5.89.4.10 void TypeLoader::SetGraph (sparksee::gdb::Graph & *graph*)

Sets the graph where the data will be loaded.

Parameters

<i>graph</i>	[in] Graph .
--------------	------------------------------

5.89.4.11 void TypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t *attr*) [protected]

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the head of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Head Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by [EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader\(\)](#), and [EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadAttribute\(\)](#).

5.89.4.12 void TypeLoader::SetHeadMEP (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint *mep*) [protected]

Sets the flag to create missing head nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

Referenced by [EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader\(\)](#), and [EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadMEP\(\)](#).

5.89.4.13 void TypeLoader::SetHeadPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *pos*) [protected]

Sets the position of the head attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Head position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by [EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader\(\)](#), and [EdgeTypeLoader::SetHeadPosition\(\)](#).

5.89.4.14 void TypeLoader::SetLocale (const std::wstring & *localeStr*)

Sets the locale that will be used to read the data.

It should match the locale used in the rowreader.

Parameters

<i>localeStr</i>	[in] The locale string for the read data. See CSVReader .
------------------	---

5.89.4.15 void TypeLoader::SetLogError (const std::wstring & path) throw sparksee::gdb::IOException)

Sets a log error file.

By default errors are thrown as a exception and the load process ends. If a log file is set, errors are logged there and the load process does not stop.

Parameters

<i>path</i>	[in] The path to the error log file.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Exceptions

IOException	If bad things happen opening the file.
-----------------------------	--

5.89.4.16 void TypeLoader::SetLogOff ()

Truns off all the error reporting.

The log file will not be created and no exceptions for invalid data will be thrown. If you just want to turn off the logs, but abort at the first error what you should do is not call this method and not set a logError file.

5.89.4.17 void TypeLoader::SetRowReader (RowReader & rr)

Sets the input data source.

Parameters

<i>rr</i>	[in] Input RowReader .
-----------	--

5.89.4.18 void TypeLoader::SetTailAttribute (sparksee::gdb::attr_t attr) [protected]

Sets the attribute that will be used to find the tail of the edge.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>attr</i>	[in] Tail Attribute
-------------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by [EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader\(\)](#), and [EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailAttribute\(\)](#).

5.89.4.19 void TypeLoader::SetTailMEP (sparksee::gdb::MissingEndpoint *mep*) [protected]

Sets the flag to create missing tail nodes when loading nodes or edges.

Parameters

<i>flag</i>	True if the nodes need to be created. False otherwise
-------------	---

Referenced by EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader(), and EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailMEP().

5.89.4.20 void TypeLoader::SetTailPosition (sparksee::gdb::int32_t *pos*) [protected]

Sets the position of the tail attribute in the source data.

This method is protected because only the Edge loaders should have it.

Parameters

<i>pos</i>	[in] Tail position
------------	--------------------

Referenced by EdgeTypeLoader::EdgeTypeLoader(), and EdgeTypeLoader::SetTailPosition().

5.89.4.21 void TypeLoader::SetTimestampFormat (const std::wstring & *timestampFormat*)

Sets a specific timestamp format.

Parameters

<i>timestampFormat</i>	[in] A string with the timestamp format definition.
------------------------	---

5.89.4.22 void TypeLoader::SetType (sparksee::gdb::type_t *type*)

Sets the type to be loaded.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Type identifier.
-------------	-----------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TypeLoader.h

5.90 TypeLoaderEvent Class Reference

Provides information about the progress of a [TypeLoader](#) instance.

Public Member Functions

- virtual [~TypeLoaderEvent](#) ()
Destructor.
- [sparksee::gdb::type_t GetTypeId](#) () const
Gets the type identifier.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t GetCount](#) () const
Gets the current number of objects created.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetPhase](#) () const
Gets the current phase.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetTotalPhases](#) () const
Gets the total number of phases.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetPartition](#) () const
Gets the current partition.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetTotalPartitions](#) () const
Gets the total number of partitions.
- [sparksee::gdb::int32_t GetTotalPartitionSteps](#) () const
Gets the total number of steps in the current partition.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsLast](#) () const
Gets if this is the last event or not.

Friends

- class **TypeLoader**

5.90.1 Detailed Description

Provides information about the progress of a [TypeLoader](#) instance.

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TypeLoader.h

5.91 TypeLoaderListener Class Reference

Interface to be implemented to receive [TypeLoaderEvent](#) events from a [TypeLoader](#).

Public Member Functions

- virtual void [NotifyEvent](#) (const [TypeLoaderEvent](#) &ev)=0
Method to receive events from a Loader.
- virtual [~TypeLoaderListener](#) ()
Destructor.

Protected Member Functions

- [TypeLoaderListener](#) ()

Protected because none should instantiate a [RowWriter](#).

5.91.1 Detailed Description

Interface to be implemented to receive [TypeLoaderEvent](#) events from a [TypeLoader](#).

Check out the 'Data import' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.91.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.91.2.1 `TypeLoaderListener::TypeLoaderListener ()` [inline],[protected]

Protected because none should instantiate a [RowWriter](#).

Just inherited classes may use this empty constructor.

5.91.3 Member Function Documentation

5.91.3.1 `virtual void TypeLoaderListener::NotifyEvent (const TypeLoaderEvent & ev)` [pure virtual]

Method to receive events from a Loader.

Parameters

<code>ev</code>	Loader.LoaderEvent with information from a running Loader.
-----------------	--

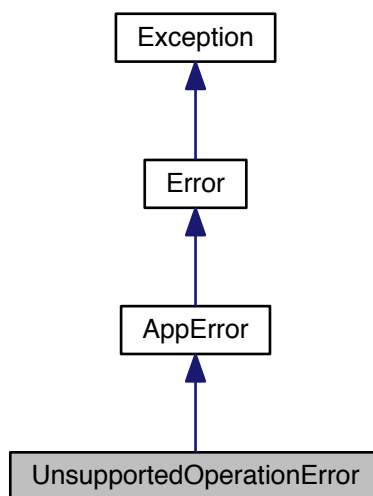
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [TypeLoader.h](#)

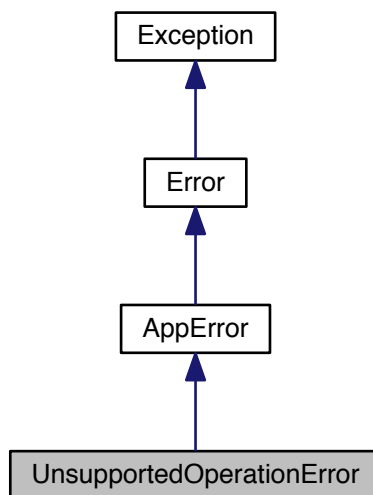
5.92 UnsupportedOperationError Class Reference

Unsupported operation error class.

Inheritance diagram for `UnsupportedOperationError`:



Collaboration diagram for `UnsupportedOperationError`:



Public Member Functions

- [UnsupportedOperationError \(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.

- [UnsupportedOperationError](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~UnsupportedOperationError](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ThrowError](#) (int32_t coreErrorCode)
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.92.1 Detailed Description

Unsupported operation error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.92.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.92.2.1 [UnsupportedOperationError::UnsupportedOperationError](#) (const std::string & *mess*)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.92.3 Member Function Documentation

5.92.3.1 const std::string& [Exception::Message](#) () const `[inherited]`

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.92.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & mess) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.92.3.3 static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t coreErrorCode) [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

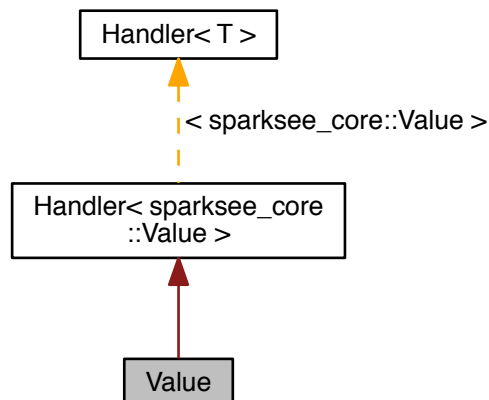
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Exception.h

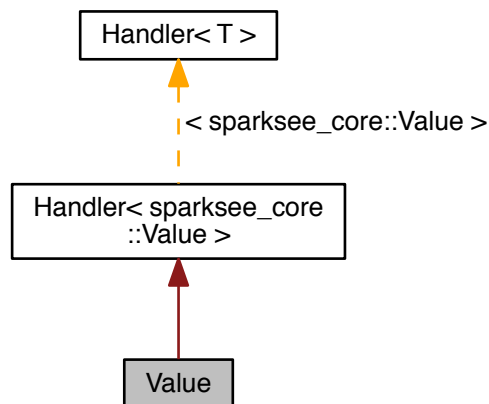
5.93 Value Class Reference

[Value](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for Value:



Collaboration diagram for Value:



Public Member Functions

- [Value](#) ()
Creates a new instance.
- [Value](#) (const [Value](#) &value)
Copy constructor.
- virtual [~Value](#) ()
Destructor.
- [Value](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Value](#) &value)
Assignment operator.
- [bool_t](#) [IsNull](#) () const
Gets if this is a NULL [Value](#).
- void [SetNullVoid](#) ()
Sets the [Value](#) to NULL.
- [Value](#) & [SetNull](#) ()
Sets the [Value](#) to NULL.
- [DataType](#) [GetDataType](#) () const
Gets the [DataType](#).
- [bool_t](#) [GetBoolean](#) () const
Gets Boolean [Value](#).
- [int32_t](#) [GetInteger](#) () const
Gets Integer [Value](#).
- [int64_t](#) [GetLong](#) () const
Gets Long [Value](#).
- [double64_t](#) [GetDouble](#) () const
Gets Double [Value](#).
- [int64_t](#) [GetTimestamp](#) () const
Gets Timestamp [Value](#).
- const std::wstring & [GetString](#) () const
Gets String [Value](#).

- `oid_t GetOID () const`
Gets OID Value.
- `void SetBooleanVoid (bool_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetBoolean (bool_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetIntegerVoid (int32_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetInteger (int32_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetLongVoid (int64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetLong (int64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetDoubleVoid (double64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetDouble (double64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetTimestampVoid (int64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetTimestampVoid (int32_t year, int32_t month, int32_t day, int32_t hour, int32_t minutes, int32_t seconds, int32_t millisecs)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetTimestamp (int64_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetTimestamp (int32_t year, int32_t month, int32_t day, int32_t hour, int32_t minutes, int32_t seconds, int32_t millisecs)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetStringVoid (const std::wstring &value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & SetString (const std::wstring &value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetOIDVoid (oid_t value)`
Sets the OID Value.
- `Value & SetOID (oid_t value)`
Sets the Value.
- `void SetVoid (Value &value)`
Sets the Value.
- `Value & Set (Value &value)`
Sets the Value.
- `int32_t Compare (const Value &value) const`
Compares with the given Value.
- `bool_t Equals (const Value &value) const`
Compares with the given Value.
- `std::wstring & ToString (std::wstring &str) const`
Gets a string representation of the Value.

Static Public Attributes

- `static const int32_t MaxLengthString`
Maximum number of characters allowed for a String.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::Value * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::Value * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- `void SetHandler (sparksee_core::Value *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- `void FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.

Friends

- class **Graph**
- class **ValuesIterator**
- class **ResultSet**
- class **Query**
- class **KeyValues**
- class **KeyValue**
- class **ValueArray**

5.93.1 Detailed Description

[Value](#) class.

It is a container which stores a value and its data type (domain). A [Value](#) can be NULL.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.93.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.93.2.1 `Value::Value ()`

Creates a new instance.

It creates a NULL [Value](#).

5.93.2.2 `Value::Value (const Value & value)`

Copy constructor.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] Value to be copied.
--------------	--

5.93.3 Member Function Documentation

5.93.3.1 `int32_t Value::Compare (const Value & value) const`

Compares with the given `Value`.

It does not work if the given `Value` objects does not have the same `DataType`.

Parameters

<code>value</code>	Given value to compare to.
--------------------	----------------------------

Returns

0 if this `Value` is equal to the given one; a value less than 0 if this `Value` is less than the given one; and a value greater than 0 if this `Value` is greater than the given one.

5.93.3.2 `bool_t Value::Equals (const Value & value) const`

Compares with the given `Value`.

It does not work if the given `Value` objects does not have the same `DataType`.

Parameters

<code>value</code>	Given value to compare to.
--------------------	----------------------------

Returns

TRUE if this `Value` is equal to the given one; FALSE otherwise.

5.93.3.3 `bool_t Value::GetBoolean () const`

Gets Boolean `Value`.

This must be a non-NULL Boolean `Value`.

Returns

The Boolean `Value`.

5.93.3.4 `DataType Value::GetDataType () const`

Gets the `DataType`.

`Value` cannot be NULL.

Returns

The `DataType`.

5.93.3.5 `double64_t Value::GetDouble () const`

Gets Double [Value](#).

This must be a non-NULL Double [Value](#).

Returns

The Double [Value](#).

5.93.3.6 `int32_t Value::GetInteger () const`

Gets Integer [Value](#).

This must be a non-NULL Integer [Value](#).

Returns

The Integer [Value](#).

5.93.3.7 `int64_t Value::GetLong () const`

Gets Long [Value](#).

This must be a non-NULL Long [Value](#).

Returns

The Long [Value](#).

5.93.3.8 `oid_t Value::GetOID () const`

Gets OID [Value](#).

This must be an non-NULL OID [Value](#).

Returns

The OID [Value](#).

5.93.3.9 `const std::wstring& Value::GetString () const`

Gets String [Value](#).

This must be a non-NULL String [Value](#).

Returns

The String [Value](#).

5.93.3.10 `int64_t Value::GetTimestamp () const`

Gets Timestamp [Value](#).

This must be a non-NULL Timestamp [Value](#).

Returns

The Timestamp [Value](#).

5.93.3.11 `bool_t Value::IsNull () const`

Gets if this is a NULL [Value](#).

Returns

TRUE if this is a NULL [Value](#), FALSE otherwise.

5.93.3.12 `Value& Value::operator= (const Value & value)`

Assignment operator.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] Value to be copied.
--------------	--

Returns

Returns the [Value](#) reference.

5.93.3.13 `Value& Value::Set (Value & value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New value.
--------------	-----------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.14 `Value& Value::SetBoolean (bool_t value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] Nex Boolean value.
--------------	-------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.15 `void Value::SetBooleanVoid (bool_t value)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Boolean value.
--------------	-------------------------

5.93.3.16 `Value& Value::SetDouble (double64_t value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Double value.
--------------	------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.17 `void Value::SetDoubleVoid (double64_t value)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Double value.
--------------	------------------------

5.93.3.18 `Value& Value::SetInteger (int32_t value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Integer value.
--------------	-------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.19 `void Value::SetIntegerVoid (int32_t value)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Integer value.
--------------	-------------------------

5.93.3.20 `Value& Value::SetLong (int64_t value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Long value.
--------------	----------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.21 `void Value::SetLongVoid (int64_t value)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Long value.
--------------	----------------------

5.93.3.22 `Value& Value::SetNull () [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#) to NULL.

Returns

The calling instance.

References [ValueArray::GetBoolean\(\)](#), [ValueArray::GetDouble\(\)](#), [ValueArray::GetInteger\(\)](#), [ValueArray::GetLong\(\)](#), [ValueArray::GetOID\(\)](#), and [ValueArray::GetTimestamp\(\)](#).

5.93.3.23 `Value& Value::SetOID (oid_t value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New OID Value .
--------------	--------------------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.24 void Value::SetOIDVoid (oid_t value)

Sets the [OID Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New OID value.
--------------	---------------------

5.93.3.25 Value& Value::SetString (const std::wstring & value) [inline]

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New String value.
--------------	------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.26 void Value::SetStringVoid (const std::wstring & value)

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New String value.
--------------	------------------------

5.93.3.27 Value& Value::SetTimestamp (int64_t value) [inline]

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Timestamp value.
--------------	---------------------------

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.28 Value& Value::SetTimestamp (int32_t year, int32_t month, int32_t day, int32_t hour, int32_t minutes, int32_t seconds, int32_t millisecs) [inline]

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>year</i>	[in] The year (>=1970).
-------------	-------------------------

Parameters

<i>month</i>	[in] The month ([1..12]).
<i>day</i>	[in] The of the month ([1..31]).
<i>hour</i>	[in] The hour ([0..23]).
<i>minutes</i>	[in] The minutes ([0..59]).
<i>seconds</i>	[in] The seconds ([0..59]).
<i>millisecs</i>	[in] The milliseconds ([0..999]).

Returns

The calling instance.

5.93.3.29 `void Value::SetTimestampVoid (int64_t value)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New Timestamp value.
--------------	---------------------------

5.93.3.30 `void Value::SetTimestampVoid (int32_t year, int32_t month, int32_t day, int32_t hour, int32_t minutes, int32_t seconds, int32_t millisecs)`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>year</i>	[in] The year (≥ 1970).
<i>month</i>	[in] The month ([1..12]).
<i>day</i>	[in] The of the month ([1..31]).
<i>hour</i>	[in] The hour ([0..23]).
<i>minutes</i>	[in] The minutes ([0..59]).
<i>seconds</i>	[in] The seconds ([0..59]).
<i>millisecs</i>	[in] The milliseconds ([0..999]).

5.93.3.31 `void Value::SetVoid (Value & value) [inline]`

Sets the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] New value.
--------------	-----------------

References `Handler< T >::GetHandler()`.

5.93.3.32 `std::wstring& Value::ToString (std::wstring & str) const`

Gets a string representation of the [Value](#).

Parameters

<i>str</i>	String to be used. It is cleared and set with the string representation of the Value .
------------	--

Returns

The given string which has been updated.

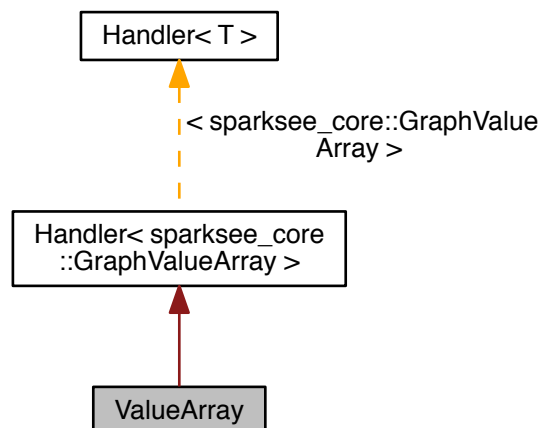
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Value.h

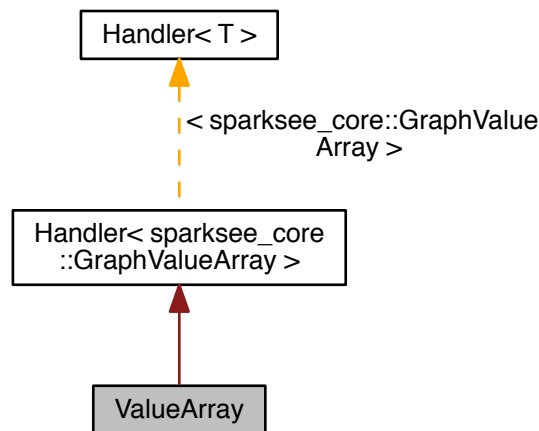
5.94 ValueArray Class Reference

[ValueArray](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for ValueArray:



Collaboration diagram for ValueArray:



Public Member Functions

- void `Get` (`int32_t` index, `Value` &value) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a `Value` from the array.*
- void `Set` (`int32_t` index, const `Value` &value) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a `Value` to a specific array position.*
- void `Set` (const `Value` &value) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a `Value` to the whole array.*
- void `MakeNull` () throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Sets the attribute array to Null.*
- virtual `~ValueArray` ()
 - Destructor.*
- `int32_t` `Size` () const
 - Returns the array size.*
- void `GetDouble` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::double64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)
 - Get all the values from this double array.*
- void `GetDouble` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::double64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a subset of the values from this double array.*
- void `SetDouble` (const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::double64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set all the values of this double array.*
- void `SetDouble` (`int32_t` index, const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::double64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a subset of the values of this double array.*

- void `GetInteger` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)
 - Get all the values from this int array.*
- void `GetInteger` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a subset of the values from this int array.*
- void `SetInteger` (const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set all the values of this int array.*
- void `SetInteger` (`int32_t` index, const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int32_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a subset of the values of this int array.*
- void `GetLong` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)
 - Get all the values from this long array.*
- void `GetLong` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a subset of the values from this long array.*
- void `SetLong` (const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set all the values of this long array.*
- void `SetLong` (`int32_t` index, const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a subset of the values of this long array.*
- void `GetBoolean` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)
 - Get all the values from this bool array.*
- void `GetBoolean` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a subset of the values from this bool array.*
- void `SetBoolean` (const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set all the values of this bool array.*
- void `SetBoolean` (`int32_t` index, const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::bool_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a subset of the values of this bool array.*
- void `GetTimestamp` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)
 - Get all the values from this timestamp array.*
- void `GetTimestamp` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Get a subset of the values from this timestamp array.*
- void `SetTimestamp` (const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set all the values of this timestamp array.*
- void `SetTimestamp` (`int32_t` index, const std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::int64_t` > &values) throw (sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)
 - Set a subset of the values of this timestamp array.*
- void `GetOID` (std::vector< `sparksee::gdb::oid_t` > &values) const throw (sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this oid array.

- void `GetOID` (`int32_t` index, `int32_t` size, `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t >` &values) const throw (`sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError`, `sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError`, `sparksee::gdb::AppError`)

Get a subset of the values from this oid array.

- void `SetOID` (const `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t >` &values) throw (`sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError`, `sparksee::gdb::AppError`)

Set all the values of this oid array.

- void `SetOID` (`int32_t` index, const `std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t >` &values) throw (`sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError`, `sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError`, `sparksee::gdb::AppError`)

Set a subset of the values of this oid array.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::GraphValueArray * GetHandler` ()
Gets the handled reference.
- const `sparksee_core::GraphValueArray * GetHandler` () const
Gets the handled reference.
- void `SetHandler` (`sparksee_core::GraphValueArray *h`)
Sets the handled reference.
- void `FreeHandler` ()
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.

Friends

- class **Graph**

5.94.1 Detailed Description

`ValueArray` class.

It allows for getting and setting `ValueArray` attribute values.

It is very important to close the `ValueArray` once no more get or set operations will be performed.

Creation of a new `ValueArray`: (i) Set all the `ValueArray` elements using `Graph::SetAttributeArray` (ii) perform as many get/set operations as you need to the `ValueArray` instance. Lastly, (iii) Close the `ValueArray`

Use of an existing `ValueArray`: (i) Get a `ValueArray` instance using `Graph::GetAttributeArray` (ii) perform as many get/set operations as you need to the `ValueArray` instance. Lastly, (iii) Close the `ValueArray`

Check out the 'Attributes and values' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.94.2 Member Function Documentation

- 5.94.2.1 void `ValueArray::Get` (`int32_t` index, `Value & value`) const throw `sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError`, `sparksee::gdb::AppError`)

Get a `Value` from the array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the element to get [0..N-1]
<i>value</i>	[out] Value to get the array element

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index is out of range or the Value not valid
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.2 void ValueArray::GetBoolean (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::bool_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this bool array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not bool

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.3 void ValueArray::GetBoolean (int32_t index, int32_t size, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::bool_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this bool array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not bool
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.4 void ValueArray::GetDouble (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::double64_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this double array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not Double

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.5 void ValueArray::GetDouble (int32_t *index*, int32_t *size*, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::double64_t > & *values*) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this double array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not Double
<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.6 void ValueArray::GetInteger (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & *values*) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this int array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not int

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.7 void ValueArray::GetInteger (int32_t index, int32_t size, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this int array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not int
<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.8 void ValueArray::GetLong (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this long array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not long

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.9 void ValueArray::GetLong (int32_t index, int32_t size, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this long array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
---	--------------------------------------

Exceptions

UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not long
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.10 void ValueArray::GetOID (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this oid array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not oid

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.11 void ValueArray::GetOID (int32_t index, int32_t size, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this oid array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not oid
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.12 void ValueArray::GetTimestamp (std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::AppError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError)

Get all the values from this timestamp array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[out] All the values will be returned here
---------------	--

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not timestamp

Referenced by Value::SetNull().

5.94.2.13 void ValueArray::GetTimestamp (int32_t index, int32_t size, std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) const throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Get a subset of the values from this timestamp array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to get [0..N-1]
<i>size</i>	[in] Number of elements to get [1..N]
<i>values</i>	[out] All the requested values will be returned here

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not timestamp
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.14 void ValueArray::MakeNull () throw sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Sets the attribute array to Null.

The [ValueArray](#) can not be used after this call.

5.94.2.15 void ValueArray::Set (int32_t index, const Value & value) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a [Value](#) to a specific array position.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the element to set [0..N-1]
<i>value</i>	[in] Value to set in the array element

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index is out of range or the Value not valid
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.16 void ValueArray::Set (const Value & value) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a Value to the whole array.

Parameters

value	[in] Value to set in all the array elements
-------	---

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the Value is not valid
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.17 void ValueArray::SetBoolean (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::bool_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this bool array.

Parameters

values	[in] All the values to set
--------	----------------------------

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not bool

5.94.2.18 void ValueArray::SetBoolean (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::bool_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this bool array.

Parameters

index	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
values	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not bool
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.19 void ValueArray::SetDouble (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::double64_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this double array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set
---------------	----------------------------

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not Double

5.94.2.20 void ValueArray::SetDouble (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::double64_t > & values)
 throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this double array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not Double
<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.21 void ValueArray::SetInteger (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & values) throw
 sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this int array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set
---------------	----------------------------

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the ValueArray is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not int

5.94.2.22 void ValueArray::SetInteger (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int32_t > & values) throw
 sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this int array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not int
<i>AppError</i>	If the <i>ValueArray</i> is not available

5.94.2.23 void ValueArray::SetLong (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this long array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set
---------------	----------------------------

Exceptions

<i>AppError</i>	If the <i>ValueArray</i> is not available
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not long

5.94.2.24 void ValueArray::SetLong (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this long array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

<i>WrongArgumentError</i>	If the index or size is out of range
<i>UnsupportedOperationError</i>	If array DataType is not long
<i>AppError</i>	If the <i>ValueArray</i> is not available

5.94.2.25 void ValueArray::SetOID (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this oid array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set
---------------	----------------------------

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not oid

5.94.2.26 void ValueArray::SetOID (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::oid_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this oid array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not oid
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

5.94.2.27 void ValueArray::SetTimestamp (const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set all the values of this timestamp array.

Parameters

<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set
---------------	----------------------------

Exceptions

AppError	If the ValueArray is not available
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not timestamp

5.94.2.28 void ValueArray::SetTimestamp (int32_t index, const std::vector< sparksee::gdb::int64_t > & values) throw sparksee::gdb::WrongArgumentError, sparksee::gdb::UnsupportedOperationError, sparksee::gdb::AppError)

Set a subset of the values of this timestamp array.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Position of the first element to set [0..N-1]
<i>values</i>	[in] All the values to set

Exceptions

WrongArgumentError	If the index or size is out of range
UnsupportedOperationError	If array DataType is not timestamp
AppError	If the ValueArray is not available

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ValueArray.h

5.95 ValueList Class Reference

[Value](#) list.

Public Member Functions

- [int32_t Count](#) () const
Number of elements in the list.
- [ValueListIterator * Iterator](#) ()
Gets a new [ValueListIterator](#).
- [ValueList](#) ()
Constructor.
- [~ValueList](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Clear](#) ()
Clears the list.
- void [Add](#) ([Value *value](#))
Adds a value to the end of the list.
- [Value * Get](#) ([int32_t index](#)) const
Returns the [Value](#) at the specified position in the list.

5.95.1 Detailed Description

[Value](#) list.

It stores a [Value](#) list.

Use [ValueListIterator](#) to access all elements into this collection.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.95.2.1 [ValueList::ValueList](#) () [[inline](#)]

Constructor.

This creates an empty list.

5.95.3 Member Function Documentation

5.95.3.1 void [ValueList::Add](#) ([Value * value](#))

Adds a value to the end of the list.

Parameters

<i>value</i>	[in] The value to add
--------------	-----------------------

5.95.3.2 `int32_t ValueList::Count () const` `[inline]`

Number of elements in the list.

Returns

Number of elements in the list.

5.95.3.3 `Value* ValueList::Get (int32_t index) const`

Returns the [Value](#) at the specified position in the list.

Parameters

<i>index</i>	[in] Index of the element to return, starting at 0.
--------------	---

5.95.3.4 `ValueListIterator* ValueList::Iterator ()`

Gets a new [ValueListIterator](#).

Returns

[ValueListIterator](#) instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Value.h

5.96 ValueListIterator Class Reference

[ValueList](#) iterator class.

Public Member Functions

- [~ValueListIterator](#) ()
Destructor.
- `const Value * Next` ()
Moves to the next element.
- `bool_t HasNext` ()
Gets if there are more elements.

Friends

- class **ValueList**

5.96.1 Detailed Description

[ValueList](#) iterator class.

Iterator to traverse all the values into a [ValueList](#) instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.96.2 Member Function Documentation

5.96.2.1 `bool_t ValueListIterator::HasNext () [inline]`

Gets if there are more elements.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements, FALSE otherwise.

References `END_SPARKSEE_GDB_NAMESPACE`.

5.96.2.2 `const Value* ValueListIterator::Next () [inline]`

Moves to the next element.

Returns

The next element.

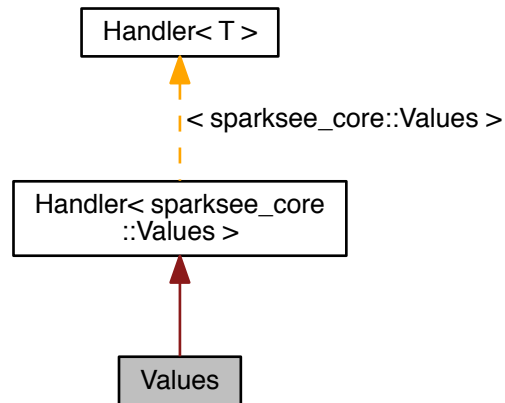
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Value.h

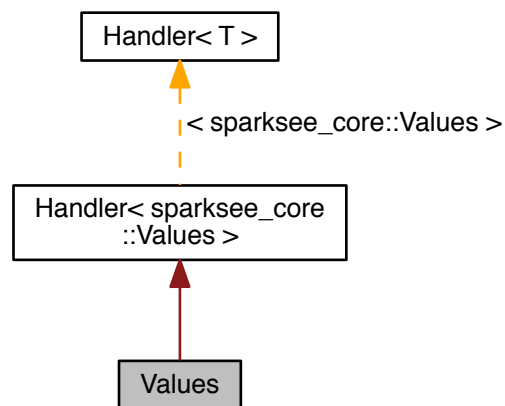
5.97 Values Class Reference

Value set class.

Inheritance diagram for Values:



Collaboration diagram for Values:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~Values ()`
Destructor.
- `int64_t Count ()`
Gets the number of elements into the collection.
- `ValuesIterator * Iterator (Order order)`
Gets a `ValuesIterator`.

Private Member Functions

- sparksee_core::Values * [GetHandler](#) ()
Gets the handled reference.
- const sparksee_core::Values * [GetHandler](#) () const
Gets the handled reference.
- void [SetHandler](#) (sparksee_core::Values *h)
Sets the handled reference.
- void [FreeHandler](#) ()
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- [bool_t IsNull](#) () const
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class **Graph**
- class **ValuesIterator**

5.97.1 Detailed Description

[Value](#) set class.

This is a set of [Value](#) instances, that is there is no duplicated elements.

Use a [ValuesIterator](#) to traverse all the elements into the set.

When the [Values](#) instance is closed, it closes all existing and non-closed [ValuesIterator](#) instances too.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.97.2 Member Function Documentation

5.97.2.1 [int64_t Values::Count](#) ()

Gets the number of elements into the collection.

Returns

The number of elements into the collection.

5.97.2.2 [ValuesIterator*](#) [Values::Iterator](#) (**Order** *order*)

Gets a [ValuesIterator](#).

Returns

[ValuesIterator](#) instance.

Parameters

<i>order</i>	[in] Ascending or descending order.
--------------	-------------------------------------

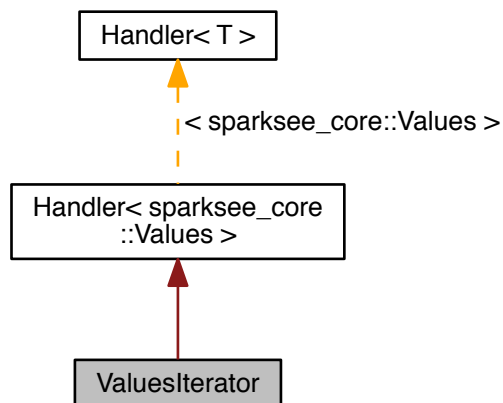
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Values.h

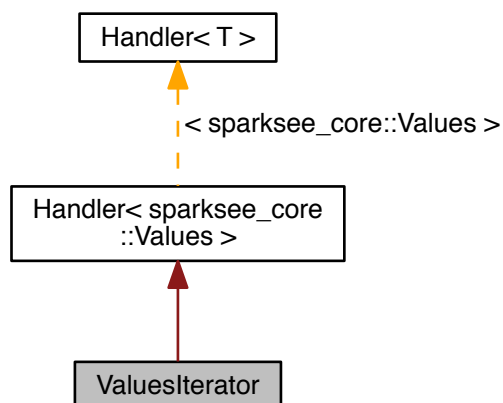
5.98 ValuesIterator Class Reference

[Values](#) iterator class.

Inheritance diagram for ValuesIterator:



Collaboration diagram for ValuesIterator:



Public Member Functions

- virtual `~ValuesIterator ()`
Destructor.
- `bool_t HasNext ()`
Gets if there are more elements to traverse.
- `Value * Next ()`
Gets the next element to traverse.

Private Member Functions

- `sparksee_core::Values * GetHandler ()`
Gets the handled reference.
- `const sparksee_core::Values * GetHandler () const`
Gets the handled reference.
- `void SetHandler (sparksee_core::Values *h)`
Sets the handled reference.
- `void FreeHandler ()`
Frees (deletes) the handled reference.
- `bool_t IsNull () const`
Gets if the handler is NULL.

Friends

- class **Values**

5.98.1 Detailed Description

`Values` iterator class.

It allows for traversing all the elements into a `Values` instance.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.98.2 Member Function Documentation

5.98.2.1 `bool_t ValuesIterator::HasNext ()`

Gets if there are more elements to traverse.

Returns

TRUE if there are more elements to traverse, FALSE otherwise.

5.98.2.2 Value* ValuesIterator::Next ()

Gets the next element to traverse.

Returns

The next element.

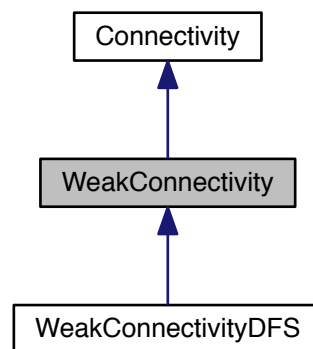
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ValuesIterator.h

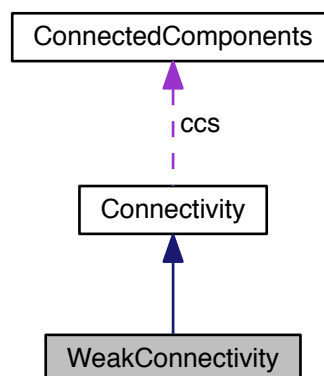
5.99 WeakConnectivity Class Reference

[WeakConnectivity](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for WeakConnectivity:



Collaboration diagram for WeakConnectivity:



Public Member Functions

- virtual [~WeakConnectivity](#) ()
Destructor.
- virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- virtual void [AddNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t t)
Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
- virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()
Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
- virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &nodes)
Set which nodes can't be used.
- virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) (sparksee::gdb::Objects &edges)
Set which edges can't be used.
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [GetConnectedComponents](#) ()
Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
- virtual void [Run](#) ()=0
Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.
- void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)
A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- [WeakConnectivity](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &s)
Creates a new instance of [WeakConnectivity](#).
- void [AddEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t t, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)
Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)
Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()
Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()
Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()
Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetConnectedComponent](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) idNode)
Assigns the current component to the given node.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()
Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertNotComponentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

- Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.*

 - void [AssertComputed](#) ()
- Check that the connectivity had been calculated.*

 - void [AssertEdgeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t edgetype)
- Check that the given edge type is valid.*

 - void [AssertNodeType](#) (sparksee::gdb::type_t nodetype)
- Check that the given node type is valid.*

 - void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
- Set a new persistent global attribute to store the connectivity information.*

 - void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()
- Set a new temporary global attribute to store the connectivity information.*

 - void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
- Removes the global attribute where the connectivity information is stored.*

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
- Check if the given node has an allowed type.*

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
- Check if the given node is forbidden.*

 - [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
- Check if the given edge is forbidden.*

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
Session.
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t attrComponent](#)
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- std::wstring [attrComponentName](#)
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t actualComponent](#)
Current component identifier.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [nodesNotVisited](#)
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t matResults](#)
Materialized results.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t computed](#)
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [ccs](#)
The calculated connectivity information.

5.99.1 Detailed Description

[WeakConnectivity](#) class.

Any class implementing this abstract class can be used to solve the problem of finding weakly connected components in an **undirected** graph or in a directed graph which will be considered as an undirected one.

It consists in finding components where every pair (u,v) of nodes contained in it has a path from u to v and from v to u.

It is possible to set some restrictions after constructing a new instance of this class and before running it in order to limit the results.

After the execution, we can retrieve the results stored in an instance of the [ConnectedComponents](#) class using the `getConnectedComponents` method.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.99.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.99.2.1 `WeakConnectivity::WeakConnectivity (sparksee::gdb::Session & s)` `[protected]`

Creates a new instance of [WeakConnectivity](#).

Parameters

<code>s</code>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the connectivity
----------------	---

5.99.3 Member Function Documentation

5.99.3.1 `virtual void WeakConnectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes ()` `[virtual]`

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

In a weak connectivity the edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

5.99.3.2 `void Connectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)` `[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<code>d</code>	[in] Edge direction.
----------------	----------------------

5.99.3.3 `virtual void WeakConnectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type) [virtual]`

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

In a weak connectivity the edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
-------------	-----------------

5.99.3.4 `void Connectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d) [protected],[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.99.3.5 `virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.99.3.6 `virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes) [virtual],[inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.99.3.7 **ConnectedComponents*** `Connectivity::GetConnectedComponents () [inherited]`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) which contain information related to the connected components found.

5.99.3.8 virtual void Connectivity::Run () [pure virtual],[inherited]

Runs the algorithm in order to find the connected components.

This method can be called only once.

Implemented in [WeakConnectivityDFS](#), and [StrongConnectivityGabow](#).

5.99.3.9 void Connectivity::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & attributeName) [inherited]

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the connected components found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.99.3.10 void Connectivity::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected],[inherited]

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

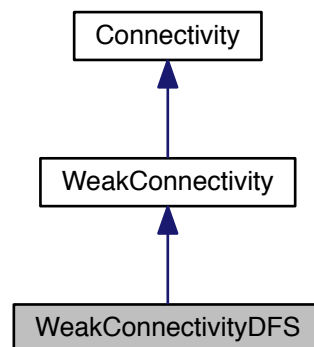
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [WeakConnectivity.h](#)

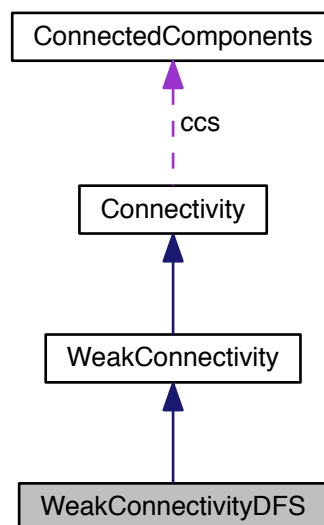
5.100 WeakConnectivityDFS Class Reference

[WeakConnectivityDFS](#) class.

Inheritance diagram for WeakConnectivityDFS:



Collaboration diagram for WeakConnectivityDFS:



Public Member Functions

- [WeakConnectivityDFS](#) (sparksee::gdb::Session &session)
Creates a new instance of [WeakConnectivityDFS](#).
- virtual [~WeakConnectivityDFS](#) ()
Destructor.
- void [Run](#) ()

- Executes the algorithm.*

 - virtual void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) type)

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
 - virtual void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ()

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
 - virtual void [AddNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t)

Allows connectivity through nodes of the given type.
 - virtual void [AddAllNodeTypes](#) ()

Allows connectivity through all node types of the graph.
 - virtual void [ExcludeNodes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &nodes)

Set which nodes can't be used.
 - virtual void [ExcludeEdges](#) ([sparksee::gdb::Objects](#) &edges)

Set which edges can't be used.
 - [ConnectedComponents](#) * [GetConnectedComponents](#) ()

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
 - void [SetMaterializedAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Protected Types

- typedef std::map< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#), [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) > [EdgeTypes_t](#)

A type definition to store allowed edge types.
- typedef std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [NodeTypes_t](#)

A type definition to store allowed node types.

Protected Member Functions

- void [AddEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) t, [sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.
- void [AddAllEdgeTypes](#) ([sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection](#) d)

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.
- void [AssertAddedEdges](#) ()

Check that edges had been added.
- void [AssertAddedNodes](#) ()

Check that nodes had been added.
- void [AssertNotComputed](#) ()

Check that the connectivity had not been calculated yet.
- void [SetConnectedComponent](#) ([sparksee::gdb::oid_t](#) idNode)

Assigns the current component to the given node.
- void [SetNodesNotVisited](#) ()

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.
- void [AssertNotComponentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)

Check that the given attribute name is not already in use.
- void [AssertComputed](#) ()

Check that the connectivity had been calculated.
- void [AssertEdgeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) edgetype)

Check that the given edge type is valid.
- void [AssertNodeType](#) ([sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) nodetype)

Check that the given node type is valid.

- void [CreateGlobalPersistentAttribute](#) (const std::wstring &attributeName)
Set a new persistent global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [CreateGlobalTransientAttribute](#) ()
Set a new temporary global attribute to store the connectivity information.
- void [RemoveGlobalAttribute](#) ()
Removes the global attribute where the connectivity information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeTypeAllowed](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t nodeId)
Check if the given node has an allowed type.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsNodeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t node)
Check if the given node is forbidden.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t IsEdgeExcluded](#) (sparksee::gdb::oid_t edge)
Check if the given edge is forbidden.

Protected Attributes

- sparksee::gdb::Session * [sess](#)
Session.
- sparksee::gdb::Graph * [graph](#)
Graph.
- [EdgeTypes_t](#) [edgeTypes](#)
Allowed edge types.
- std::vector< [sparksee::gdb::type_t](#) > [nodeTypes](#)
Allowed node types.
- [sparksee::gdb::attr_t](#) [attrComponent](#)
common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- std::wstring [attrComponentName](#)
name of the common attribute where the connected component information is stored.
- [sparksee::gdb::int64_t](#) [actualComponent](#)
Current component identifier.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [nodesNotVisited](#)
Identifiers of the nodes not visited.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [matResults](#)
Materialized results.
- [sparksee::gdb::bool_t](#) [computed](#)
True if the connectivity has been calculated.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedNodes](#)
The set of excluded nodes.
- sparksee::gdb::Objects * [excludedEdges](#)
The set of excluded edges.
- [ConnectedComponents](#) * [ccs](#)
The calculated connectivity information.

5.100.1 Detailed Description

[WeakConnectivityDFS](#) class.

This class can be used to solve the problem of finding weakly connected components in an **undirected** graph or in a directed graph which will be considered as an undirected one.

It consists in finding components where every pair (u,v) of nodes contained in it has a path from u to v and from v to u. This implementation is based on the Depth-First Search (DFS) algorithm.

It is possible to set some restrictions after constructing a new instance of this class and before running it in order to limit the results.

After the execution, we can retrieve the results stored in an instance of the [ConnectedComponents](#) class using the `getConnectedComponents` method.

Check out the 'Algorithms' section in the SPARKSEE User Manual for more details on this.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.100.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.100.2.1 `WeakConnectivityDFS::WeakConnectivityDFS (sparksee::gdb::Session & session)`

Creates a new instance of [WeakConnectivityDFS](#).

After creating this instance is required to indicate the set of edge types and the set of node types which will be navigated through while traversing the graph in order to find the weak connected components.

Parameters

<code>session</code>	[in] Session to get the graph from and calculate the connectivity
----------------------	---

5.100.3 Member Function Documentation

5.100.3.1 `virtual void WeakConnectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes () [virtual],[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

In a weak connectivity the edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

5.100.3.2 `void Connectivity::AddAllEdgeTypes (sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d) [protected],[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through all edge types of the graph.

Parameters

<code>d</code>	[in] Edge direction.
----------------	----------------------

5.100.3.3 `virtual void WeakConnectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t type)` `[virtual]`,
`[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

In a weak connectivity the edges can be used in [Any](#) direction.

Parameters

<i>type</i>	[in] Edge type.
-------------	-----------------

5.100.3.4 `void Connectivity::AddEdgeType (sparksee::gdb::type_t t, sparksee::gdb::EdgesDirection d)`
`[protected]`, `[inherited]`

Allows connectivity through edges of the given type.

Parameters

<i>t</i>	[in] Edge type.
<i>d</i>	[in] Edge direction.

5.100.3.5 `virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeEdges (sparksee::gdb::Objects & edges)` `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Set which edges can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded edges. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific edges from allowed edge types because it's less efficient than not allowing an edge type.

Parameters

<i>edges</i>	[in] A set of edge identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.100.3.6 `virtual void Connectivity::ExcludeNodes (sparksee::gdb::Objects & nodes)` `[virtual]`, `[inherited]`

Set which nodes can't be used.

This will replace any previously specified set of excluded nodes. Should only be used to exclude the usage of specific nodes from allowed node types because it's less efficient than not allowing a node type.

Parameters

<i>nodes</i>	[in] A set of node identifiers that must be kept intact until the destruction of the class.
--------------	---

5.100.3.7 `ConnectedComponents* Connectivity::GetConnectedComponents ()` `[inherited]`

Returns the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.

These results contain information related to the connected components found as the number of different components, the set of nodes contained in each component or many other data.

Returns

Returns an instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) which contain information related to the connected components found.

5.100.3.8 void Connectivity::SetMaterializedAttribute (const std::wstring & *attributeName*) [inherited]

Creates a new common attribute type for all node types in the graph in order to store, persistently, the results related to the connected components found while executing this algorithm.

Whenever the user wants to retrieve the results, even when the graph has been closed and opened again, it is only necessary to create a new instance of the class [ConnectedComponents](#) indicating the graph and the name of the common attribute type which stores the results. This instance will have all the information related to the connected components found in the moment of the execution of the algorithm that stored this data.

It is possible to run the algorithm without specifying this parameter in order to avoid materializing the results of the execution.

Parameters

<i>attributeName</i>	[in] The name of the common attribute type for all node types in the graph which will store persistently the results generated by the execution of the algorithm.
----------------------	---

5.100.3.9 void Connectivity::SetNodesNotVisited () [protected],[inherited]

Set all the selected nodes in nodesNotVisited.

That's all the nodes of the allowed node types but not the excluded ones.

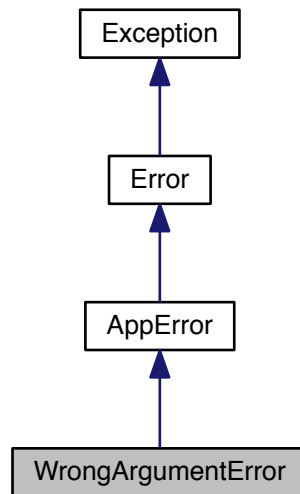
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- WeakConnectivityDFS.h

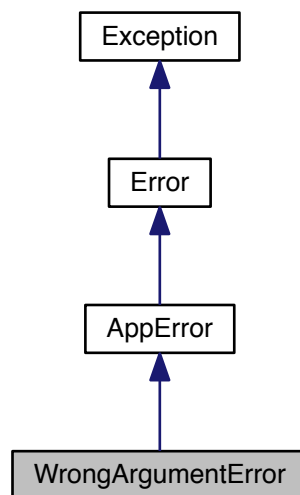
5.101 WrongArgumentError Class Reference

Wrong argument error class.

Inheritance diagram for WrongArgumentError:



Collaboration diagram for WrongArgumentError:



Public Member Functions

- [WrongArgumentError\(\)](#)
Creates a new instance.

- [WrongArgumentError](#) (const std::string &mess)
Creates a new instance.
- virtual [~WrongArgumentError](#) ()
Destructor.
- const std::string & [Message](#) () const
Gets the message of the exception.
- void [SetMessage](#) (const std::string &mess)
Sets the message of the exception.

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [ThrowError](#) (int32_t coreErrorCode)
Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Protected Attributes

- std::string [message](#)
Message of the exception.

5.101.1 Detailed Description

Wrong argument error class.

Author

Sparsity Technologies <http://www.sparsity-technologies.com>

5.101.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.101.2.1 WrongArgumentError::WrongArgumentError (const std::string & mess)

Creates a new instance.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message of the exception.
-------------	--------------------------------

5.101.3 Member Function Documentation

5.101.3.1 const std::string& Exception::Message () const [inherited]

Gets the message of the exception.

It should be called GetMessage but this is not possible because of a macro defined in Windows.

Returns

The message of the exception.

5.101.3.2 void Exception::SetMessage (const std::string & *mess*) [inherited]

Sets the message of the exception.

Parameters

<i>mess</i>	[in] Message.
-------------	---------------

5.101.3.3 static void Error::ThrowError (int32_t *coreErrorCode*) [static],[inherited]

Throws a new [Error](#) instance from a sparksee_core error code.

Parameters

<i>coreErrorCode</i>	[in] Sparkseecore error code.
----------------------	-------------------------------

Returns

Depending on the given sparksee_core error, this will throw an [Error](#) instance of an specific [Error](#) subclass instance.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [Exception.h](#)

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